

## HANS ENERGY COMPANY LIMITED 漢思能源有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability) (於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司) Stock Code 股份代號:554



ANNUAL REPORT 2015 年報



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## **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

## 公司資料

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Mr. David AN (Chairman)

Mr. FUNG Chi Kwan, Nicholas

Ms. LIU Zhijun

Mr. Zhang Lei

Mr. LI Wai Keung\*

Mr. CHAN Chun Wai, Tony\* Miss CHEUNG Siu Yuen, Rose\*

\* Independent non-executive director

## **AUDIT COMMITTEE**

Mr. LI Wai Keung (Committee Chairman)

Mr. CHAN Chun Wai, Tony Miss CHEUNG Siu Yuen, Rose

## **REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. LI Wai Keung (Committee Chairman)

Mr. David AN

Mr. CHAN Chun Wai, Tony Miss CHEUNG Siu Yuen, Rose

## **NOMINATION COMMITTEE**

Mr. CHAN Chun Wai, Tony (Committee Chairman)

Mr. LI Wai Keung

Miss CHEUNG Siu Yuen, Rose

## **COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. FUNG Chi Kwan, Nicholas

## **REGISTERED OFFICE**

P.O. Box 309

Ugland House

South Church Street

George Town

**Grand Cayman** 

Cayman Islands

**British West Indies** 

## **PRINCIPAL OFFICE**

Unit 2608, 26th Floor

Harbour Centre

25 Harbour Road

Wanchai

Hong Kong

## 董事會

戴偉先生(主席)

馮志鈞先生

劉志軍女士

張雷先生

李偉強先生\*

陳振偉先生\*

章小婉小姐\*

\* 獨立非執行董事

## 審核委員會

李偉強先生(委員會主席)

陳振偉先生

章小婉小姐

## 薪酬委員會

李偉強先生(委員會主席)

戴偉先生

陳振偉先生

章小婉小姐

## 提名委員會

陳振偉先生(委員會主席)

李偉強先生

章小婉小姐

## 公司秘書

馮志鈞先生

## 註冊辦事處

P.O. Box 309

**Ugland House** 

South Church Street

George Town

**Grand Cayman** 

Cayman Islands

**British West Indies** 

## 總辦事處

香港

灣仔

港灣道25號

海港中心

26樓2608室

## **PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

China Construction Bank Standard Chartered Bank Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation

## **AUDITORS**

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants

## PRINCIPAL SHARE REGISTRARS AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Royal Bank of Canada Trust Company (Cayman) Limited 4th Floor

Royal Bank House 24 Shedden Road George Town

Grand Cayman KY1-1110

Cayman Islands

## HONG KONG BRANCH SHARE REGISTRARS AND TRANSFER OFFICE

Tricor Secretaries Limited Level 22

Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East

Hong Kong

## **WEBSITE**

www.hansenergy.com

## 主要往來銀行

中國建設銀行 查打銀行

香港上海滙豐銀行

## 核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所 *執業會計師* 

## 主要股份過戶登記處

Royal Bank of Canada Trust Company (Cayman) Limited

4th Floor

Royal Bank House 24 Shedden Road George Town

Grand Cayman KY1-1110

Cayman Islands

## 香港股份過戶登記分處

卓佳秘書商務有限公司

香港

皇后大道東183號

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# BUSINESS REVIEW REPORT AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS 業務回顧報告及管理層討論及分析

## **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Hans Energy Company Limited is a leading operator in provision of terminal and storage facilities and services for liquid petrochemical products in south China. As used in this report, the terms of Hans, Hans Energy, we and the Company may refer to Hans Energy Company Limited or any one or more of its consolidated subsidiaries ("The Group").

## **Company Profile**

The Group is a leading midstream player in providing integrated facilities of jetties, storage tanks, warehousing and logistic services in south China for petroleum, liquid chemicals and gases products, offering value-added services in its own ports and storage tank farms. The Group owns and operates three major facilities, namely Panyu Petrochemical Terminal ("XHIT"), Panyu Solid Chemical warehouse and logistic centre ("Solid Warehousing Centre"), and Dongzhou Petrochemical Terminal ("DZIT").

## **Liquid Product Terminals**

XHIT is situated in Xiao Hu Island, Nansha, Panyu district, Guangzhou City, Guangdong Province. The Terminal was built with five jetties of birthing capacity ranging from 500 to 30,000 dwt. The tank farm has a site area of 212,000 square metres and is installed with 86 tanks of a total storage capacity of 330,000 cubic metres, out of which 240,000 cubic metres are specialized for gasoline, diesel and similar petroleum products commonly available in trading and consumption markets. The rest 90,000 cubic metres tanks are built for petrochemical products.

DZIT is situated in Lisha Island, Humen Harbour district, Shatian county, Dongguan City, Guangdong Province. The Terminal was built with twelve jetties of birthing capacity ranging from 500 to 100,000 dwt. The tank farm has a site area of 516,000 square metres and is installed with 96 tanks of a total storage capacity of 260,000 cubic metres, out of which 180,000 cubic metres are specialized for gasoline, diesel and similar petroleum products commonly available in trading and consumption markets. Storage tanks with capacity of 80,000 cubic metres were built for petrochemical products.

## **Business Model**

The two liquid product terminals provide customers with storage and terminal services. However, customers use them for different functions with regards to oil products and petrochemical products: the terminals are distribution hubs for refined oil products while customers use them mainly for storage of petrochemicals.

## 業務回顧

漢思能源有限公司為華南地區提供液體石化產品之碼頭及貯存設施及服務之翹楚。 於本報告內,「漢思」、「漢思能源」、「我們」及「本公司」可指漢思能源有限公司或其任何一家或多家合併附屬公司(「本集團」)。

## 公司簡介

本集團為能源行業之領先中游企業,於華南地區提供石油、液體化學品及氣體產品之綜合碼頭港口及倉儲物流服務並於其自有港口及貯存罐區提供增值服務。本集團擁有及經營三大設施,即番禺石化品碼頭(「小虎石化庫」)、番禺固體化學品倉庫及物流中心(「固化倉庫中心」)及東洲石化品碼頭(「東洲石化庫」)。

## 液化產品碼頭

小虎石化庫位於廣東省廣州市番禺南沙區小虎島。該庫區建有五個碼頭,可容納介乎500至30,000噸級泊位。貯存罐區佔地212,000平方米,裝備86個貯存罐,總庫容為330,000立方米,其中240,000立方米設為汽油、柴油及於貿易及消費市場常見類似之石化產品的專區。其餘90,000立方米的貯存罐建作石化產品之用。

東洲石化庫位於廣東省東莞市虎門港沙田港區立沙島。該庫區建有十二個碼頭,可容納介乎500至100,000噸級泊位。貯存罐區佔地516,000平方米,裝備96個貯存罐,總庫容為260,000立方米,其中180,000立方米設為汽油、柴油及於貿易及消費市場常見類似之石化產品的專區。80,000立方米的貯存罐建作石化產品之用。

## 經營模式

兩個液化產品碼頭為客戶提供貯存及碼頭 服務。然而,客戶會就石油產品及石化產 品用作不同用途:碼頭為精煉油產品的分 銷樞紐,而客戶則主要用作石化倉庫用途。 The oil customers of the Group are distributors and traders of refined oils in Guangdong province. To cope with their product distribution requirements, they prefer to employ an owner jetty terminal with integrated facilities instead of queuing up in public ports, with prime location to cover highly dense sales outlets, i.e. petrol stations. With their volume and frequency of flows of goods, users pick those terminals which can handle large scale and high speed refined oil operations. Furthermore, the terminals must be fully licensed to cater multi products such as gasoline and diesel.

## **Strategic Locations**

The two liquid product terminals of the Group are located in the centre of the Pearl River Delta. As Guangdong is the pioneer in economic development of China, it takes up about 10% of energy consumption of the country. The refining capacity in the province accounts for 20% of the national capacity. The two terminals situate in the centre of the economic circle of the province. Within a radius of 150 kilometers from Panyu and Dongguan, the circle covers over 80% GDP of the Guangdong, more than 80% of the provincial population, around 80% energy consumption and over 80% petrol stations in the province. The location edge attracts customers to engage with the two terminals for their distribution of refined oils.

Apart from oil products customers, there are customers who have manufacturing plants in the Pearl River Delta. In their business cycle, there are requirements to temporarily store their dangerous, poisonous and hazardous goods in designated controlled facilities with proper licences in accordance with governmental regulations for safety and environment reasons. The customers may store their hazardous raw materials, work-in-progress and finished goods in our storage facilities. Our two terminals employ experienced, professional and skillful management teams with well-equipped features storage hardware. The Group persistently maintain high standards in safety and environment protection. Both terminals in Panyu and Dongguan are fully and properly licensed to handle wide range of dangerous and hazardous goods. They provide convenience to customers to move their cargoes in and out of the terminals during their production cycle.

## Revenues

The terminals earn storage income by leasing their tanks to customers based on the storage tank size engaged. Apart from this, they collect handling charges when providing services in moving cargoes in and out from the terminals for customers, either by water in the jetties or by road from the loading stations. Furthermore, the terminals provide ancillary services such as tank cleaning, waste treatment and blending to customers and earn respective fees for the services rendered.

本集團的石油客戶為廣東省成品油的分銷商及貿易商。為應付彼等之產品分銷要求,彼等寧可選用具備綜合設施的自用碼頭,而不會在公共碼頭輪候,並且於優位置去覆蓋高度密集的零售點(即油站)。 鑑於用家之貨流量大及流轉率高,彼等會選擇能處理大規模及高速成品油營運的碼頭。此外,碼頭必須擁有可處理各類產品(如汽油及柴油)的一切證照。

## 策略位置

本集團兩個液化產品碼頭位於珠江三角洲中心地帶。由於廣東乃中國經濟發展先驅,其能源消耗量約佔全國10%。省內煉油量約佔全國煉油量20%。兩個碼頭位於省內經濟圈中心。以番禺和東莞為中心該在半徑150公里的經濟圈內,涵蓋廣東生產總值80%以上,覆蓋超過80%全省人口、80%左右省內能源消耗及擁有省內超過80%的加油站。這一地區優勢吸引客戶駐於兩個碼頭進行成品油分銷活動。

## 收入

該等碼頭可根據客戶所租賃之貯存罐尺寸 而賺取貯存收入。除此之外,其就為客戶 提供貨物出入碼頭服務(通過水上貨輪或路 運裝卸站)收取服務費。此外,碼頭向客戶 提供配套服務,例如貨櫃清潔、廢品處理 及調和,並就所提供服務收取相關費用。

## **Key Performance Indicators**

With regards to the business model, the lease-out rates and cargo throughput are the major key performance indicators of the terminals. Higher lease-out rate should return with higher leasing income. More cargoes flows mean more works the terminals have done thus more handling service income.

The lease-out rates and cargo throughput of the last two years are as follows:

## 主要表現指標

就業務模式而言,出租率及貨運量為碼頭 的主要表現指標。出租率愈高,租金收入 回報愈大。貨運量愈多意味著碼頭工作量 較大,因此處理服務收入亦更高。

過去兩年的租出率及貨運量如下:

			<b>XHIT</b> 小虎石化庫			<b>DZIT</b> 東洲石化庫	
Operational statistics	營運統計數字	2015	2014	Change %	2015	2014	Change %
		二零一五年	二零一四年	變化%	二零一五年	二零一四年	變化%
Liquid product terminal and	液化產品碼頭以及						
transshipment services	轉輸服務						
Number of vessels visited	船隻泊岸總數						
– foreign	一外地	215	189	+13.8	127	114	+11.4
– domestic	一本地	408	332	+22.9	352	211	+66.8
Number of trucks served to	接收貨物之貨車						
pick up cargoes	數目	26,730	18,829	+42.0	45,425	30,158	+50.6
Number of drums filled	灌桶數目	44,945	48,118	-6.6	725	795	-8.8
Transshipment volume (metric ton)	轉輸量(公噸)						
– oils	一油品	-	_	_	3,282	106,616	-96.9
– petrochemicals	-石化品	194,931	162,587	+19.9	4,407	2,157	+104.3
Terminal throughput	庫區吞吐量						
(metric ton)	(公噸)	1,728,000	1,320,000	+30.9	2,617,000	2,021,000	+29.5
– port jetty throughput	- 碼頭吞吐量	1,219,000	932,000	+30.8	1,521,000	1,235,000	+23.2
<ul> <li>loading station throughput</li> </ul>	一裝車台吞吐量	509,000	388,000	+31.2	1,096,000	786,000	+39.4
Storage services	貯存服務						
Leaseout rate – oil and	出租率一油品及						
chemicals products	化學品	44.9%	36.5%	+8.4%	85.5%	80.7%	+4.8%
1	,			points			points
				百分點			百分點
Solid chemical warehousing services	固體化學品倉庫 服務			H 73 M4			H 73 M4
Cargoes received (metric ton)	收貨量(公噸)	74,144	73,095	+1.4	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
Cargoes issued (metric ton)	發貨量(公噸)	73,628	70,463	+4.5	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
Floor area leased out (m <sup>2</sup> )	已租出建築面積						
	(平方米)	27,000	25,100	+7.6	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
Leaseout rate	出租率	83.6%	77.7%	+5.9%	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	N/A不適用
				points 百分點		, , , , ,	, , _ , ,

## **Liquid Product Terminal Business**

**XHIT** 

The operating activities in XHIT continuously and significantly improved during 2015. Port jetty throughput and loading station throughput increased by 30.8% and 31.2% respectively on a year on year basis. The major reason of the improvements was the introduction of new clients, while the existing clients continued to keep their storage volume growth. Due to the growth of throughput volume, the number of trucks served to pick up cargoes and the transshipment volume for petrochemicals increased accordingly by 42.0% and 19.9% respectively on a year on year basis. In the past few years, the Company made efforts to revamp its fuel oil tanks into light oil tanks, to adapt to the market transformation. We noticed some improvements for light oil market situation, in particulars in the second half of 2015. Resulting from the Company's efforts as well as market environment, the average utilization of the oil tanks reached to 26% in 2015 compared with 16% in 2014. While the average utilization rate of chemical tanks kept as high as 97% in 2015 compared with 93% in 2014, the total average leaseout rate for both categories was 44.9%, although 8.4 percentage points higher than that in the prior year, still kept at relatively lower level. It demonstrates that XHIT have big room to improve in the future.

#### **DZIT**

Similar to XHIT, the operational performances in DZIT maintained continuous improvements during 2015. Port jetty and loading station throughput during the year increased by 23.2% and 39.4% respectively on a year on year basis. The number of trucks served to pick up cargoes increased by 50.6% compared with same period of last year. The Group tried its best to tap into market potentials and to expand its oil and chemical storage volume. The yearly average leaseout rate of tank farm was approximately 86% in 2015 compared with 81% in 2014. Same to XHIT, performances in DZIT in the second half was much improved than those in the first half, and we expect this trend will continue. In DZIT, we have an approximately 150,000 square meters vacant land available for construction of liquid and/or gaseous product tanks.

## **Solid Chemical Warehousing Business**

The Solid Warehousing Centre gradually recovered its performance in 2015 from the trough in 2014. The cargoes received and issued increased by 1.4% and 4.5% in 2015 respectively as compared with last year. The average floor areas leased out increased by 7.6%, on year on year basis. The leaseout rate reached approximately 84% in 2015, 5.9 percentage points higher than that in 2014.

## 液化產品碼頭業務

小虎石化庫

小虎石化庫於二零一五年之經營活動持續 顯著改善。碼頭吞叶量及裝車台吞叶量分 別按年增加30.8%及31.2%。改善原因主 要是引進新客戶,同時現有客戶則繼續維 持貯存量增長。由於吞吐量錄得增長,接 收貨物之貨車數目及石化品的轉輸量據 此按年分別增加42.0%及19.9%。過去數 年,本公司努力將燃油貯存罐翻修為輕油 貯存罐,以應對市場變革。我們亦注意到 輕油市況回暖,特別是二零一五年下半 年。有賴本公司努力不懈,以及市場環境 的配合,令二零一五年的燃油貯存罐的平 均使用率達26%,二零一四年則為16%。 二零一五年化學品貯存罐的平均使用率保 持97%的高水平,二零一四年則為93%, 兩個類別的平均出租率合共為44.9%,雖 然較去年上升8.4個百分點,惟仍處於較低 的水平,顯示小虎石化庫日後還有很大的 進步空間。

## 東洲石化庫

東洲石化庫的營運表現與小虎石化庫相似,於二零一五年持續改善。年內,碼頭及裝車台的總吞吐量分別按年增加23.2%及39.4%。接收貨物之貨車數目較去年同期增加50.6%。本集團已盡最大努力發掘市場潛能以及拓展其油品及化學品品等。貯存罐區於二零一五年之按年平均出租率約為86%,而二零一四年則為81%。與上半年相比,東洲石化庫下半年的表現與小虎石化庫同樣有大幅改善,我們預期此趨勢將會持續。東洲石化庫有約150,000平方米空置土地,可用作建設液態/氣態產品貯存罐。

## 固體化學品倉庫業務

固化倉庫中心克服二零一四年的低谷,於二零一五年的表現逐步改善。二零一五年之收貨量及發貨量分別較去年上升1.4%及4.5%。已租出平均建築面積率按年增加7.6%。二零一五年之出租率約為84%,較二零一四年上升5.9個百分點。

## **RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES**

## **Safety and Environment**

Since the products handled by XHIT, DZIT and Solid Warehousing Centre are hazardous, safety and environment protection measures and equipment are regarded as the most vital and critical importance to the success of the Group. The stunning explosion happened in Tianjin last August reminded us that we must stay at the highest alert in maintaining standards in safe operations all time.

The Group is committed to the long term sustainability of the environment and communities in which it operates. As a responsible corporation, to the best knowledge of the Directors of the Company, the Group has complied with all relevant laws and regulations regarding environmental protection during the year ended 31 December 2015.

For the financial risk management, please refer to the note 22 to the financial statements from page 106 to 112.

## **COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT LAWS AND REGULATIONS**

The Group recognises the importance of compliance with regulatory requirements and the risk of noncompliance with the applicable rules and regulations. To the best knowledge of the Directors of the Company, the Group has complied in material respects with the relevant laws and regulations that have a significant impact on the business and operation of the Group during the year ended 31 December 2015.

## RELATIONSHIP WITH SUPPLIERS, CUSTOMERS AND OTHER STAKEHOLDERS

The Group understands the success of the Group's business depends on the support from its key stakeholders, including employees, customers, suppliers, banks, regulators and shareholders. The Group will continue to ensure effective communication and maintain good relationship with each of its key stakeholders.

## 風險及不確定性

## 安全及環境

由於小虎石化庫、東洲石化庫及固化倉庫中心處理的產品為危險品,故安全及環保措施以及設備均被視為本集團成功關鍵及重大的元素。天津去年八月發生令人震驚的爆炸事件提醒我們必須時刻高度警覺,保持安全營運標準。

本集團致力於環境和其營運所在的社區的 長遠可持續發展。作為負責任的企業,據 本公司董事所深知,本集團於截至二零 一五年十二月三十一日止年度內一直遵守 有關環保的所有相關法例及規例。

就財務風險管理而言,請參閱第106頁至 第112頁之財務報表附註22。

## 遵守相關法例及規例

本集團承認遵守相關規定的重要性以及不 遵守適用規則及規例的風險。據本公司 董事所深知,於截至二零一五年十二月 三十一日止年度內,本集團在各重大方面 一直遵守對本集團業務和營運有重大影響 的相關法例及規例。

## 與供應商、客戶和其他持份者的關係

本集團明白本集團業務的成功有賴其主要 持份者,包括僱員、客戶、供應商、銀 行、監管機構和股東的支持。本集團將繼 續確保與各主要持份者維持有效溝通和保 持良好關係。

## **OPERATION REVIEW**

The operational results in XHIT, DZIT and Solid Warehousing Centre continuously and significantly improved during 2015. The Group will continuously explore market potentials and to expand its oil and chemical storage volume.

## Operating financials

The Group's reportable segments represent XHIT and DZIT. The breakdown of revenues of XHIT and DZIT are as follows:

#### 營運回顧

小虎石化庫、東洲石化庫及固化倉庫中心 於二零一五年之經營業績持續大幅改善。 本集團會繼續發掘市場潛能以及拓展其油 品及化學品貯存量。

#### 經營財務數據

本集團的可報告分部為小虎石化庫及東洲 石化庫,小虎石化庫及東州石化庫之收入 明細如下:

> DZIT 東洲石化庫

XHIT	
小虎石化庫	

		<b>2015</b> 二零一五年		2014 二零一四年		<b>2015</b> 二零一五年		2014 二零一四年	
		HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%	HK\$'000	%
		千港元	%	千港元	%	千港元	%	千港元	%
Storage and transshipment	貯存及轉輸								
income	收入	80,830	73.3	74,137	71.2	110,713	98.1	105,824	98.5
Port income	港口收入	2,865	2.6	3,232	3.1	2,172	1.9	1,588	1.5
Solid chemical warehousing	固體化學品								
income	倉庫收入	26,623	24.1	26,725	25.7	N/A不適用	N/A不適用	NVA不適用	N/A不適用

## **XHIT**

The revenue from the provision of terminal, storage and transshipment services for liquid products in XHIT was about HK\$83.7 million during the year, representing an increase of 8.2% compared with the last year. During the year, storage income increased to HK\$59.1 million, representing an increase of 10.3% on a year on year basis, attributable to the 8.4 percentage points of improvement in leaseout rate. Meanwhile, the handling service income increased by 30.2% from HK\$8.6 million in 2014 to HK\$11.2 million 2015, which was in line with the increase in terminal throughput by 30.9%.

The revenue generated from Solid Warehousing Centre remained almost the same as last year despite there was an increase of 5.9 percentage points in leaseout rate and 2.9% increase in cargoes handles. The major reason was the exchange impact with respect to Renminbi depreciation in 2015.

## 小虎石化庫

小虎石化庫年內就提供液態產品之碼頭、 貯存以及轉輸服務之收入約為8,370萬港 元,較去年上升8.2%。年內,出租率提 升8.4個百分點,令貯存收入增至5,910萬 港元,按年增加10.3%。同時,處理服 務收入由二零一四年的860萬港元,增加 30.2%至二零一五年的1,120萬港元。主要 原因是庫區吞吐量上升30.9%。

儘管出租率增加5.9個百分點及收發貨量上 升2.9%,然而固化倉庫中心的收入幾乎維 持於去年的水平,主要是由於二零一五年 人民幣貶值之滙兑影響。

### **DZIT**

The 2015 storage income in DZIT remained flat at HK\$90.4 million as compared to last year notwithstanding the improvement of 4.8 percentage points in leaseout rate. The unit storage rental rate was under pressure due to keen competition in 2015. There was an improvement in terminal throughput by 29.5%, resulting an increase in revenue generated from handling services of HK\$16.7 million by 43.5% in comparing with 2014.

## **OUTLOOK**

Looking into 2016, we expect that China's economy would grow at a reasonably stable pace, which bring moderate growth in demand for oil and chemical products, as well as the moderate growth for flows of liquid cargoes in and out of our operating region. Crude oil price will keep at relatively low level and gradually recover from the trough for the whole year of 2016. From supply side, China's extremely high stockpile of crude oil and surplus refining capacity inevitably require high utilization of refineries and lead to oversupply of refined products, which result in large amount of refined product exports. From demand side, Chinese government came to liberalize its restrictions on crude oil and oil product imports. Import licenses have already been issued to some medium size and small size nonstate-owned teapot refineries, and more and more licenses will be released with the further liberalization, which lead to more and more imports of refined oil products. Both imports and exports of refined oil products will directly boost the demand of liquid terminal services and storage facilities. We firmly believe that this would be great opportunity for us in 2016.

## Liquid Product Terminal Business

In 2016, the Group will continue to implement our existing strategies to fully leverage our existing facilities and improve the efficiency and utilization of our assets. In XHIT, the priority will be given to revamping of remaining fuel oil tanks into light oil tanks, although we have already completed about two-thirds of fuel oil tanks revamping, so that we could timely grasp the market opportunity. We expect the revamping project would be completed in the first half and the storage tanks would be put into operation in the second half. As a result, we expect that the average leaseout rate of the tank farm could reach about 60% from current level of 45%. In DZIT, the priority will be given to make full use of the reserved land. We are planning with our partners for LNG/LPG business in the land, which would help greatly improve the return efficiency of our assets. We signed a letter of intent with a professional partner company to plan prospective LNG/LPG business. Currently the

## 東洲石化庫

儘管出租率提升4.8個百分點,惟與去年相比下,東洲石化庫於二零一五年的貯存收入只維持穩定9,040萬港元之水平。二零一五年競爭激烈,導致貯存租金單價受壓。然而庫區吞吐量增加29.5%,令處理服務產生的收入較二零一四年增加1,670萬港元或43.5%。

#### 展望

展望二零一六年,中國經濟將按合理穩定 步伐增長,溫和推進油品及化學品以及出 入區內的液體貨物流量的需求。原油價格 將維持於相對較低的水平,並將於二零 一六年整年內逐步從低位回升。至於供應 方面,中國原油庫存充裕,加上有剩餘煉 油產能,無可避免需要提高煉油廠使用 率, 導致成品油供應過多, 以致出口成品 油大量輸出。就需求而言,中國政府逐步 放寬對原油及油品進口的限制,並已向部 分非國有中小型第三方煉油廠簽發進口執 照,隨着進一步放寬,將會授出更多執 照,令更多成品油進口。成品油進出口會 直接促進對液化產品碼頭服務及貯存設施 的需求。我們堅信此乃我們於二零一六年 的大好良機。

## • 液化產品碼頭業務

本集團於二零一六年將繼續推行現有 策略,全面運用現有設施,並改進資 產的效能及使用率。在小虎石化庫, 雖然我們已完成三分二燃油貯存罐翻 修,惟我們的首要目標是將餘下燃油 貯存罐翻修為輕油貯存罐,好使我們 能夠及時抓緊市場商機。我們預期翻 修項目將於上半年完成,而貯存罐將 於下半年投入運作。因此,我們預計 貯存罐區的平均出租率水平能夠從現 時的45%提升至約60%。在東洲石化 庫,我們的首要目標是充份利用儲備 用地。我們與夥伴正計劃於有關土地 發展液化天然氣/液化石油氣,這將 大大提高資產的回報效益。我們就發 展液化天然氣/液化石油氣業務的計

cooperation is undergoing smoothly and on the schedule. We formed a specialized team handling the business, ensuring LNG resource, targeting consumers as well as designing cooperation model. We have started application for governmental approval. We expect that this project would truly help us to improve our performance in both lease rate of tanks farm and terminal utilization in DZIT, which eventually translate into increase in revenue and bottom line improvement. Meanwhile, as usual, we will expand our value added services including transshipment and blending of products to cater our clients' demand and requirements.

With the efforts of all the team members in the Group, we are confident that the Group would turn around its results and return its shareholders in the coming years.

## **Solid Chemical Warehousing Business**

We will continuously try every effort to expand our market for the Group's solid warehousing centre business in 2016. We maintain the provision of quality services, expand customer base, and especially introduce high-end renowned multinational companies to land on our Centre to expand its market share. We expect that the business will realize stable growth in the future.

劃與一家專業夥伴公司簽署意向書。 目前有關合作計劃正順利實行並符合 預計進度。我們現已成立一支專門團 隊處理這業務、確保液化天然氣有充 足資源、鎖定消費客戶以及設計合作 模式。我們已開始向政府申辦批文。 我們預計此項目會真正幫助我們改善 貯存罐區的出租率及東洲石化庫的碼 頭使用率,繼而增加收入及提高盈 利。與此同時,我們將一如以往擴大 增值服務,包括產品轉輸及調和,滿 足客戶的需要及要求。

憑著本集團的全體團隊成員齊心努 力,我們有信心本集團未來幾年的業 績可轉虧為盈,為股東帶來回報。

## 固體化學品倉庫業務

二零一六年,我們將繼續盡力拓展本 集團固化倉庫中心業務的市場。我們 將繼續提供高質素服務及擴大客源, 特別是引入高端知名跨國公司進駐我 們的中心,以擴展其市場份額。我們 預期業務將於未來穩定增長。

## **FINANCIAL REVIEW**

## 財務回顧

		2015 二零一五年 HK\$'000 千港元	2014 二零一四年 HK\$'000 千港元	Changes 變化 % %
Revenue	收入	223,203	211,506	+5.5
Revenue less direct costs and operating expenses	收入扣除直接成本及 經營費用	29,993	18,028	+66.4
Loss before interest and tax ("LBIT")	除利息及税項前虧損 (「LBIT」)	(26,875)	(36,326)	-26.0
Loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	本公司股東應佔虧損	(94,469)	(108,814)	-13.2
Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation ("EBITDA")	除利息、税項、折舊及 攤銷前溢利 (「EBITDA」)	98,767	90,687	+8.9
Gross margin	毛利率	13.4%	8.5%	+57.6
Net loss margin	淨虧損率	(44.9%)	(54.5%)	-17.6
Basis loss per share (HK cents)	每股基本虧損(港仙)	(2.53)	(2.92)	-13.4
Diluted loss per share (HK cents)	每股攤薄虧損(港仙)	(2.53)	(2.92)	-13.4

The Group's financial performances improved during 2015. The Group's revenue reached HK\$223.2 million, representing an increase of 5.5% on a year on year basis, of which the income generated from storage of oil products and handling services increased by 58.9% and 39.4% respectively. The increase was mainly driven by continuous improvements in leaseout rate. Besides, the port jetty throughput and loading station throughput increased with a significant margin, even though unit storage rate decreased due to keen competitions in the market. In this connection, the gross operating profits in 2015 were HK\$30.0 million, significantly increased by 66.4% on a year on year basis and the gross margin improved from 8.5% in 2014 to 13.4% in 2015. LBIT for the year was HK\$26.9 million (2014: HK\$36.3 million) and EBITDA for the year was HK\$98.8 million (2014: HK\$90.7 million). The loss attributable to equity shareholders of the Company reduced by HK\$14.3 million to HK\$94.5 million as compared to HK\$108.8 million last year that was due to the increase of revenue. However, the loss reduction was neutralised by the exchange loss of HK\$17.20 million (2014: HK\$1.57 million) on translation of financial statements of PRC subsidiaries in relation to the depreciation of Renminbi during the year. The basic and diluted loss per share for the year decreased to 2.53 Hong Kong cents (2014: basic and diluted loss per share of 2.92 Hong Kong cents).

## Capital structure, liquidity and gearing

As at 31 December 2015, the Group's total cash and cash equivalents amounted to approximately HK\$52.7 million (2014: HK\$46.0 million). Most of the funds were held in Hong Kong dollar, Renminbi yuan ("RMB") and US dollar.

As at 31 December 2015, the Group's current ratio was 0.85 (2014: 1.23). The Group's gearing ratio (defined as total liabilities to total equity) as at 31 December 2015 was 16.44 (2014: 7.43). The change in ratio was attributable to the reduction of shareholder's equity in respect of the loss incurred during the year.

## **Financial resources**

The current cash reserves and recurrent operating cash flow is sufficient for the daily requirements for current operations. Due attention will be paid to the capital and debt markets as well as the latest developments of the Group in order to ensure the efficient use of financial resources.

本集團於二零一五年的財務表現有所改 善。集團收入達2.232億港元,按年上升 5.5%,其中來自油品貯存及處理服務收入 分別增加58.9%及39.4%。有關增幅乃主 要由於出租率持續改善。此外,雖然貯存 單價因市場競爭激烈而減少,惟碼頭吞吐 量及裝車台吞吐量大幅上升。因此,經營 毛利於二零一五年為3,000萬港元,按年 大幅增加66.4%,而毛利率則由二零一四 年的8.5%升至二零一五年的13.4%。年內 之除利息及税項前虧損為2,690萬港元(二 零一四年:3,630萬港元),而年內之除利 息、税項、折舊及攤銷前溢利則為9,880萬 港元(二零一四年:9,070萬港元)。在收入 增加下,本公司股東應佔虧損縮減1.430 萬港元至9.450萬港元,而去年則為1.088 億港元。然而,虧損跌幅因年內人民幣貶 值,就換算中國附屬公司財務報表之匯兑 虧損1,720萬港元(二零一四年:157萬港 元)而被抵銷。年內之每股基本及攤薄虧損 則減少至2.53港仙(二零一四年:每股基本 及攤薄虧損為2.92港仙)。

## 資本結構、流動資金及資本負債比率

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團之 現金及現金等值項目總額約為5,270萬港元 (二零一四年:4,600萬港元),大部分資金 以港元、人民幣(「人民幣」)及美元持有。

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團之 流動比率為0.85(二零一四年:1.23)。於 二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團之資 本負債比率(定義為總負債除以總權益)為 16.44(二零一四年:7.43)。有關比率之變 化主要由於年內錄得虧損導致股東權益減 少所致。

## 財務資源

現時現金儲備及經常性營運現金流量足以 應付現時日常營運所需。集團將小心留意 資本市場及債務市場的狀況以及本集團最 新發展之情況,從而確保善用財務資源。

## **Finance costs**

The Group had outstanding bank borrowings of HK\$1,077 million as at 31 December 2015 (2014: HK\$1,207 million). During the year ended 31 December 2015, the finance cost charged to profit or loss was approximately HK\$70.7 million (2014: HK\$79.2 million).

## **Convertible bonds**

During the year, the Company issued a total of HK\$50 million unsecured convertible bonds, bearing interest rate at 8% per annum, due in year 2016, details of which are set out in note 16 to the financial statements.

#### **Taxation**

The Group sustained a loss for Hong Kong Profits Tax purposes for the year. The applicable tax rate of the Group's PRC subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2015 was 25% (2014: 25%).

## Exposure to fluctuation in exchanges rate and related hedge

The Group's cash and cash equivalents are held predominately in Hong Kong dollar, RMB and US dollar. Operating outgoings incurred by the Group's subsidiary in the PRC are mainly denominated in RMB, which usually receives revenue in RMB as well. Management is of the opinion that the Group's exposure to foreign exchange rate risks is not significant, and hedging by means of derivative instruments is considered unnecessary.

As the exchange rate of RMB depreciated during the year, the Group incurred an exchange loss of HK\$17.20 million (2014: HK\$1.57 million) on translation of financial statements of its PRC subsidiaries.

## Charge on group assets

The Group has provided the Lender with certain of the Group's fixed assets as collaterals for the banking facilities granted.

#### 財務成本

本集團於二零一五年十二月三十一日的未 償銀行貸款為10.77億港元(二零一四年: 12.07 億港元)。截至二零一五年十二月 三十一日止年度,在損益內確認的財務成 本約為7,070萬港元(二零一四年:7,920萬 港元)。

### 可換股債券

年內,本公司合共發行5.000萬港元無抵 押可換股債券,債券年息率為8%,並將 於二零一六年到期,詳情載於財務報表 附註16。

## 税項

就香港利得税而言,本集團年內錄得虧 損。截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年 度,本集團中國附屬公司之適用稅率為 25%(二零一四年:25%)。

## 匯率波動風險及有關對沖

本集團之現金及現金等值項目主要以港 元、人民幣及美元持有。本集團中國附屬 公司之營運支出主要為人民幣,並常以人 民幣收取收益。管理層認為本集團之匯率 風險不大,並認為毋須採用衍生工具進行 對沖。

由於本年度人民幣匯率貶值,本集團於換 算中國附屬公司的財務報表方面產生匯兑 虧損為1,720萬港元(二零一四年:157萬 港元)。

## 集團資產抵押

本集團已就獲授之銀行融資,向貸款方提 供本集團若干固定資產作為抵押品。

## **Capital commitment**

At 31 December 2015, the Group had capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the financial statements in respect of terminal development and acquisition of port and storage facilities amounted to HK\$18 million (2014: HK\$20 million).

At 31 December 2015, the Group had capital expenditure not contracted for but approved by the board and not provided in the financial statements in respect of terminal development and acquisition of port and storage facilities amounted to approximately HK\$140 million (2014: HK\$149 million).

## **Contingent liabilities**

As at 31 December 2015, the Group has no material contingent liabilities.

## **Final dividend**

The directors do not recommend any final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2015 (2014: Nil).

## 資本承擔

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團就 發展碼頭及購買港口和貯存設施而作出已 訂約但未於財務報表撥備之資本開支合共 為1,800萬港元(二零一四年:2,000萬港 元)。

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團就 發展碼頭及購買港口和貯存設施而作出未 訂約但經董事會批准且未於財務報表撥備 之資本開支約為1.40億港元(二零一四年: 1.49億港元)。

## 或然負債

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團並 無重大或然負債。

## 末期股息

董事不建議就截至二零一五年十二月 三十一日止年度派發任何末期股息(二零 一四年:無)。

## PROFILE OF DIRECTORS AND SENIOR MANAGEMENT

## 董事及高級管理人員簡歷

## **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Mr. David An, aged 56, joined the Company as Chairman in 2002. He has many years of experience in China business particularly in the provision trading of petroleum products and petrochemicals, properties investments and developments in China.

Mr. Fung Chi Kwan, Nicholas, aged 56, joined the Company as Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary in 2005 and was appointed as Executive Director of the Company in 2006. Mr. Fung is a fellow member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. He has over 30 years of experience in financial management and corporate finance for multinational corporations and listed companies and has worked in major international accounting firms.

Ms. Liu Zhijun, aged 48, was appointed as Executive Director of the Company in 2006. Ms. Liu is also the Deputy Chairlady and Financial Controller of Guangdong Petro-Chemicals Company Limited ("GDPC"), Guangdong (Panyu) Petrochemical Storage & Transportation Ltd ("GD (Panyu)") and 東莞市東洲國際石化倉儲 有限公司 ("東洲國際"). She joined GDPC in 1997. Prior to that, she had worked in various government departments and large State-owned enterprises, including the Audit Office of Guangdong Province, China Travel Service (Holdings) Hong Kong Limited, etc. She has more than 20 years of experience in financial management. Ms. Liu graduated from Zhongshan University in 1989 with a Bachelor's degree in Economics. Ms. Liu also holds the auditor qualification certificate of speciality and technology issued by the Ministry of Personnel and National Audit Office of the People's Republic of China ("PRC").

Mr. Zhang Lei, aged 50, was appointed as Executive Director of the Company in 2007. He joined the Company as Chief Operating Officer, PRC in 2006. Mr. Zhang graduated from Dongbei University of Finance and Economics and obtained the qualification of engineer. Mr. Zhang has many years of experience in petrochemical industry. He has expertise in petrochemical specialized technology and is familiar with financial accounting policy and system of the PRC. Mr. Zhang also has in-depth knowledge in large petrochemical project management. He had served China Petrochemical Corporation and held various key positions such as the chief financial officer of the Singapore branch, deputy general manager and chief financial officer of the Hong Kong branch.

## 執行董事

戴偉先生,56歲,二零零二年加盟本公司 出任主席一職。戴先生於中國商業,尤其 是石油及石化產品貿易及中國房地產投資 及開發方面擁有多年經驗。

馮志鈞先生,56歲,於二零零五年加入本 公司出任財務總監及公司秘書,並於二零 零六年獲委任為本公司執行董事。馮先生 為英格蘭及威爾斯特許執業會計師公會及 香港會計師公會之資深會員。馮先生於跨 國企業及上市公司擁有超過三十年財務管 理及企業融資經驗,並曾於主要國際會計 師事務所工作。

劉志軍女士,48歲,於二零零六年獲委 任為本公司執行董事。劉女士亦為粤海石 油化工有限公司(「粵海石化」)、粵海(番 禺)石油化工儲運開發有限公司(「粵海(番 禺)」)及東莞市東洲國際石化倉儲有限公司 (「東洲國際」)出任副董事長兼財務總監。 彼於一九九七年加盟粵海石化,此前任職 於中國政府部門及大型中資國企,包括廣 東省審計廳、香港中旅(集團)有限公司 等。彼於財務管理方面積逾二十年經驗。 劉女士一九八九年畢業於中山大學,獲經 濟學學士學位。劉女士亦擁有中華人民共 和國(「中國」)人事部及審計署頒發的審計 師專業技術資格。

張雷先生,50歲,於二零零七年獲委任 為本公司執行董事。彼於二零零六年加盟 本公司出任中國業務營運總監。張先生早 年畢業於中國東北財經大學,獲工程師職 稱。張先生從事石油化工行業多年,精通 石化專業技術及熟悉國內財務會計政策與 制度。張先生掌握大型石化工程項目管理 知識。彼曾任中國石油化工集團公司新加 坡分公司財務總監,香港分公司副總經 理、財務總監等重要職務。

## INDEPENDENT NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Mr. Li Wai Keung, aged 59, joined the Company as Independent Non-Executive Director in 2002. He is also the Chairman of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee and a member of the Nomination Committee of the Company. Mr. Li graduated from Hong Kong Polytechnic and holds a Master's degree in Business Administration from The University of East Asia. He is also a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Li has held a number of positions with companies including Sino Land Company Limited and Henderson Land Development Company Limited. Mr. Li is now an executive director and chief financial officer of GDH Limited, the chief financial officer of Guangdong Holdings Limited and the executive director of Guangdong Land Holdings Limited. Besides, he is currently a non-executive director of Guangdong Investment Limited, an independent non-executive director of Shenzhen Investment Limited and China South City Holdings Limited, the securities of which are listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange").

Mr. Chan Chun Wai, Tony, aged 44, joined the Company as Independent Non-Executive Director in 2005. He is also the Chairman of Nomination Committee and a member of the Audit Committee and the Remuneration Committee of the Company. Mr. Chan is a Certified Public Accountant and owns a certified public accounting practice. He has extensive experience in general assurance and business advisory services in both Hong Kong and the PRC. Moreover, Mr. Chan has extensive experience in public listings in Hong Kong and Singapore, mergers and acquisition as well as corporate finance. He holds a Master degree in Business Administration from the Manchester Business School, Mr. Chan was an independent director of China Nutrifruit Group Limited until 2012, the securities of which are listed on the American Stock Exchange and he resigned as an independent non-executive director of China Smartpay Group Holdings Limited (formerly known as Oriental City Group Holdings Limited) in 2013, the securities of which are listed on the Stock Exchange. Mr. Chan is now the independent non-executive director of Honbridge Holdings Limited and Wai Chun Mining Industry Group Company Limited, the securities of which are listed on the Stock Exchange.

## 獨立非執行董事

李偉強先生,59歲,二零零二年加盟本公 司出任獨立非執行董事,亦為本公司之審 核委員會及薪酬委員會主席兼提名委員會 成員。李先生畢業於香港理工學院,並持 有東亞大學工商管理碩士學位。現為特許 公認會計師公會及香港會計師公會資深會 員。李先生過去曾於不同公司包括信和置 業有限公司及恒基兆業地產發展有限公司 任職。李先生現為粵海控股集團有限公司 之執行董事兼財務總監,廣東粵海控股有 限公司之財務總監及粵海置地控股有限公 司之執行董事。此外,彼為粤海投資有限 公司之非執行董事,並為深圳控股有限公 司及華南城控股有限公司之獨立非執行董 事,該四家公司之證券均於香港聯合交易 所有限公司(「聯交所」)上市。

陳振偉先生,44歲,二零零五年加盟本 公司出任獨立非執行董事。彼亦為本公司 提名委員會主席兼審核委員會及薪酬委員 會成員。陳先生是一位執業會計師,並擁 有一家會計師行。彼於香港及國內提供審 計及業務諮詢服務方面具有豐富經驗。此 外, 陳先生於香港及新加坡在公眾上市、 併購及企業融資方面亦具有豐富經驗。彼 持有曼徹斯特商學院(Manchester Business School)工商管理碩士學位。陳先生為大慶 隆赫食品有限公司之獨立董事至二零一二 年,該公司之證券在美國證券交易所上 市。彼亦於二零一三年辭任中國支付通集 團控股有限公司(前稱奧思知集團控股有限 公司)之獨立非執行董事,該公司之證券在 聯交所上市。陳先生現為洪橋集團有限公 司及偉俊礦業集團有限公司之獨立非執行 董事,該兩家公司之證券均於聯交所上市。

Miss Cheung Siu Yuen, Rose, aged 51, joined the Company as Independent Non-Executive Director in 2013. She is also a member of the Audit Committee, Remuneration Committee and Nomination Committee. Miss Cheung graduated from York University, Canada with a Bachelor of Arts degree in Mass Communication and Psychology. She further continued her education in finance at Harvard University, Massachusetts, USA. Miss Cheung has over 25 years of extensive experience in mining resources, oil and gas, telecommunications, broadcasting, multimedia, consumer electronics and financial institutions. She has held executive positions in various companies including EPI (Holdings) Limited, Skyworth Digital Holdings Limited, Cable & Wireless HKT Limited, Beenz and Satellite Television Asian Region, STAR TV. Miss Cheung expertise is in business investment, corporate finance, capital markets, marketing and sales. Miss Cheung is now the Managing Director of the Maryville Group Limited with businesses in mining resources, broadcasting and principal investment.

## **SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

Mr. Chen Yi You, aged 66, is a director and a deputy general manager of GD (Panyu). Before he joined GD (Panyu) in 1992, Mr. Chen was a deputy factory manager for a large petrochemical company in Guangzhou, the PRC. Mr. Chen has many years of experience in the management of storage operations for oil and petrochemical products.

Mr. Li Xiao Hui, aged 47, is a director and a general manger of 東洲 國際. He joined GD (Panyu) in 1994. Mr. Li has extensive knowledge and experience in technology and operating management of oil and petrochemicals storage. He also holds a Master degree of corporate management. He is now fully responsible for the management of the infrastructure and construction project in Dongguan.

Mr. Deng Zhi Gang, aged 42, is a director and a deputy general manager of GD (Panyu). Mr. Deng obtained his Master's degree in Business Administration from University of San Francisco. He joined GD (Panyu) in 1996. He has many years of experience in trading and marketing in the business of storage for oil and petrochemical products.

章小婉小姐,51歲,二零一三年加盟本 公司出任獨立非執行董事,亦為本公司之 審核委員會,薪酬委員會及提名委員會成 員。章小姐畢業於加拿大約克大學,取得 大眾傳播及心理學文學士學位。彼其後於 美國麻薩諸塞州哈佛大學修讀金融。章小 姐於礦業資源、石油及天然氣、電訊、廣 播、多媒體、電子消費產品及金融機構 方面擁有逾二十五年經驗。彼曾於長盈 集團(控股)有限公司、創維數碼控股有 限公司、香港電訊有限公司、Beenz and Satellite Television Asian Region, STAR TV 等不同的公司擔任行政職位。章小姐於商 業投資、企業融資、資本市場、市場推廣 及銷售方面擁有專業知識。章小姐現為昌 大集團有限公司(該公司從事礦產資源、廣 播及資本投資等業務)之董事總經理。

## 高級管理人員

陳義友先生,66歲,粤海(番禺)董事兼副 總經理。陳先生於一九九二年加盟粵海(番 禺)前在中國廣州一家大型石化公司任副廠 長。陳先生於石油及石化產品貯存業務管 理方面積逾多年經驗。

李曉輝先生,47歲,東洲國際董事兼總經 理。彼於一九九四年加盟粵海(番禺)。李 先生在石油及石化貯存技術和操作管理方 面有豐富知識及經驗。李先生亦持有企業 管理碩士學位。彼目前全面負責在東莞的 基建及工程項目管理。

鄧志剛先生,42歲,粤海(番禺)董事兼副 總經理。鄧先生持有美國舊金山大學之工 商管理碩士學位,一九九六年加盟粵海(番 禺)。彼於石油及石化產品貯存業務之貿易 及營銷方面積逾多年經驗。

Mr. Han Ming, aged 44, is a director and a deputy general manager of GD (Panyu). Mr. Han graduated from Heilongjiang Institute of Commerce and majored in oil storage and transportation operation. He joined GD (Panyu) in 1994. Mr. Han has many years of experience in business operation and import and export customs of cargoes.

Mr. Cui Ming, aged 59, is a deputy general manager of GD (Panyu). Before joining GD (Panyu) in 1993, Mr. Cui was the deputy general manager of sales department of 中石化肇慶公司. He was engaged in the sales of petroleum products for a long time and has extensive experience in the sales and marketing management of petroleum products.

Mr. Nie Yu Hua, aged 48, is the deputy financial controller of GD (Panyu) and a director and a deputy financial controller of 東洲國際. He joined GD (Panyu) in 2006. He is an International Certified Internal Auditor, a member of the Chinese Institute of Certificate Public Accountants and has professional accountant qualification in PRC. He has over 15 years financial management experiences in large state owned enterprises, and has worked as a senior project manager in a renowned accounting firm.

韓明先生,44歲,粵海(番禺)董事兼副 總經理。韓先生畢業於黑龍江商學院石油 儲運專業,彼於一九九四年加盟粵海(番 禺)。此外,韓先生在商務運作及貨物進出 口通關業務方面積逾多年豐富經驗。

崔鳴先生,59歲,粵海(番禺)副總經理。 彼於一九九三年加盟粵海(番禺),前為中 石化肇慶公司銷售副總經理,長期從事石 油產品銷售工作,對石油產品行銷及市場 管理有著豐富的經驗。

聶郁華先生,48歲,粵海(番禺)財務副總監及東洲國際董事兼財務副總監。彼於二零零六年加盟粵海(番禺)。聶先生為國際註冊內部審計師、中國註冊會計師協會會員及擁有中國會計師專業技術資格。彼於大型國企積逾十五年財務管理經驗,並曾於一家著名會計事務所擔任高級專案經理。

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## 企業管治報告

The Company is committed to a high standard of corporate governance practices appropriate to the conduct and growth of its business in compliance with the principles and code provisions ("Code Provisions") set out in the Corporate Governance Code ("CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange") ("Listing Rules"). The Board is of the view that throughout the year, the Company has complied with the CG Code except for the deviations from Code Provisions A.2.1, A.4.1 and E.1.2 which deviations are explained in the relevant part of this report.

The Company regularly reviews its corporate governance practices to ensure that these continue to meet the requirements of the CG Code.

## **THE BOARD**

### **Roles and Responsibilities**

The Company has formalised and adopted written terms on the division of functions reserved to the Board and delegated to the management.

The Board provides leadership and approves strategic policies and plans with a view to enhance shareholder interests while the day-today operations of the Company are delegated to the management.

The Board reserves for its decisions all major matters of the Company, including: approval and monitoring of all policy matters, overall strategies and budgets, internal control and risk management systems, material transactions (in particular those may involve conflict of interests), financial information, appointment of directors and other significant financial and operational matters.

All directors have full and timely access to all relevant information as well as the advice and services of the Company Secretary, with a view to ensuring that Board procedures and all applicable rules and regulations are followed.

Each director is normally able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances at the Company's expense, upon making request to the Board.

本公司致力奉行一套配合其業務管理及增 長之高水平企業管治常規,以符合香港聯 合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規 則(「上市規則」)附錄14所載企業管治守則 (「企業管治守則」)內所列明之原則及守則 條文(「守則條文」)。董事會認為,本公司 已於年內遵行企業管治守則,惟偏離守則 條文A.2.1、A.4.1及E.1.2條之規定,有關 偏離見本報告有關部份闡釋。

本公司定期檢討其企業管治常規,以確保 持續符合企業管治守則之規定。

## 董事會

## 職務及責任

本公司已正式制定及採納有關職能劃分之 職權範圍書,訂明董事會自行承擔及授予 管理層的職責。

董事會發揮領導角色及審批策略政策及計 劃,務求提升股東利益,至於本公司之日 常運作,則委託管理層負責。

董事會保留對本公司所有重大事宜之決定 權,包括:批准及監察一切政策事宜、整 體策略及財政預算、內部監控及風險管理 系統、重大交易(特別是該等可能涉及利益 衝突之交易)、財務資料、董事任命及其他 重大財務及營運事宜。

全體董事均可全面及時取得一切有關資 料,以及獲得公司秘書之意見及服務,藉 此確保董事會議事程序及所有適用規則及 規例獲得遵從。

於適當情況下,每名董事一般可向董事會 提出要求,以利用本公司之公費徵詢獨立 專業意見。

The day-to-day management, administration and operation of the Company are delegated to the Chief Executive and the senior management. The delegated functions and work tasks are periodically reviewed. Approval has to be obtained from the Board prior to any significant transactions entered into by the abovementioned officers

本公司之日常管理、行政及營運乃委託行 政總裁及高級管理人員負責。董事會定期 檢討已委託之職能及工作。上述高級職員 於進行任何重大交易前,必須取得董事會 事先批准。

The Board has the full support of the Chief Executive and the senior management to discharge its responsibilities.

董事會獲得行政總裁及高級管理人員全力 支持,以履行其職責。

## Composition

## The Board has in its composition a balance of skills and experience necessary for independent decision making and fulfilling its business needs.

## As at 31 December 2015, the Board comprised seven members, including four executive directors and three independent nonexecutive directors, as follows:

## **Executive Directors**

Mr. David An (Chairman, Chief Executive and Member of Remuneration Committee)

Mr. Fung Chi Kwan, Nicholas

Ms. Liu Zhijun Mr. Zhang Lei

## **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

Mr. Li Wai Keung (Chairman of Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee and Member of Nomination Committe) Mr. Chan Chun Wai, Tony (Chairman of Nomination Committee and

Member of Audit Committee and Remuneration Committee)

Miss Cheung Siu Yuen, Rose (Member of Remuneration Committee, Audit Committee and Nomination Committee)

None of the members of the Board is related to one another.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Board at all times met the requirements of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent non-executive directors ("INEDs") with at least one INED possessing appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise.

## 組成

董事會之組成強調技能與經驗並重,以達 致獨立決策及滿足業務需求。

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,董事會由 七位成員組成,包括以下四位執行董事及 三位獨立非執行董事:

#### 執行董事

戴偉先生(主席、行政總裁兼 薪酬委員會成員)

馮志鈞先生

劉志軍女士

張雷先生

## 獨立非執行董事

李偉強先生(審核委員會主席兼薪酬委員會 主席及提名委員會成員)

陳振偉先生(提名委員會主席兼審核委員會 及薪酬委員會成員)

章小婉小姐(薪酬委員會、審核委員會及 提名委員會成員)

董事會成員彼此概無關係。

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年 度,董事會於任何時間均符合上市規則規 定,委任至少三名獨立非執行董事(「獨立 非執行董事」),其中至少一名獨立非執行 董事具備適當專業資格,或會計或相關財 務管理專業知識。

## **Independent Non-Executive Directors**

The INEDs bring a wide range of business and financial expertise, experiences and independent judgement to the Board. Through active participation in Board meetings, taking the lead in managing issues involving potential conflict of interests and serving on Board committees, all INEDs make various contributions to the effective direction of the Company.

The Company has received written annual confirmation from each INEDs in respect of his/her independence pursuant to the independence guidelines set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considers all INEDs are independent.

## **Appointment and Succession Planning of Directors**

The Company has established formal, considered and transparent procedures for the appointment and succession planning of directors.

Under Code Provision A.4.1, the non-executive directors should be appointed for a specific term, subject to re-election. Each of the INEDs except for Miss Cheung Siu Yuen, Rose does not have a specific term of appointment.

Miss Cheung Siu Yuen, Rose has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 31 May 2013, subject to, inter alia, retirement from office by rotation at least once every three years and re-election in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association.

Pursuant to the Company's article of association, all directors of the Company are subject to retirement by rotation at least once every three years at the Company's general meeting and any directors appointed by the Board to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the Board shall hold office only until the next following annual general meeting after his/her appointment and be subject to reelection at such meeting.

## **Continuous Professional Development of Directors**

Every newly appointed director will receive comprehensive, formal and tailored induction on the first occasion of his/her appointment, so as to ensure that he/she has appropriate understanding of the business and operations of the Company and that he/she is fully aware of his/her responsibilities and obligations under the Listing Rules and relevant regulatory requirements.

## 獨立非執行董事

獨立非執行董事為董事會帶來各種不同之 業務及財務專業知識、經驗及獨立判斷。 诱過積極參加董事會會議,於管理涉及潛 在利益衝突之事項扮演領導角色,以及出 任董事會委員會成員,全體獨立非執行董 事對有效領導本公司作出多方面之貢獻。

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上市 規則第3.13條所載有關獨立性之指引就彼 之獨立性作出之年度書面確認。本公司認 為,全體獨立非執行董事均為獨立人士。

## 董事之委任及接任計劃

本公司已就董事之委仟及接仟計劃,確立 正式、周詳及具銹明度之程序。

根據守則條文第A.4.1條之規定,非執行董 事需按固定任期獲委任,並須接受重新選 舉。除章小婉小姐外,各獨立非執行董事 並非按固定任期獲委任。

章小婉小姐已與本公司訂立委任書,自二 零一三年五月三十一日起為期三年,惟須 (其中包括)根據本公司章程細則,每三年 至少輪值退任一次及膺選連任。

根據本公司之組織章程細則,本公司各董 事均須最少每三年於本公司之股東大會上 輪席退任一次,且任何獲董事會委任以填 補臨時空缺或董事會新任之董事於其委任 後只可留任直至下屆股東週年大會召開, 並可重選連任。

## 董事之持續專業發展

每名新委任之董事於彼首獲委任時,將會 接受全面、正式及度身訂造之就職輔導, 以確保彼適當理解本公司之業務及運作, 以及充分知悉彼之職責及於上市規則及有 關監管規例項下之責任。

Directors should participate in appropriate continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills to ensure that their contribution to the Board remains informed and relevant. Reading material on relevant topics will be issued to directors where appropriate. All directors are encouraged to attend relevant training courses at the Company's expenses.

Directors confirmed that they have complied with the Code Provision A.6.5 of the CG Code on Directors' training. During the year, directors attended seminars and training sessions arranged by various professional institutes and bodies. In addition, relevant reading materials including the updates on the business, operations, corporate governance, legal and regulatory matters have been provided to all directors for their reference and studying.

## **Board Meetings**

**Number of Meetings and Directors' Attendance** Six Board meetings were held during the year ended 31 December 2015.

The individual attendance (either in person or through other electronic means of communication) record of each director at the meetings of the Board, the Nomination Committee, the Remuneration Committee and the Audit Committee during the year ended 31 December 2015 is set out below:

董事應參與適當的持續專業發展,以發展 及更新彼等之知識及技術,確保彼等繼續 對董事會作出知情及相關之貢獻。董事在 適當時會獲發有關題目之閱讀資料。本公 司鼓勵各董事利用本公司之公費參加相關 培訓課程。

董事確認,彼等已遵守企業管治守則守則 條文第A.6.5條有關董事培訓之規定。年 內,董事已出席由不同的專業機構及組織 安排之研討會及培訓課堂。此外,包括商 業、營運、企業管治、法律及規管事宜在 內之相關閱讀資訊亦已向各董事提供,以 供彼等參考及細閱。

## 董事會會議

開會次數及董事出席次數 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度內 舉行六次董事會會議。

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年 度,各董事於董事會、提名委員會、薪酬 會員會及審核委員會會議的個人出席(無論 親身或透過其他電子通訊方式)記錄載列如 下:

## Attendance/Number of Meetings held during the tenure of directorship 於董事任期內出席/已舉行會議次數

Directors	董事	Board 董事會	Nomination Committee 提名董事會	Remuneration Committee 薪酬董事會	Audit Committee 審核委員會	General Meeting 股東週年大會
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Mr. David An (Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive)	戴偉先生 <i>(董事會</i> <i>主席兼行政</i> <i>總裁)</i>	6/6	N/A	1/1	N/A	0/1
Mr. Fung Chi Kwan, Nicholas	馮志鈞先生	6/6	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Ms. Liu Zhijun	劉志軍女士	6/6	N/A	N/A	N/A	1/1
Mr. Zhang Lei	張雷先生	6/6	N/A	N/A	N/A	0/1
INEDs	獨立非執行董事					
Mr. Li Wai Keung	李偉強先生	6/6	1/1	1/1	3/3	1/1
Mr. Chan Chun Wai, Tony	陳振偉先生	6/6	1/1	1/1	3/3	1/1
Miss Cheung Siu Yuen, Rose	章小婉小姐	6/6	1/1	1/1	3/3	1/1

**Annual** 

Apart from regular Board meetings, the Chairman also held meetings with the INDEs without the presence of executive directors during the year.

## **Practices and Conduct of Meetings**

Notices of regular Board meetings are served to all directors at least 14 days before the meetings. For other Board and committee meetings, reasonable notice is generally given.

Agenda and Board papers together with all appropriate, complete and reliable information are sent to all directors at least 3 days before each Board meeting or committee meeting to keep the directors apprised of the latest developments and financial position of the Company and to enable them to make informed decisions. The Board and each director also have separate and independent access to the senior executives whenever necessary.

The Company Secretary is responsible to take and keep minutes of all Board meetings and committee meetings. Draft minutes are normally circulated to directors for comment within a reasonable time after each meeting and the final version is open for directors' inspection.

According to current Board practice, any material transaction, which involves a conflict of interests for a substantial shareholder or a director, will be considered and dealt with by the Board at a duly convened Board meeting. The Company's Articles of Association also contain provisions requiring directors to abstain from voting and not to be counted in the quorum at meetings for approving transactions in which such directors or any of their associates have a material interest.

## **Board Diversity Policy**

The Board adopted a board diversity policy (the "Policy") in 2013. A summary of this Policy, together with the measureable objectives set for implementing this Policy, and the progress made towards achieving those objectives are disclosed as below.

## **Summary of the Board Diversity Policy**

When determining the composition of the Board, the Company will consider board diversity in terms of, among other things, gender, age, experience, cultural and educational background, expertise, skills and know-how. All Board appointments will be based on merits, and candidates will be considered against objective criteria, having due regard for the benefits of diversity on the Board.

除定期董事會會議外,年內主席亦在執行 董事不在場之情況下與獨立非執行董事舉 行會議。

## 會議常規及守則

董事會例會通告最少於會議舉行前十四天 送達各董事。至於其他董事會會議及委員 會會議,一般會作出合理通知。

議程及董事會文件以及所有適用、完整及 可靠資料,最少於各董事會會議或委員會 會議舉行前三天發送各董事,以便各董事 知悉本公司最新發展及財務狀況,並讓彼 等作出知情決定。董事會及各董事如有需 要,亦可個別獨立接觸高級行政人員。

公司秘書負責記錄各董事會會議及委員會 會議之內容及保存該等會議記錄。會議記 錄草稿一般會在各會議結束後之合理時間 內向董事傳閱,以收集意見,而定稿則可 供董事公開查閱。

據現行董事會常規,任何涉及主要股東或 董事利益衝突之重大交易,將由董事會正 式召開董事會會議以作考慮及處理。本公 司之組織章程細則亦有明文規定董事須就 批准彼等或彼等任何聯繫人士擁有重大利 益之交易放棄投票權,亦不得計入有關會 議之法定人數內。

## 董事會成員多元化政策

董事會於二零一三年採納董事會成員多元 化政策(「政策」)。政策的摘要及為執行該 政策而制定的可計量目標,以及達標進度 載列如下:

## 董事會成員多元化政策摘要

本公司在設定董事會成員組合時會從多個 方面考慮董事會成員多元化,包括但不限 於性別、年齡、經驗、文化及教育背景、 專業知識、技能及知識。董事會所有委任 均以用人唯才為原則,並在考慮人選時會 以客觀條件並顧及董事會成員多元化的益 處下作甄選。

## **Measurable Objectives**

Selection of candidates for Board membership will be based on a range of diversity perspectives, including but not limited to gender, age, experience, cultural and educational background, expertise, skills and know-how.

## **Monitoring and Reporting**

The Nomination Committee will disclose the composition of the Board annually in the Corporate Governance Report and monitor the implementation of this Policy.

The Nomination Committee will review this Policy, as appropriate, to ensure the effectiveness of this Policy. The Nomination Committee will discuss any revisions that may be required, and recommend any such revisions to the Board for consideration and approval.

As at the date of this report, the Board comprises seven directors. Two of them are women. Three of them are INEDs, thereby promoting critical review and control of the management process. The Board is also characterized by significant diversity, whether considered in terms of gender, age, experience, cultural and educational background, expertise, skills and know-how.

## **CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE**

Code Provision A.2.1 stipulates that the roles of the Chairman and Chief Executive should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual.

The Company supports the division of responsibility to ensure the balance of power and authority. However, in view of the fact that the Group's core business is carried out by the PRC subsidiaries, and that the Chief Operating Officer, China (de facto Chief Executive), who managed the core business through those subsidiaries, is a separate person, the Board considers there is no necessity to separate the Chief Executive at the Group level.

The Board has full confidence in Mr. David An and believes that his appointment of the posts of chairman and chief executive is beneficial to the business prospects of the Company.

#### 可計量目標

甄選董事會人選將按一系列多元化範疇為 基準,包括但不限於性別、年齡、經驗、 文化及教育背景、專業知識、技能及知識。

## 監察及匯報

提名委員會將每年在企業管治報告中披露 董事會組成,並監察本政策的執行。

提名委員會將在適當時候檢討本政策,以 確保本政策行之有效。提名委員會將會討 論任何或需作出的修訂,再向董事會提出 修訂建議,由董事會審批。

於本報告日期,董事會由十名董事組成。 其中有兩名董事為女士。三名為獨立非執 行董事,這有助嚴格檢討及監控管理程 序。以性別、年齡、經驗、文化及教育背 景、專業知識、技能及知識等因素而言, 董事會成員十分多元化。

## 主席及行政總裁

守則條文第A.2.1條訂明,主席與行政總裁 之職責應予區分,不應由同一人兼任。

本公司全面支持責任區分,以確保權力及 職權之平衡分配。然而,鑒於本集團之核 心業務由其中國附屬公司經營,而透過該 等附屬公司管理核心業務之中國營運總裁 (實際為行政總裁)為獨立人士,故董事會 認為於本集團之層面上,並無需要區分行 政總裁。

董事會對戴偉先生具有十足信心,並認為 委任其擔任主席兼行政總裁之職位對本公 司之業務前景誠屬有利。

## **BOARD COMMITTEES**

The Board has established three committees, namely, the Nomination Committee, Remuneration Committee and Audit Committee, for overseeing particular aspects of the Company's affairs. All Board committees of the Company are established with defined written terms of reference. The terms of reference of the Board committees are posted on the Company's website and Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited's website and are available to shareholders upon request.

The Board committees are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties and, upon reasonable request, are able to seek independent professional advice in appropriate circumstances, at the Company's expenses.

## **Nomination Committee**

All the three INEDs are the members of the Nomination Committee and Mr. Chan Chun Wai, Tony is the chairman of the committee.

The principal duties of the Nomination Committee include reviewing the structure, size and composition of the Board, making recommendations to the Board on the appointment and succession planning of directors, and assessment of the independence of the INEDs.

The Nomination Committee carries out the process of selecting and recommending candidates for directorships by making reference to the skills, experience, professional knowledge, personal integrity and time commitments of such individuals, the Company's needs and other relevant statutory requirements and regulations. An external recruitment agency may be engaged to carry out the recruitment and selection process when necessary.

The Nomination Committee convened one meeting during the year ended 31 December 2015 to (i) ensure that the Board has a balance of expertise, skills and experience appropriate to meet the requirements of the business of the Company; and (ii) to review and recommend the re-appointment of directors standing for re-election at the Company's 2015 annual general meeting.

## **Remuneration Committee**

The Chairman of the Board and the three INEDs are the members of the Remuneration Committee and Mr. Li Wai Keung is the chairman of the committee.

## 董事會轄下之委員會

董事會已成立三個委員會,分別為提名委 員會、薪酬委員會及審核委員會,以監察 特定方面之本公司事務。本公司各董事會 委員會均以書面界定職權範圍。董事會轄 下各委員會之職權範圍刊載於本公司網站 及香港交易及結算所有限公司網站,並可 供股東要求查閱。

董事會轄下各委員會獲提供足夠資源,以 履行其職務,並於適當情況下,可提出合 理要求,利用本公司之公費徵詢獨立專業 意見。

## 提名委員會

全部三名獨立非執行董事為提名委員會成 員,而陳振偉先生為委員會主席。

提名委員會之主要職責,包括檢討董事會 之架構、人數及組成、就董事之委任及接 任計劃向董事會提出推薦意見,以及評估 獨立非執行董事之獨立性。

提名委員會藉參考董事候選人之技能、經 驗、專業知識、個人誠信及投放之時間、 本公司之需要以及其他相關法定規定及規 例,執行挑選及推薦董事候選人之程序。 如有需要,提名委員會或會委聘外部招聘 代理公司執行招聘及挑選程序。

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年 度,提名委員會召開了一次會議,以(i)確 保董事會專業知識、技能及經驗並重,配 合本公司業務所需;及(ii)檢討及建議重新 委任於本公司二零一五年股東週年大會上 候選連任之董事。

#### 薪酬委員會

董事會主席及三名獨立非執行董事為薪酬 委員會成員,而李偉強先生為委員會主席。

The primary objectives of the Remuneration Committee include reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of individual executive directors and senior management, the remuneration policy and structure for all directors and senior management; and establishing transparent procedures for developing such remuneration policy and structure to ensure that no director or any of his/her associates will participate in deciding his/her own remuneration, which remuneration will be determined by reference to the performance of the individual and the Company as well as market practice and conditions.

薪酬委員會之主要目標,包括檢討個別執 行董事及高級管理人員之薪酬福利、各董 事及高級管理人員之薪酬政策及架構及向 董事會作出推薦意見,以及確立具誘明度 之程序,以擬定有關薪酬政策及架構,確 保概無董事或彼任何聯繫人士將參與決定 彼之個人薪酬,有關薪酬將參考個人及本 公司表現以及市場慣例及狀況釐定。

The Human Resources Department is responsible for collection and administration of the human resources data and making recommendations to the Remuneration Committee for consideration. The Remuneration Committee consults the Chairman and/or the Chief Executive of the Company about these recommendations on remuneration policy and structure and remuneration packages.

人力資源部負責收集及管理人力資源數 據,向薪酬委員會作出推薦意見以供考 慮。薪酬委員會就該等有關薪酬政策及架 構以及薪酬福利之推薦意見,諮詢本公司 主席及/或行政總裁之意見。

The Remuneration Committee met once to review and make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration packages of the executive directors and senior executives during the year ended 31 December 2015.

薪酬委員會在截至二零一五年十二月 三十一日止年度舉行了一次會議,以檢討 執行董事及高級行政人員的薪酬福利及向 董事會作出推薦意見。

## **Audit Committee**

## 審核委員會

The Audit Committee comprises the three INEDs (including two INEDs who possess the appropriate professional qualifications or accounting or related financial management expertise) and Mr. Li Wai Keung is the chairman of the committee. None of the members of the Audit Committee is a former partner of the Company's existing external auditors.

審核委員會由三名獨立非執行董事(包括兩 名具備適當專業資格或會計或相關財務管 理專業知識之獨立非執行董事)組成,而李 偉強先生為委員會主席。審核委員會成員 概非本公司現任外聘核數師之前任合夥人。

The main duties of the Audit Committee include the following:

審核委員會之主要職責包括下列各項:

- (a) To review the financial statements and reports and consider any significant or unusual items before submission to the Board.
- (a) 審閱財務報表及報告以及考慮任何重 大或不尋常事項,然後提交董事會。
- (b) To review the relationship with the external auditors by reference to the work performed by the auditors, their fees and terms of engagement, and make recommendation to the Board on the appointment, reappointment and removal of external auditors.
- (b) 根據外聘核數師履行之工作、其收費 及委聘條款,檢討與該核數師之關 係,並就委聘、續聘及撤換外聘核數 師之事宜,向董事會提出推薦意見。
- To review the Company's financial reporting system, risk management and internal control systems.
- 檢討本公司財務報告系統、風險管理 及內部監控系統。

- (d) To review the effectiveness of the Company's risk management and internal control measures, including the functions of account and financial reporting, reviewing the adequacy of the Group's human resources, staff qualifications and experiences, training programmes and budget of the Company's accounting and financial reporting functions.
- (e) To review arrangements by which employees of the Company may, in confidence, raise concerns about possible improprieties in financial reporting, internal control or other matters.

The Audit Committee is provided with sufficient resources to discharge its duties and has access to independent professional advice if considers necessary.

The Audit Committee held three meetings during the year ended 31 December 2015 to (i) review audited annual financial results for the year ended 31 December 2014 and unaudited interim financial results for the half-year ended 30 June 2015; (ii) to review financial reporting, internal control and compliance procedures; (iii) to review the scope of work and make recommendations on the appointment of the auditors; and (iv) to review the terms of reference of Audit Committee.

There is no material uncertainty relating to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

## **Corporate Governance Functions**

The Board is responsible for performing the functions set out in the code provision D.3.1 of the CG Code.

During the year ended 31 December 2015, the Board reviewed and monitored the Company's policies and practices on corporate governance, training and continuous professional development of directors and reviewing the Company's compliance with the code and disclosure in this report.

- (d) 檢討本公司風險管理及內部監控措 施,包括會計及財務匯報之功能是否 有效,檢討本集團人力資源、員工資 格及經驗、培訓計劃及本公司會計及 財務報告功能之預算是否足夠。
- (e) 檢討本公司僱員就可能出現之財務報 告、內部監控或其他事宜不當行為可 能秘密提出關註之安排。

審核委員會獲供給充足資源以履行其職 責,並可於認為有需要時諮詢獨立專業意 見.。

於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年 度,審核委員會舉行了三次會議,以(i)審 閱截至二零一四年十二月三十一日止年度 之經審核年度財務業績及截至二零一五年 六月三十日止半年之未經審核中期財務業 績;(ii)審閱財務報告、內部監控及守規程 序;(iii)審閱工作範圍及就委任核數師作出 推薦意見;及(iv)審閱審核委員會之職責範 章。

本公司不存在可能對持續經營之能力產生 重大質疑之事件或情況相關之重大不明朗 因素。

## 企業管治職能

董事會負責履行企業管治守則守則條文第 D.3.1條所載之職能。

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度, 董事會檢討及監察公司於企業管治上的政 策及慣例,董事的培訓及持續專業發展, 以及審閱公司有關於本報告內遵守守則及 披露事項的情況。

## **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION**

All the directors represented the senior management of the Company. Further particulars regarding directors' remuneration and the five highest paid employees as required to be disclosed pursuant to Appendix 16 to the listing rules are set out in notes 7 and 8 to the financial statements, respectively.

## MODEL CODE FOR SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS

The Company has adopted the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") as set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules.

Specific enquiry has been made of all the directors and all of them have confirmed that they have complied with the Model Code throughout the year ended 31 December 2015.

The Company has also established written guidelines on terms no less exacting than the Model Code (the "Employees Written Guidelines") for securities transactions by employees who are likely to possess inside information of the Company.

No incident of non-compliance of the Employees Written Guidelines by the employees was noted by the Company.

## Responsibilities in respect of the Financial Statements and **Auditors' Remuneration**

The Board is responsible for presenting a balanced, clear and understandable assessment of annual and interim reports, announcements and other financial disclosures required under the Listing Rules and other regulatory requirements.

The directors acknowledge their responsibility for preparing the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2015.

The statement of the external auditors of the Company about their reporting responsibilities on the financial statements is set out in the "Independent Auditor's Report" on pages 43 to 44.

The remuneration paid to the external auditors of the Company in respect of audit services and non-audit services for the year ended 31 December 2015 was disclosed on page 80.

#### 董事薪酬

全體董事乃本公司之高級管理人員。根據 上市規則附錄16須就董事酬金以及五名最 高薪僱員披露之進一步詳情,分別載於財 務報表附註7及8。

## 證券交易標準守則

本公司已採納上市規則附錄十所載之上市 發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標 準守則|)。

本公司已向全體董事作出特別查詢,而彼 等全部已確認彼等於截至二零一五年十二 月三十一日止整個年度一直遵守標準守則。

本公司亦已就可能得悉本公司內幕資料之 僱員所進行之證券交易設立嚴謹程度不遜 於標準守則之書面指引(「僱員書面指引」)。

本公司並不知悉有僱員不遵守僱員書面指 引之事件。

## 有關財務報表及核數師酬金之責任

董事會負責呈列平衡、清晰及可理解之年 度及中期報告評估、公布及上市規則及其 他監管規定所規定之其他財務披露資料。

董事確悉其負有編製本公司截至二零一五 年十二月三十一日止年度財務報表之責任。

本公司外聘核數師就其對財務報表申報責 任之聲明載於第43頁至44頁之「獨立核數 師報告し。

就於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年 度之審核服務及非審核服務向本公司外聘 核數師支付之酬金於第80頁披露。

## **Internal Controls**

The Board is responsible for maintaining an adequate risk management and internal control system to safeguard shareholder investments and Company assets, and reviewing its effectiveness on an annual basis.

The Company has maintained a tailored governance structure with defined lines of responsibility and appropriate delegation of responsibility and authority to the senior management.

The Group's internal control framework, covering all material controls including financial, operational and compliance controls is established. The internal control framework also provides for identification and management of risk.

The management is accountable to the Board for operating and monitoring the system of internal control and for providing assurance to the Board that it has done so. The Board forms its own view on effectiveness after due and careful enquiry based on the information and assurances provided to it.

During the year under review, the Board has conducted a review of the effectiveness of the risk management and internal control system of the Group.

## **Risk Management**

The Company improves its business and operational activities by identifying the areas of significant business risks via a regular review and taking appropriate measures to control and mitigate these risks. The management of the Company reviews all significant control policies and procedures and highlights all significant matters to the Board and Audit Committee.

## **SHAREHOLDERS' RIGHTS**

To safeguard the interests and rights of shareholders, a separate resolution is proposed for each substantially separate issue at shareholder meetings, including the election of individual directors. All resolutions proposed at the shareholders' meetings are voted by poll pursuant to the Listing Rules. The poll results are also posted on the websites of Hong Kong Exchanges and Clearing Limited and the Company immediately after the relevant shareholders' meetings.

## 內部監控

董事會負責設置一套適當之風險管理及內 部監控系統,以保障股東投資及本公司資 產, 並逐年檢討其是否有效。

本公司設有度身訂造之管治架構,其中具 有明確之職責範圍及向高級管理人員就職 責及授權作出適當委派。

已確立本集團內部監控框架,涉及所有重 大監控,包括財務、經營及循規監控。內 部監控框架亦就識別及管理風險而設。

管理層就內部監控系統之運作及監察向董 事會負責, 並向董事會保證其已履行有關 責任。董事會按所提供資料及保證作出適 當及審慎之查詢,然後對系統之有效性自 行作出意見。

回顧年內,董事會已檢討本集團風險管理 及內部監控系統是否有效。

## 風險管理

本公司透過定期檢討以確定重大業務風險 領域,以及採取適當措施控制和減低該等 風險,從而改進其業務與營運活動。本公 司管理層審閱所有重要監控政策及程序, 並向董事會及審核委員會特別提出所有重 大事件。

#### 股東權利

為保障股東之權益及權利,股東大會上就 各項重大獨立事項個別提呈決議案,包括 推選個別董事。所有在股東大會提呈的決 議案根據上市規則以投票方式表決。投票 結果亦會於緊隨有關股東大會後刊載於香 港交易及結算所有限公司及本公司網站。

## **Convening an Extraordinary General Meeting by Shareholders**

Pursuant to article 72 of the Company's articles of association, general meetings shall be convened on the written requisition of any two or more members of the Company deposited at the principal place of business of the Company in Hong Kong or, in the event that the Company ceases to have such a principal place of business, the registered office specifying the objects of the meeting and signed by the requisitionists, provided that such requisitionists held as at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company which carries the right of voting at general meetings of the Company.

If the Board does not within 21 days from the date of deposit of the requisition proceed duly to convene the meeting, the requisitionists themselves or any of them representing more than one-half of the total voting rights of all of them, may convene the extraordinary general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings may be convened by the Board provided that any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of deposit of the requisition, and all reasonable expenses incurred by the requisitionists as a result of the failure of the Board shall be reimbursed to them by the Company.

## **Putting Forward Proposals at General Meetings**

There are no provisions in the company's articles of association or the Cayman Islands Companies Law for shareholders to move new resolutions at general meetings. Shareholders who wish to move a resolution may request the Company to convene a general meeting in accordance with the procedures set out in the preceding paragraph.

As regards proposing a person for election as a director of the Company, please refer to the procedures posted on the Company's website.

## **Putting Forward Enquiries to the Board**

For putting forward any enquiries to the Board of the Company, shareholders may send written enquiries to the Company.

Note: The Company will not normally deal with verbal or anonymous enquiries.

## 股東召開股東特別大會

根據本公司組織章程細則第72條,若本公 司任何兩名或以上股東向本公司之香港主 要營業地點或(如本公司停止設有主要營業 地點)註冊辦事處提呈具體指述事項及由提 呈要求之人士簽妥之書面要求,而有關提 呈要求之人士於提呈要求當日持有本公司 實繳股本(附有權利可於本公司股東大會上 投票)不少於十分之一,則可要求召開股東 大會。

倘董事會於提呈要求日期起計二十一天內 並沒有適當召開有關大會,則提呈要求之 人士或當中持有彼等全部總投票權過半數 之任何人士,可以以董事會召開股東特別 大會同等方式儘快召開股東大會,惟該有 關大會必須由提呈要求日期起計三個月內 召開,而提呈要求之人士因董事會之不合 作而產生之所有合理開支可亦向本公司報 銷。

## 於股東大會上提呈建議

公司組織章程細則或開曼群島公司法均無 條文規管股東於股東大會上動議新決議 案。有意動議決議案之股東可根據前段所 載程序要求本公司召開股東大會。

就提名他人候選本公司董事,請參閱刊載 於本公司網站之程序。

## 向董事會提出查詢

就向本公司董事會提出查詢,股東可向本 公司發出書面查詢。

附註:本公司一般不會受理口頭或匿名查詢。

## CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT 企業管治報告

## **Contact Details**

Shareholders may send their enquiries or requests as mentioned above to the following:

Address: Unit 2608, 26th Floor, Harbour Centre, 25 Harbour Road,

Wanchai, Hong Kong (For the attention of the Company

Secretary)

Email: info@hansenergy.com.hk

## COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS AND INVESTOR **RELATIONS**

The shareholders' meetings of the Company provide an opportunity for communication between the shareholders and the Board. The Chairman of the Board, all INEDs, and the chairmen of all Board committees (or their delegates) and where applicable, the independent Board committee, are available at the general meetings to meet shareholders and answer their enquiries.

The Chairman of the Board and some of the directors were unable to attend the last annual general meeting held on 21 May 2015 due to business engagement. They will use their best endeavours to attend all future shareholders' meetings of the Company.

During the year under review, the Company has not made any changes to its articles of association. The Company places great emphasis to enhance communications and relationships with its investors as the Company's policy to maintain timely and effective communications with their shareholders. This is crucial aspect of good corporate governance, and part of the statutory and regulatory regime. Designated senior management maintains regular dialogue with existing shareholders and potential institutional investors and analysts to keep them abreast of the Company's developments. Enquiries from investors are dealt with in an informative and timely manner.

To promote effective communication, the Company also maintains a website at www.hansenergy.com, where extensive information and updates on the Company's business developments and operations, financial information, corporate governance practices and other information are posted.

#### 聯絡資料

股東可將彼等之杳詢或上述要求發送至:

地,址: 香港灣仔港灣道25號海港中心

26樓2608室(請交予公司秘書辦

理)

電郵: info@hansenergy.com.hk

## 與股東溝通及投資者關係

本公司之股東大會為股東與董事會提供溝 通之良機。董事會主席、全體獨立非執行 董事及各董事會委員會主席(或其授權代 表)及(倘適用)獨立董事委員會在一般會議 上會見股東及回答彼等之查詢。

董事會主席及部份董事因公務未能出席於 二零一五年五月二十一日舉行之上屆股東 周年大會,彼等將盡力出席本公司日後所 有股東大會。

回顧年內,本公司並無對組織章程細則作 出任何改動。基於本公司致力與股東保持 適時及有效的溝通的政策,本公司重視加 強與投資者之溝通及關係。此舉為良好企 業管治的關鍵並為法定監管機制的一環。 指定之高級管理人員會與現有股東、潛在 的機構投資者及分析員維持定期對話,以 令彼等了解本公司之發展。投資者之查詢 會獲提供資料並及時處理。

為促進有效溝通,本公司亦設置網站(網址 為www.hansenergy.com),刊載有關本公 司業務發展及經營、財務資料、企業管治 常規及其他資料之詳盡資料及更新。

## **DIRECTORS' REPORT** 董事報告

The directors have pleasure in presenting their annual report and the audited financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015.

董事欣然呈送本集團截至二零一五年十二 月三十一日止年度之年報及經審核財務報

## **PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES**

The Company is an investment holding company. The principal activities of its principal subsidiaries are set out in note 12 to the financial statements.

## **BUSINESS REVIEW**

Details of business review as required by Schedule 5 to the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, including a discussion of the principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group's business are set out in the section of the Business Review Report and Management Discussion and Analysis from page 4 to 15 of this Annual Report. This discussion forms part of this directors' report.

## **RESULTS AND APPROPRIATIONS**

The results of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2015 are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 45.

Taking into account of the cash requirement for the repayment of bank loan of the Group, the directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2015 (2014: Nil). However, the Board of Directors will determine dividend distribution policies once the Group has secured stable income from the operations in coming years.

#### **RESERVES**

The amounts and particulars of material transfers to and from reserves of the Group and of the Company during the year are set out on the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and in note 21 to the financial statements.

## **DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVES**

At 31 December 2015, the Company's reserve available for distribution amounted to HK\$165 million (2014: HK\$169 million).

## PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Details of movements of property, plant and equipment during the year are set out in note 10 to the financial statements.

#### **SHARE CAPITAL**

Details in movement in share capital of the Company are set out in note 21 to the financial statements.

## 主要業務

本公司為投資控股公司,其主要附屬公司 之主要業務載於財務報表附註12。

#### 業務回顧

根據香港公司條例附表5規定,業務回顧詳 情(包括本集團面臨的主要風險及不確定因 素討論)載於本年報第4至15頁之業務回顧 報告及管理層討論及分析節內。該討論構 成本董事會報告之一部分。

## 業績及分派

本集團截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止 年度之業績載於第45頁之綜合損益表內。

考慮到本集團須以現金償還銀行貸款,董 事並不建議派發截至二零一五年十二月 三十一日止年度之末期股息(二零一四年: 無)。惟當本集團於往後年度取得穩定的營 運收入時,董事會將釐定派息政策。

## 儲備

本集團及本公司於本年度之重大撥往及撥 自儲備之金額及詳情分別載於綜合權益變 動表及財務報表附註21。

## 可供分派儲備

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本公司之 可供分派儲備達1.65億港元(二零一四年: 1.69億港元)。

## 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備於年內之變動詳情載於 財務報表附註10。

## 股本

本公司股本之變動詳情載於財務報表附註 21 °

#### **DIRECTORS**

The directors of the Company during the year and up to the date of this report were:

## **Executive directors**

Mr. David An (Chairman) Mr. Fung Chi Kwan, Nicholas

Ms. Liu Zhijun Mr. Zhang Lei

## Independent non-executive directors

Mr. Li Wai Keung Mr. Chan Chun Wai, Tony Miss Cheung Siu Yuen, Rose

Pursuant to Article 116 of the Company's articles of association, Mr. Fung Chi Kwan, Nicholas, Mr. Li Wai Keung and Miss Cheung Siu Yuen, Rose shall retire by rotation and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

## **DIRECTORS' SERVICE CONTRACTS**

Miss Cheung Siu Yuen, Rose has entered into a letter of appointment with the Company for a term of three years commencing from 31 May 2013, subject to, inter alia, retirement from office by rotation at least once every three years and re-election in accordance with the Company's Articles of Association.

The term of office of each of the independent non-executive directors ("INEDs") is the period up to his retirement as required by the Company's articles of association.

Save as disclosed above, none of the directors being proposed for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting has a service contract with the Company or any of its subsidiaries which is not determinable by the Group within one year without payment of compensation, other than statutory compensation.

## PERMITTED INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

A permitted indemnity provision (as defined in section 469 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance) for the benefit of the directors of the Company is currently in force and was in force throughout this year.

#### 蕃重

於本年度及截至本報告日期止,本公司之 董事為:

## 執行董事

戴偉先生(主席) 馮志鈞先生 劉志軍女士 張雷先生

## 獨立非執行董事

李偉強先生 陳振偉先生 章小婉小姐

根據本公司組織章程細則第116條,馮志 鈞先生、李偉強先生及章小婉小姐須於即 將舉行之股東週年大會上輪值告退,惟彼 等符合資格並願意於會上重選連任。

## 董事服務合約

章小婉小姐已與本公司訂立委任書,任期 自二零一三年五月三十一日起為期三年, 惟須(其中包括)根據本公司組織章程細則 至少每三年輪席退任一次及膺選連任。

各獨立非執行董事(「獨立非執行董事」)之 任期乃至其按本公司組織章程細則規定退 任之日為止。

除上文所披露者外,所有擬於即將舉行之 股東週年大會上重選連任之董事,概無與 本公司或其任何附屬公司訂立本集團於一 年內不可不予賠償(法定賠償除外)而終止 之服務合約。

## 獲准許的彌償條文

以本公司董事為受益人的獲准許的彌償條 文(定義見香港公司條例第469條)現正生 效及於年內一直有效。

## DIRECTORS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN SHARES. **UNDERLYING SHARES AND DEBENTURES**

As at 31 December 2015, the interests and short positions of directors of the Company and their associates in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company and its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) which have been notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO or as otherwise notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code") set out in Appendix 10 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules") were as follows:

## Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company

## 董事於股份、相關股份及債權證中之權益

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日,本公司 董事及彼等之聯繫人於本公司及其相聯法 團(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條 例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債權證 中,擁有已根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第 7及第8分部知會本公司及香港聯合交易所 有限公司(「聯交所」)之權益及淡倉,或已 記入根據證券及期貨條例第352條規定存 置之登記冊內之權益及淡倉,或已根據聯 交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄10所 載上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守 則(「標準守則」)規定知會本公司及聯交所 之權益及淡倉如下:

## 本公司每股面值0.01港元之普通股

Approximate percentage to

		Number of 股份數		the issued share capital of the Company  佔本公司已發行股本之  概約百分比	
Name of director 董事姓名	Capacity 性質	Long Positions 好倉	Short positions 淡倉	Long Positions 好倉	Short positions 淡倉
Mr. David An* 戴偉先生*	Beneficiary of a trust 信託受益人	2,548,203,980 (Note 附註 1)	Nil 無	68.27%	Nil 無
	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	218,390,000	Nil 無	5.85%	Nil 無

## Note:

- The shares are held directly as to 209,773,980 shares by Extreme Wise Investments Ltd ("Extreme Wise") and 2,338,430,000 shares by Vand Petro-Chemicals (BVI) Company Ltd ("Vand Petro-Chemical"). Both companies are wholly-owned by Julius Baer Family Office & Trust Ltd. ("Julius Baer") which is the trustee of a trust and Mr. David An is one of the eligible beneficiaries. By virtue of SFO, Mr. David An is deemed to be interested in the 2,548,203,980 shares.
- Mr. David An, being a director of the Company, is also acting as the Chief Executive of the Company.

- 附註:
- 該等股份中有209,773,980股由Extreme Wise Investments Ltd([Extreme Wise]) 直接持有,而2,338,430,000股則由Vand Petro-Chemicals (BVI) Company Limited (「Vand Petro-Chemical」)直接持有。兩家 公司均由Julius Baer Family Office & Trust Ltd.(「Julius Baer」)全資擁有,其為信託 之受託人,而戴偉先生為合資格受益人之 一。根據證券及期貨條例,戴偉先生被視 為於該2,548,203,980股股份中擁有權益。
- 本公司董事戴偉先生亦兼任本公司行政總 裁。

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2015, none of the directors of the Company and their associates had any interest or short positions in the shares, underlying shares or debentures of the Company or any of its associated corporations which had to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to Divisions 7 and 8 of Part XV of the SFO or which were required, pursuant to Section 352 of the SFO, to be entered in the register referred to therein or which were required, pursuant to the Model Code, to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange.

## **DIRECTORS' RIGHTS TO ACQUIRE SHARES OR DEBENTURES**

Other than the share option scheme in note 20 and unsecured convertible bonds in note 16 to the financial statements, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries a party to any arrangements to enable the directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debts securities (including debentures) of, the Company or any other body corporate and none of the directors, their spouses or children under the age of 18, had any rights to subscribe for securities of the Company, or had exercised any such rights.

#### **DIRECTORS' INTEREST IN CONTRACTS**

There were no contracts of significance to which the Company, or any of its subsidiaries was a party and in which a director of the Company had a material interest, whether directly and indirectly, subsisting at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

#### **CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS**

There were no transactions which were required to be disclosed as connected transactions in accordance with the requirements of the Listing Rules.

## CONFIRMATION OF INDEPENDENCE OF INDEPENDENT NON-**EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

The Company had received, from each of the INEDs, an annual confirmation of his independence pursuant to the rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules. The Company considered all of the INEDs are independent.

除上文所披露者外,截至二零一五年十二 月三十一日,概無本公司董事及彼等之聯 繫人於本公司或其任何相聯法團之股份、 相關股份或債權證中,擁有根據證券及期 貨條例第XV部第7及第8分部須知會本公司 及聯交所之任何權益或淡倉,或根據證券 及期貨條例第352條須記錄於該條例所述 登記冊內之任何權益或淡倉,或根據標準 守則須知會本公司及聯交所之任何權益或 淡倉。

#### 董事購入股份或債權證之權利

除財務報表附註20之購股權計劃及附註16 之無抵押可換股債券外,本公司或其任何 附屬公司概無於本年度仟何時間訂立仟何 安排,讓本公司董事诱過購入本公司或任 何其他法團之股份或債務證券(包括債權 證)而獲利,而董事、其配偶或18歲以下 之子女亦概無認購本公司證券之任何權利 或已行使任何該等權利。

## 董事於合約中之權益

本公司或其任何附屬公司概無訂立於年終 或年內任何時間生效而本公司董事直接或 間接擁有重大權益之重要合約。

#### 關連交易

概無交易須根據上市規則規定披露為關連 交易。

#### 獨立非執行董事之獨立身份確認

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據上 市規則第3.13條發出之年度獨立身分確認 書,並認為全體獨立非執行董事實為獨立 人士。

#### **CORPORATE GOVERNANCE**

The Company is committed to a high standard of corporate governance. The Company's corporate governance practices are based on the principles and the code provisions ("Code Provision") as set out in the Corporate Governance Code ("CG Code") contained in Appendix 14 of the Listing Rules. The Company regularly reviews its corporate governance practices to ensure that these continue to meet the requirements of the CG Code. Throughout the year 2015, the Company has complied with the CG Code except for the deviations from the Code Provisions A.2.1, A.4.1 and E.1.2. For details, please refer to the Corporate Governance Report on pages 20 to 32.

## SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS' INTERESTS AND SHORT POSITIONS IN THE SHARE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY

As at 31 December 2015, shareholders (other than directors of the Company) who had interests and short positions in the shares and underlying shares of the Company which have been disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO were as follows:

## Ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each of the Company

#### 企業管治

本公司致力奉行高水準之企業管治。本公 司之企業管治常規乃基於上市規則附錄14 所載企業管治守則(「企業管治守則」)所列 之原則及守則條文(「守則條文」)。本公司 定期檢討其企業管治常規,以確保持續符 合企業管治守則之規定。於整個二零一五 年內,本公司已遵守企業管治守則,惟偏 離守則條文第A.2.1、A.4.1及E.1.2條之規 定。詳細請參閱企業管治報告第20頁至32 頁。

#### 主要股東於本公司股本中之權益及淡倉

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日,股東(不 包括本公司董事)於本公司股份及相關股份 中,擁有根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2 及第3分部已向本公司披露之權益及淡倉, 或已記錄於本公司根據證券及期貨條例第 336條規定存置之登記冊內之權益及淡倉 如下:

#### 本公司每股面值0.10港元之普通股

	Number of shares 股份數目		Approximate pe the issued share the Comp 佔本公司已發 概約百分	e capital of pany 行股本之
	Long	Short	Long	Short
Name of shareholder	Positions	positions	Positions	positions
股東姓名	好倉 ———————	淡倉 	好倉	<u>淡</u> 倉
Mr. David An 戴偉先生 (Note 附註 1)	2,766,593,980	Nil 無	74.12%	Nil 無
Julius Baer (Note 附註 1)	2,548,203,980	Nil 無	68.27%	Nil 無
Vand Petro-Chemicals (Note 附註 1)	2,338,430,000	Nil 無	62.65%	Nil 無
Dubai World Corporation (Note 附註 2)	370,000,000	Nil 無	9.91%	Nil 無
Extreme Wise (Note 附註 1)	209,773,980	Nil 無	5.62%	Nil 無
Central Huijin Investment Ltd 中央匯金投資有限責任公司 (Note 附註 3)	263,019,000	Nil 無	7.05%	Nil 無

#### Notes:

- The shares are held directly as to 218,390,000 shares by Mr. David An personally, as to 209,773,980 shares by Extreme Wise and 2,338,430,000 shares by Vand Petro-Chemicals. Both companies are wholly-owned by Julius Baer which is the trustee of a trust and Mr. David An is one the eligible beneficiaries. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. David An is deemed to be interested in the 2,766,593,980 shares. Mr. David An is a director of Extreme Wise, Vand Petro-Chemicals and the Company.
- The shares are held directly by Pony HK World, indirectly wholly-owned by Dubai World Corporation.
- 3. Central Huijin Investment Ltd is deemed to be interested in the 263,019,000 shares, which is directly held by CCB International Overseas Limited.

Save as disclosed above, as at 31 December 2015, the Company has not been notified by any persons (other than directors or the chief executive of the Company) who had interests or short positions in the shares or underlying shares of the Company which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO, or which were recorded in the register required to be kept by the Company under Section 336 of the SFO.

#### **EQIUITY-LINKED AGREEMENTS**

Details of the equuity-linked agreements entered into during the year or subsisting at the end or the year are set out below:

#### **CONVERTIBLE BONDS**

During the year, the Company issued a total of HK\$50 million unsecured convertible bonds in 2015, bearing interest rate at 8% per annum, details of which are set out in note 16 to the financial statements.

#### 附註:

- 該等股份中有218,390,000股由戴偉先生 直接個人持有、209,773,980股由Extreme Wise直接持有,而2,338,430,000股則由 Vand Petro-Chemicals直接持有,兩家公司 均由Julius Baer全資擁有,其為信託之受託 人,而戴偉先生為合資格受益人之一。根 據證券及期貨條例, 戴偉先生被視為於該 2,766,593,980股股份中擁有權益。戴偉先 生為Extreme Wise、Vand Petro-Chemicals 及本公司之董事。
- 該等股份由Pony HK World直接持有,而 該公司乃由Dubai World Corporation間接 全資擁有。
- 中央匯金投資有限責任公司被視為於 263,019,000股股份(由建銀國際海外有限 公司直接持有)中擁有權益。

除上文所披露者外,截至二零一五年十二 月三十一日,概無任何人士(不包括本公司 董事及行政總裁)已知會本公司其於本公司 股份或相關股份中,擁有根據證券及期貨 條例第XV部第2及第3分部須向本公司披露 之權益或淡倉,或已記錄於本公司根據證 券及期貨條例第336條規定存置之登記冊 內之權益或淡倉。

#### 股本扣鈎協議

於年內訂立或於年末存續的股本扣鈎協議 詳情列載如下:

#### 可換股債券

年內,本公司發行總額5,000萬港元之二零 一五年無抵押可換股債券,債券年息率為 8%,詳情載於財務報表附註16。

#### SHARE OPTION SCHEME

Pursuant to an ordinary resolution passed on 28 December 2012, the Company adopted a Share Option Scheme (the "Share Option Scheme"). The purpose of the 2012 Share Option Scheme is to enable the Company to recruit and retain high-caliber employees and attract resources that are available to the Group and to provide the Company with a means of giving incentive to, rewarding, remunerating, compensating and/or providing benefits to such persons who contribute or may bring benefit to the Group. The scheme remains in force for a period of 10 years from adoption of such scheme and expires on 27 December 2022.

Under the Share Option Scheme, the board of directors of the Company (the "directors") may at their discretion grant options to any eligible participant including any employee, director, consultant, advisor, agent, business affiliate, business partner, joint venture partner, strategic partner, or any supplier or provider of goods or services to the Company or any subsidiaries of the Company as may be determined by the directors from time to time to subscribe for the shares of the Company (the "shares").

Options granted must be taken up within 21 days of the date of grant, upon payment of HK\$1 per option. The maximum number of shares in respect to which options may be granted under the scheme shall not exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company on the date of adopting the scheme. The limit may be refreshed at any time provided that the new limit must not be in aggregate exceed 10% of the issued share capital of the Company as at the date of the shareholders' approval in general meeting. However, the total number of shares which may be issued upon exercise of all outstanding options granted and yet to be exercised under the scheme and any other scheme of the Company must not in aggregate exceed 30% of the shares in issue from time to time. The maximum number of shares in respect of which options may be granted to any individual in any 12-month period shall not exceed 1% of the shares in issue on the last date of such 12-month period unless approval of the shareholders of the Company has been obtained in accordance with the Listing Rules. Options granted to substantial shareholders or independent non-executive directors in excess of issued share capital of the Company or with a value in excess of HK\$5 million must be approved in advance by the shareholders of the Company.

#### 購股權計劃

本公司根據於二零一二年十二月二十八日 通過之普通決議案採用新購股權計劃(「購 股權計劃」)。二零一二年購股權計劃之目 的在於讓本公司聘請及續聘高材僱員以及 吸納對本集團有價值之人力,並為本集團行出支 提供渠道以向該等對本集團作出貢勵、 對本集團帶來利益之人士作出鼓勵、 對、報酬、補償及/或提供福利。該計劃 由採納當日起計十年期間一直有效,並將 於二零二二年十二月二十七日屆滿。

根據購股權計劃,本公司之董事會(「董事」)可酌情向任何合資格參與者(包括任何僱員、董事、諮詢人、顧問、代理、業務聯屬人、業務夥伴、合營企業夥伴、策略夥伴或本公司或本公司任何附屬公司之任何貨品或服務供應商)(可經董事不時釐定)授出購股權以便認購本公司之股份(「股份1)。

購股權須於授出日期起計21天內獲接納, 並須支付每份購股權1港元。就根據該計 劃可能授出之購股權而予以發行之股份數 目最多不超過本公司於採納該計劃當日已 發行股本之10%。該上限可隨時更新,惟 新限額總計不得超過本公司於股東在股東 大會上批准之當日已發行股本之10%。 然而,根據該計劃及本公司任何其他計劃 已授出但尚未行使之全部未行使購股權獲 行使時,可予發行之股份總數合共不得超 過不時發行股份之30%。就可於任何十二 個月期間授予任何個別人士之購股權而予 以發行之股份數目最多不得超過本公司於 該十二個月期間最後一天之已發行股份之 1%,除非已根據上市規則獲本公司股東批 准則作別論。凡向主要股東或獨立非執行 董事授出超過本公司已發行股本或價值超 過500萬港元之購股權,必須事先經本公 司股東批准。

Options may be exercised at any time from date of grant of the share option to the 10th anniversary of the date of grant as may be determined by the directors. The exercise price is determined by the directors, and will not be less than the higher of the closing price per share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets on the date of the grant of the options and the average closing price per share as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotation sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of the grant of the options.

購股權可在由董事釐定之授出日期當日至 授出日十周年期間內任何時間獲行使。行 使價由董事釐定,且將不低於股份於授出 購股權當日在聯交所每日報價表上之每股 收市價以及股份於授出購股權日期前五個 營業日在聯交所每日報價表上之每股平均 收市價兩者之較高者。

As at the reporting date, the maximum number of shares in respect to which options may be granted under the scheme is 373,263,800 shares being 10% of the issued share capital of the company. No share option was granted to or exercised by any of the directors and senior management during the year ended 31 December 2015 (2014: Nil) and no share option was outstanding under the scheme as at 31 December 2015 (2014: Nil).

於呈報日期,根據該計劃可授出之購股權 所涉及股份之最高數目為373,263,800股, 即本公司已發行股本之10%。於截至二零 一五年十二月三十一日止年度,概無任何 董事及高級管理人員獲授予或行使任何購 股權(二零一四年:無),而於二零一五年 十二月三十一日計劃項下並無尚未行使的 購股權(二零一四年:無)。

#### **MAJOR CUSTOMERS AND SUPPLIERS**

## During the year, the aggregate revenue attributable to the Group's five largest customers comprised approximately 25.1% of the Group's total revenue and the revenue attributable to the Group's largest customer were approximately 6.0% of the Group's total revenue. The aggregate purchases attributable to the Group's five largest suppliers comprised approximately 42.8% of the Group's total purchases and the purchases attributable to the Group's largest supplier were approximately 15.5% of the Group's total purchases.

#### 主要客戶及供應商

本集團本年度五大客戶共佔本集團之總收 入約25.1%,而本集團最大客戶之收入則 佔本集團總收入約6.0%。本集團五大供應 商共佔本集團總購貨額約42.8%,而本集 團最大供應商之購貨額則佔本集團總購貨 額約15.5%。

Saved as disclosed above, none of the directors, their associates or any shareholder which, to the knowledge of the directors, owned more than 5% of the Company's issued share capital had any interest in the share capital of any of the five largest customers or suppliers of the Group.

除上文所披露者外,據董事所知,概無董 事、彼等之聯繫人或擁有本公司已發行股 本5%以上之任何股東於本集團五大客戶或 五大供應商之股本擁有任何權益。

#### BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

## Details of movements in the Group's bank loans and other borrowings during the year are set out in note 16 to the financial statements.

## 銀行貸款及其他借貸

本集團於本年度之銀行貸款及其他貨款變 動詳情載於財務報表附註16。

## **PRE-EMPTIVE RIGHTS**

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's articles of association although there is no restriction against such rights under the laws in the Cayman Islands.

#### 優先購股權

儘管開曼群島之法例對優先購股權並無限 制,但本公司組織章程細則亦無對該等權 利有所規定。

#### **EMPLOYEE AND REMUNERATION POLICY**

As at 31 December 2015, the Group had a workforce of approximately 475 employees (2014: 445), 460 (2014: 430) of which worked for the terminals. Every year, the Group devises a budget which states total salary and bonus plan for the year to encourage the Group's employees to contribute their best efforts and to make maximum economic benefits to the Group. In accordance with the relevant government regulations in the PRC, the Group is required to cover social insurance, including but not limited to retirement, medical, workman compensation and unemployment insurance as well as housing fund for every qualified employee in the PRC. With these insurance policies and staff benefits, the Group hopes to provide a reasonable welfare for each qualified employee.

## PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S LISTED **SECURITIES**

During the year, neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries purchased, redeemed or sold any of the Company's listed securities.

#### **PUBLIC FLOAT**

For the year ended 31 December 2015, based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the directors, the Company has maintained the prescribed public float under the Listing Rules.

#### **LITIGATION**

As at 31 December 2015, there were no material contingent liabilities in respect of outstanding litigation or legal proceedings that need to be disclosed.

### 僱員及薪酬政策

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團 約有475名(二零一四年:445名)僱員,其 中460名(二零一四年:430名)在庫區中任 職。本集團每年設計一份預算方案,訂明 該年度之總薪金及花紅計劃,藉以鼓勵本 集團僱員竭盡所能,為本集團帶來最大的 經濟利益。根據相關的中國政府規例,本 集團須為中國每名合資格僱員購買社會保 險,包括但不限於退休、醫療、工人賠償 及失業保險,以及提供房屋津貼。本集團 希望藉著該等保險及員工福利為每名合資 格僱員提供合理之福利。

#### 購買、出售或贖回本公司之上市證券

年內,本公司及其任何附屬公司概無購 買、贖回或出售任何本公司之上市證券。

#### 公眾持股量

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度, 根據本公司可公開取得之資料及據董事所 知,本公司已根據上市規則維持規定之公 眾持股量。

#### 訴訟

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日,概無涉 及未了結之訴訟或法律程序之重大或然負 債須予披露。

### **AUDITORS**

KPMG retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditors of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

### 核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所退任,並合資格及願 意接受續聘。一項決議案將於應屆股東週 年大會上提呈,以續聘畢馬威會計師事務 所為本公司核數師。

On behalf of the Board David An Chairman Hong Kong, 21 March 2016 代表董事會 主席 戴偉

香港,二零一六年三月二十一日

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

## 獨立核數師報告



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF HANS ENERGY COMPANY LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Hans Energy Company Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") set out on pages 45 to 115, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31 December 2015, the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

#### 致: 漢思能源有限公司全體股東之獨立核 數師報告:

(於開曼群島註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於 第45頁至115頁的漢思能源有限公司(「貴 公司|)及其附屬公司(統稱[貴集團])綜合 財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二零 一五年十二月三十一日的綜合資產負債 表、截至該日止年度的綜合損益表、綜合 全面收益表、綜合權益變動表及綜合現金 流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他解 釋資料。

#### 董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司的董事須負責根據香港會計師公會 頒佈的《香港財務報告準則》及香港《公司條 例》之披露規定編製綜合財務報表,以令綜 合財務報表作出真實而公允的反映及落實 其認為編製綜合財務報表所必要的內部監 控,以使綜合財務報表的編製不存在由於 欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

#### 核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審計對該等綜合 財務報表發表意見。我們僅向整體股東報 告,除此以外,我們的報告不可用作其他 用途。我們概不就本報告的內容,對任何 其他人士負責或承擔法律責任。

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的《香港審 計準則》進行審計。該等準則要求我們遵守 道德規範,並計劃及執行審計,以合理確 定綜合財務報表是否不存在任何重大錯誤 陳述。

審計涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報 表所載金額及披露資料的審計憑證。所選 定的程序取決於核數師的判斷,包括評估 由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在 重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等風險 時,核數師考慮與該公司編製真實而公允 的綜合財務報表相關的內部監控,以設計 適當的審計程序,但目的並非對公司的內 部監控的有效性發表意見。審計亦包括評 價董事所採用的會計政策的合適性及所作 的會計估計的合理性,以及評價綜合財務 報表的整體列報方式。

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 獨立核數師報告

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足 和適當地為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

#### **OPINION**

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2015 and of the Group's financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in compliance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

#### **EMPHASIS OF MATTER**

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 1(b) to the consolidated financial statements which describes that the Group is committed to repay bank loans, convertible bonds and interest totalling HK\$168,281,000 within one year and that the Group's ability to meet these liquidity requirements depend on its ability to generate sufficient net cash inflows from future operations and/or other sources. These facts and circumstances indicate the existence of material uncertainties which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which is dependent on the Group's ability to generate sufficient cash flows from future operations and/or other sources to meet its liquidity commitments. Further details are set out in note 1(b). The consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments that would result should the Group be unable to continue to operate as a going concern.

#### 意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據《香港 財務報告準則》真實而公允地反映貴集團於 二零一五年十二月三十一日的財務狀況及 貴集團截至該日止年度的財務表現及現金 流量,並已按照香港《公司條例》之披露規 定妥為編製。

#### 重點事項

我們不發表保留意見,但請注意綜合財務 報表附註1(b)所述,貴集團承諾於一年內 償還銀行貸款、可換股債券及利息合共 168,281,000港元,而貴集團能否滿足該 等流動資金需求, 視乎其能否自未來經營 業務及/或其他來源產生充裕現金流入淨 額。該等事實及情況顯示有重大不明朗因 素,可能導致貴集團的持續經營能力存在 重大疑問。

綜合財務報表已按持續經營基準編製,其 有效性基於貴集團能否自未來經營業務 及/或其他來源產生充裕現金流量,以滿 足其流動資金承諾。更多詳情載於附註 1(b)。綜合財務報表概無就貴集團無法繼 續按持續經營基準經營而載入任何調整。

#### **KPMG**

Certified Public Accountants 8th Floor, Prince's Building 10 Chater Road Central, Hong Kong

21 March 2016

#### 畢馬威會計師事務所

執業會計師 香港中環 遮打道10號 太子大廈8樓

二零一六年三月二十一日

## **CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT**

# 綜合損益表

for the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元列示)

		Note 附註	<b>2015</b> 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
<b>Revenue</b> Direct costs and operating expenses	<b>收入</b> 直接成本及經營費用	3	223,203 (193,210)	211,506 (193,478)
			29,993	18,028
Other income Administrative expenses	其他收益 行政費用	4	6,393 (63,261)	3,427 (57,781)
<b>Loss from operations</b> Finance costs	<b>經營虧損</b> 財務成本	5(a)	(26,875) (70,656)	(36,326) (79,165)
Loss before taxation Income tax	<b>除税前虧損</b> 所得税	5 6(a)	(97,531) (2,742)	(115,491) 125
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(100,273)	(115,366)
Attributable to: Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	應 <b>佔:</b> 本公司股東 非控股權益		(94,469) (5,804)	(108,814) (6,552)
Loss for the year	年內虧損		(100,273)	(115,366)
Loss per share – basic	<b>每股虧損</b> -基本	9	(2.53 cents)	(2.92 cents)
– diluted	一攤薄		(2.53 cents)	(2.92 cents)

The notes on pages 51 to 115 form part of these financial statements.

載於第51頁至115頁之附註為組成此等財 務報表之一部分。

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME** 綜合全面收益表

for the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元列示)

		<b>2015</b> 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(100,273)	(115,366)
Other comprehensive income for the year:	年內其他全面收益:		
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to consolidated income statement:  – Exchange differences on translation of	其後可能重新分類至綜合損益表的項目: 一換算附屬公司財務報表		
financial statements of subsidiaries	之匯兑差額	(17,196)	(1,572)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額	(117,469)	(116,938)
Attributable to: Equity shareholders of the Company Non-controlling interests	<b>應佔:</b> 本公司股東 非控股權益	(110,289) (7,180)	(110,241) (6,697)
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額	(117,469)	(116,938)

statements.

The notes on pages 51 to 115 form part of these financial 載於第51頁至115頁之附註為組成此等財 務報表之一部分。

# **CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**

# 綜合資產負債表

at 31 December 2015 於二零一五年十二月三十一日 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元列示)

		Note 附註	<b>2015</b> 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Non-current assets	非流動資產			
Property, plant and equipment Interests in land held for own use	物業、廠房及設備 根據經營租賃持作自用之	10	1,088,906	1,269,767
under operating leases	土地權益	10(b)	243,603	265,848
Prepayments for construction costs	建築成本之預付款項		10,667	21,558
Intangible assets	無形資產	11	1,988	2,208
Deferred tax assets	遞延税項資產	17(b)	14,839	
			1,360,003	1,559,381
Current assets	流動資產			
Interests in land held for own use	根據經營租賃持作自用			
under operating leases	之土地權益	10(b)	6,727	7,145
Consumable parts	消耗品		14,145	16,463
Trade and other receivables	貿易及其他應收款項	13	61,600	62,680
Current tax recoverable	本期應退税項	17(a)	545	18,630
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目	14(a)	52,703	46,032
			135,720	150,950
Current liabilities	流動負債			
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及計提費用	15	50,314	59,182
Bank loans and other borrowings	銀行貸款及其他借貸	16	109,211	63,380
			159,525	122,562
Net current (liabilities)/assets	流動(負債)/資產淨值		(23,805)	28,388
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		1,336,198	1,587,769

## CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 綜合資產負債表

at 31 December 2015 於二零一五年十二月三十一日 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元列示)

		Note 附註	2015 二零一五年 \$′000 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債			
Deferred tax liabilities	遞延税項負債	17(b)	4,776	5,663
Bank loans and other borrowings	銀行貸款及其他借貸	16	1,016,947	1,143,366
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方之款項	18	228,696	235,961
			1,250,419	1,384,990
NET ASSETS	資產淨值		85,779	202,779
CAPITAL AND RESERVES	資本及儲備			
Share capital	股本	21(b)	373,264	373,264
Reserves	儲備		(308,049)	(198,229)
Total equity attributable to equity shareholders of the Company	本公司股東 應佔總權益		65,215	175,035
Non-controlling interests	非控股權益		20,564	27,744
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益		85,779	202,779

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 21 March 2016.

於二零一六年三月二十一日獲董事會批准 及授權刊發。

David An 戴偉 Chairman 主席

Fung Chi Kwan, Nicholas 馮志鈞 Executive Director 執行董事

The notes on pages 51 to 115 form part of these financial statements.

載於第51頁至115頁之附註為組成此等財 務報表之一部分。

# **CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

## 綜合權益變動表

for the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元列示)

				Attributa	ble to equity sha 本公司股列		Company				
		Share capital 股本 \$'000 千元	Share premium 股份溢價 \$'000 千元	Special reserve 特別儲備 \$'000 千元	Translation reserve 匿兑儲備 \$'000 千元	Statutory reserve 法定儲備 \$'000 千元	Capital reserve 資本儲備 \$'000 千元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 \$'000 千元	<b>Total</b> 合共 \$'000 千元	Non- controlling interests 非控股權益 \$'000 千元	Total equity 總權益 \$'000 千元
Balance at 1 January 2014	於二零一四年 一月一日之結餘	373,264	710,477	(251,428)	117,429	31,947	-	(696,413)	285,276	34,441	319,717
Changes in equity for 2014: Loss for the year Other comprehensive income	二零一四年權益變動: 年內虧損 其他全面收益	-	-	-	- (1,427)	-	-	(108,814) -	(108,814) (1,427)	(6,552) (145)	(115,366 (1,572
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	-	-	-	(1,427)	-	-	(108,814)	(110,241)	(6,697)	(116,938
Balance at 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日 及二零一五年 一月一日之結餘	373,264	710,477	(251,428)	116,002	31,947	-	(805,227)	175,035	27,744	202,779
Changes in equity for 2015:	二零一五年 權益變動:										
Loss for the year	年內虧損	-	-	-	-	-	-	(94,469)	(94,469)	(5,804)	(100,273
Other comprehensive income	其他全面收益	-	-	-	(15,820)	-	-	-	(15,820)	(1,376)	(17,19
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	-	-	-	(15,820)	-	-	(94,469)	(110,289)	(7,180)	(117,46
Issuance of convertible bonds	發行可換股債券	-	-	-	-	-	469	-	469	-	46
Balance at 31 December 2015	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日										
	之結餘	373,264	710,477	(251,428)	100,182	31,947	469	(899,696)	65,215	20,564	85,77

The notes on pages 51 to 115 form part of these financial 載於第51頁至115頁之附註為組成此等財 statements.

務報表之一部分。

## **CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

# 綜合現金流量表

for the year ended 31 December 2015 截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度 (Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元列示)

		Note 附註	<b>2015</b> 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Operating activities  Cash generated from operations  People's Republic of China ("PRC")  Enterprise Income Tax paid	營業活動 經營業務所得現金 已付中華人民共和國 (「中國」)企業所得税	14(b)	102,913 (1,070)	75,813 –
Net cash generated from operating activities	營業活動所得現金淨額		101,843	75,813
Investing activities Capital expenditure Interest received Proceeds from disposals of property, plant and equipment	投資活動 資本開支 已收利息 出售物業、廠房及設備 之所得款項		(10,791) 393 1	(5,292) 368 5
Net cash used in investing activities	投資活動所用現金淨額		(10,397)	(4,919)
Financing activities Interest paid Advances from a related party Repayment to a related party Repayment of bank loan Proceeds from issuance of convertible bonds	融資活動 已付利息 關聯方塾支款項 償還關聯方款項 償還銀行貸款 發行可換股債券所得款項		(71,032) 6,250 (6,230) (62,297) 50,000	(79,211) 32,000 (6,311) (28,244)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用現金淨額		(83,309)	(81,766)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等值項目 增加/(減少)淨額		8,137	(10,872)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	於一月一日之現金及現金 等值項目		46,032	56,993
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes	外匯匯率變動之影響		(1,466)	(89)
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	於十二月三十一日 之現金及現金等值項目	14(a)	52,703	46,032

The notes on pages 51 to 115 form part of these financial 載於第51頁至115頁之附註為組成此等財 statements.

務報表之一部分。

## 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Statement of compliance

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with all applicable Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs"), which collective term includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") and Interpretations issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA"), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. These consolidated financial statements also comply with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules"). A summary of the significant accounting policies adopted by the Group is set out below.

The HKICPA has issued certain new and revised HKFRSs that are first effective or available for early adoption for the current accounting period of the Group and the Company. Note 1(c) provides information on any changes in accounting policies resulting from initial application of these developments to the extent that they are relevant to the Group for the current and prior accounting periods reflected in these financial statements.

#### (b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries.

The measurement basis used in the preparation of the financial statements is the historical cost basis.

#### 1 重大會計政策

#### (a) 合規聲明

此等綜合財務報表乃根據所有適用之《香港財務報告準則》(「《香港財務報告準則》」)編製。此統稱詞彙包括香港會計師公會(「香港會計師公會」)頒佈之所有適別《香港財務報告準則》(「香港會計準則》(「香港會計準則」)及詮釋、香港公認會計原則及《香港公司條例》之披露規定。此等財務報表亦符合香港聯合「上等財務報表亦符合香港聯合「上等財務報表亦符合香港聯合「上市規則」)適用之披露規定。交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上集團採用之重大會計政策概要載列如下。

香港會計師公會已頒佈若干新訂及經修訂之《香港財務報告準則》,於本集團及本公司之當前會計期間首次生效或可供提前採納。附註1(c)提供因初次採用該等新訂及經修訂之準則(與本集團於反映於此等財務報表之本會計期間及前會計期間相關)所引致之任何會計政策變動之資料。

### (b) 財務報表之編製基準

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日 止年度之綜合財務報表包括本公 司及其附屬公司之賬目。

編製財務報表所採用之計算基準為歷史成本基準。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

## (b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)

As disclosed in note 22(b), the Group expects to incur non-operating cash outflows of \$168,281,000 within one year, being (i) repayment of bank loans of \$59,680,000 in December 2016; (ii) repayment of convertible bonds of \$50,000,000 payable on demand as at 31 December 2015; and (iii) payment of interests of \$58,601,000 payable quarterly in arrears. In respect of the convertible bonds, as disclosed in note 16(d), the Group was in breach of the financial covenants under the subscription agreement of convertible bonds relating to the Group's consolidated net asset value. Accordingly, the bond holder has the right at any time by notice to the Group to require the convertible bonds to be immediately repaid. Subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Group has obtained consent from the bond holder to revise the financial covenants to reduce the level of consolidated net asset value that the Group is required to maintain. The Group is in the process of formalising the revision of the financial covenants through entering into a supplementary agreement with the bond holder. With the revised covenants, the Group expects to repay the convertible bonds by its original due date, which is December 2016. The Group will be unable to repay these bank loans, convertible bonds and interests in full when they fall due unless it is able to generate sufficient net cash inflows from its operations and/or other sources, since as at 31 December 2015, the Group only had cash and cash equivalents of \$52,703,000.

The directors have been taking various initiatives to improve the Group's operating cash flows, which include:

- implementing various strategies to improve the Group's storage, warehousing and transshipment income to generate additional operating cash inflows:
- putting extra efforts on the collection of trade debtors to improve the debtors turnover days; and
- actively and regularly reviewing its capital structure and sourcing additional capital by issuing bonds or new shares, where appropriate.

## 重大會計政策(續)

#### (b) 財務報表之編製基準(續)

誠如附註22(b)所披露,本集團 預計於一年內產牛非營運現金 流出額168,281,000元,即(i)於 二零一六年十二月償還銀行貸款 59,680,000元;(ii)於二零一五年 十二月三十一日按要求償還可換 股債券50,000,000元;及(iii)每 季末應付利息58,601,000元。 就可換股債券而言,誠如附註 16(d)所披露,本集團違反可換 股債券認購協議下有關本集團綜 合資產淨值之財務契諾。因此, 債券持有人有權隨時向本集團發 出通知,要求立即償還可換股債 券。於結算日,本集團已取得債 券持有人同意,修訂財務契諾, 以降低本集團需維持的綜合資產 淨值水平。本集團現正透過與債 券持有人訂立補充協議,審定財 務契諾之修訂。財務契諾經修訂 後,本集團預期於原到期日(即 二零一六年十二月)償還可換股 債券。除非本集團能夠從經營業 務及/或其他來源產生充足現 金流入淨額,否則待此等銀行貸 款、可換股債券及利息到期時, 本集團將無法悉數履行責任,因 為截至二零一五年十二月三十一 日,本集團只有現金及現金等值 項目52,703,000元。

董事已採取若干方案改善本集團 的營運資金流量,包括:

- 實施多種策略改善本集團 的貯存、倉庫及轉輸業務 收入,以產生額外營運現 金流入;
- 作出更大努力收回貿易應 收賬款,以改善應收賬周 轉期;及
- 積極及定期檢討資本結構 及於適當情況下藉發行債 券或新股尋求額外資本來 源。

#### 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# (b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)

In addition, the group entered into a five-year crude oil supply agreement with Unipec Asia Company Limited ("UNIPEC Asia", the trading arm of SINOPEC who is one of the largest crude oil buyers in the world) in May 2015. Under the crude oil supply agreement, the Group will supply UNIPEC Asia with crude oil up to 15 million metric tons for the first contract year (2016), and up to 25 million metric tons for each subsequent contract year. The directors expect the crude oil supply agreement will generate additional operating cash inflows to support the Group's liquidity needs.

As part of its going concern assessment, the Group has carried out a review of its cash flow forecast and concluded that material uncertainties exist regarding the Group's ability to successfully implement the above initiatives and therefore the achievability of the forecast.

These facts and circumstances indicate the existence of material uncertainties which may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, it may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

Based on the directors' intentions and the cash flow forecast mentioned above, the directors are of the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare the Group's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2015 on a going concern basis. Should the Group not be able to continue to operate as a going concern, adjustments would have to be made to write down the value of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for further liabilities which might arise and to reclassify noncurrent assets and non-current liabilities as current assets and current liabilities respectively. The effect of these adjustments has not been reflected in these financial statements.

#### 1 重大會計政策(續)

#### (b) 財務報表之編製基準(續)

此外,本集團於二零一五年五月與聯合石化亞洲有限公司(「聯內石化亞洲有限公司(「聯內石化亞洲」,全球最大的原油可家之一中石化的貿易公司)訂立 為期五年之原油供應協議,本集團將合約年(二零一六年)向聯合合約年(二零一六年)向聯合石之原油,其後各合約年則供應最多1,500萬公噸之原油,其後各合約年則供應最多2,500萬公噸之原油。董斯明原油供應協議將帶來額外經動資金需要。

作為持續經營評估之一環,本集 團已審閱其現金流預測,結論就 本集團能否成功實行上述計劃並 實現有關預測而言,存在重大不 明朗因素。

該等事實及情況顯示有重大不明 朗因素可能導致本集團的持續經 營能力存在重大疑問,因此,其 可能無法於正常業務過程中變現 資產及清償負債。

基於上述董事意願及現金流預測,董事認為按持續經營基準編製本集團截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年度之財務報表書之一。倘本集團無法繼續按轉之之,則須作出回會基準經營,則須作出回會養養之,則須有,其不可能產生之其他負債動動資產及非流動資產及非流動資產及非流動資產及非流動資產及非流動資產及非流動資產及非流動資產及非流動資產及非流動資產及非流動資產及於對數數表方數學並未於該等財務報表反映。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

## (b) Basis of preparation of the financial statements (continued)

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Judgements made by management in the application of HKFRSs that have significant effect on the financial statements and major sources of estimation uncertainty are discussed in note 2.

#### 重大會計政策(續)

#### (b) 財務報表之編製基準(續)

為編製符合《香港財務報告準則》 之財務報表,管理層需要就可影 響政策應用以及資產、負債、收 入及開支之呈報金額作出判斷、 估計及假設。有關估計及相關假 設乃根據過往經驗,以及多項 在有關情況下相信屬合理之其他 因素而作出,有關結果構成對未 能在其他資料來源顯示之資產及 負債之賬面值作出判斷之基礎。 實際結果可能與有關估計有所不

本公司持續對估計及相關假設進 行檢討。如果會計估計之更改 僅影響該期間,則有關影響在估 計變更期間確認,或如果有關更 改影響本期間及未來期間,則有 關影響於更改期間及未來期間確 認。

附註2論述管理層在應用對財務 報表有重大影響的《香港財務報 告準則》時所作的判斷及估計的 不確定性的主要來源。

#### 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (c) Changes in accounting policies

The HKICPA has issued the following amendments to HKFRSs that are first effective for the current accounting period of the Group:

- Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle
- Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2011-2013 Cycle

The Group has not applied any new standard or interpretation that is not yet effective for the current accounting period. Impacts of the adoption of the amended HKFRSs are discussed below:

Annual Improvements to HKFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle and 2011-2013 Cycle

These two cycles of annual improvements contain amendments to nine standards with consequential amendments to other standards. Among them, HKAS 24, *Related party disclosures* has been amended to expand the definition of a "related party" to include a management entity that provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity, and to require the disclosure of the amounts incurred for obtaining the key management personnel services provided by the management entity. These amendments do not have an impact on the Group's related party disclosures as the Group does not obtain key management personnel services from management entities.

## (d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. The Group controls an entity when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. When assessing whether the Group has power, only substantive rights (held by the Group and other parties) are considered.

#### 1 重大會計政策(續)

#### (c) 會計政策變動

香港會計師公會已頒佈以下《香港財務報告準則》的修訂,並於本集團的本會計期間首次生效:

- 一《香港財務報告準則》二零一零年至二零一二年週期年度改進
- 一《香港財務報告準則》二零一一年至二零一三年週期年度改進

本集團並無採用本會計期間尚未 生效的任何新準則或詮釋。採納 該等經修訂《香港財務報告準則》 之影響討論如下:

《香港財務報告準則》二零一零年 至二零一二年週期及二零一一年 至二零一三年週期年度改進 此兩個週期之年度改進包括九項 準則之修訂及連同其他準則之 相應修訂。其中,《香港會計準 則第24號》「關聯方披露」已予以 修改,藉以將[關聯方]的釋義擴 展為包括提供主要管理人員服務 予申報實體的管理實體,並要求 披露為獲得管理實體提供的主要 管理人員服務而產生的金額。由 於本集團並無自管理實體獲得主 要管理人員服務,故該等修訂對 本集團的關聯方披露並無任何影 響。

## (d) 附屬公司及非控股權益

附屬公司乃受本集團控制之實體。當本集團承受或享有參與實體所得的可變回報,且有能力透過其對實體的權力影響該等回報時,則本集團控制該實體。於評估本集團是否擁有權力時,僅會考慮其實質權利(由本集團及其他方持有)。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (continued)

An investment in a subsidiary is consolidated into the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases. Intra-group balances, transactions and cash flows and any unrealised profits arising from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in the same way as unrealised gains but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

Non-controlling interests represent the equity in a subsidiary not attributable directly or indirectly to the Company, and in respect of which the Group has not agreed any additional terms with the holders of those interests which would result in the Group as a whole having a contractual obligation in respect of those interests that meets the definition of a financial liability. For each business combination, the Group can elect to measure any non-controlling interests either at fair value or at the non-controlling interests' proportionate share of the subsidiary's net identifiable assets.

Non-controlling interests are presented in the consolidated balance sheet within equity, separately from equity attributable to the equity shareholders of the Company. Non-controlling interests in the results of the Group are presented on the face of the consolidated income statement and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income as an allocation of the total profit or loss and total comprehensive income for the year between non-controlling interests and the equity shareholders of the Company. Loans from holders of noncontrolling interests and other contractual obligations towards these holders are presented as financial liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet in accordance with notes 1(m) or (p) depending on the nature of the liability.

Changes in the Group's interests in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions, whereby adjustments are made to the amounts of controlling and non-controlling interests within consolidated equity to reflect the change in relative interests, but no adjustments are made to goodwill and no gain or loss is recognised.

#### 重大會計政策(續)

#### (d) 附屬公司及非控股權益(續)

於附屬公司之投資從擁有控制權 日起被合併入綜合財務報表,直 至該控制權終止時為止。集團內 部往來之結餘、交易及現金流量 以及集團內部交易所產生之任何 未變現溢利,均在編製綜合財務 報表時全數抵銷。在無證據顯示 出現減值之情況下,集團內部交 易所產生之未變現虧損,會按與 未變現收益相同之方法抵銷。

非控股權益指並非由本公司直接 或間接應佔之附屬公司股權, 就此而言,本集團並無與該等權 益之持有人協定任何額外條款, 以致本集團整體上對該等權益產 生符合財務負債的定義的合約責 任。就各業務合併而言,本集團 可選擇按公允值或彼等於附屬公 司可辨認資產淨值的持股比例計 量任何非控股權益。

非控股權益在綜合資產負債表之 權益項目中與本公司股東應佔權 益分開列示。本集團業績之非控 股權益在綜合損益表及綜合全面 收益表呈列以顯示本年度之溢利 或虧損總額和全面收益總額於非 控股權益與本公司股東之間之分 配。來自非控股權益持有人之貸 款及該等持有人之其他合約性責 任, 視乎負債性質根據附註1(m) 或(p)於綜合資產負債表呈列為財 務負債。

本集團就並無導致失去附屬公司 控制權的變動按權益交易入賬, 並對綜合權益中控股及非控股權 益的數額作出調整,以表明相關 權益變動,但並未對商譽作出調 整,且並未確認收益或虧損。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated) (以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (d) Subsidiaries and non-controlling interests (continued)

When the Group loses control of a subsidiary, it is accounted for as a disposal of the entire interest in that subsidiary, with a resulting gain or loss being recognised in profit or loss. Any interest retained in that former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is recognised at fair value and this amount is regarded as the fair value on initial recognition of a financial asset or, when appropriate, the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate or joint venture.

In the Company's balance sheet, an investment in a subsidiary is stated at cost less impairment losses (see note 1(h)).

#### (e) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses (see note 1(h)).

The cost of self-constructed items of property, plant and equipment includes the cost of materials, direct labour, the initial estimate, where relevant, of the costs of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located, and an appropriate proportion of production overheads and borrowing costs (see note 1(t)).

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the item and are recognised in profit or loss on the date of retirement or disposal.

#### 1 重大會計政策(續)

#### (d) 附屬公司及非控股權益(續)

當本集團失去對附屬公司之控制權時,入賬為出售於該附屬公司 之所有權益,且所得收益或虧損 於損益表內確認。於控制權喪失 日於該前附屬公司保留的任何權 益均按公允值予以確認,且該數 額被視為金融資產初步確認之公 允值或(倘適用)於聯營公司或合 營企業之投資初步確認之成本。

於本公司之資產負債表內,於附屬公司之投資按成本減去減值虧損列賬(見附註1(h))。

#### (e) 物業、廠房及設備

物業、廠房及設備按成本減累計折舊及減值虧損列賬(見附註1(h))。

自建物業、廠房及設備項目的成本包括物料成本、直接勞工成本,以及拆卸及搬遷項目及恢復項目所在地原貌之成本之初步估計(倘有關)和適當比例之生產經常費用及借貸成本(見附註1(t))。

報廢或出售物業、廠房及設備項 目所產生之損益是以有關項目之 出售所得款項淨額與賬面值之間 之差額釐定,並在報廢或出售當 日在損益賬內確認。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (e) Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Depreciation is calculated to write off the cost of items of property, plant and equipment, less their residual value, if any, using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

-	Buildings	30 years

Dock and storage facilities 5–30 years

Office equipment 5-10 years

Motor vehicles 5-10 years

Leasehold improvements Over the term of the lease

Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, the cost of the item is allocated on a reasonable basis between the parts and each part is depreciated separately. Both the useful life of an asset and its residual value, if any, are reviewed annually.

#### (f) Intangible assets

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Group are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation (where the estimated useful life is finite) and impairment losses (see note 1(h)). Amortisation of club memberships is charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of 17 to 20 years.

Both the period and method of amortisation are reviewed annually.

### (g) Leased assets

An arrangement, comprising a transaction or a series of transactions, is or contains a lease if the Group determines that the arrangement conveys a right to use a specific asset or assets for an agreed period of time in return for a payment or a series of payments. Such a determination is made based on an evaluation of the substance of the arrangement and is regardless of whether the arrangement takes the legal form of a lease.

#### 重大會計政策(續)

#### (e) 物業、廠房及設備(續)

物業、廠房及設備項目成本之折 舊乃按下列估計可使用年期,在 扣除其殘值(若有)後,以直線法 計算:

樓宇 30年

碼頭及貯存設施 5-30年

辦公室設備 5-10年

汽車 5-10年

租賃物業裝修 租期

當一項物業、廠房及設備項目之 各部分有不同之可使用年期,此 項目各部分之成本將按合理基礎 分配,而每部分將作個別折舊。 一項資產之可使用年期及其殘值 (若有)會每年進行檢討。

#### (f) 無形資產

本集團購入的無形資產按成本減 累計攤銷(當有可預計之估計可 使用年期)及減值虧損列賬(見附 註1(h))。會所會籍之攤銷會按 十七至二十年估計可使用年期以 直線法自損益賬中扣除。

攤銷的期間及方法均會每年進行 檢討。

#### (g) 租賃資產

倘本集團釐定一項安排(不論由 一宗交易或一系列交易組成)附 有權利可於協定期間內以一項或 多項付款換取使用一項特定資產 或多項資產,則該安排為屬於或 包含一項租約。該釐定乃根據對 該安排之內容評估而作出,而不 論該安排是否包含租約之法律形 式。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### 1 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### (g) Leased assets (continued)

(i) Classification of assets leased to the Group Assets that are held by Group under leases which transfer to the Group substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as being held under finance leases. Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Group are classified as operating leases, except that land held for own use under an operating lease, the fair value of which cannot be measured separately from the fair value of a building situated thereon at the inception of the lease, is accounted for as being held under a finance lease, unless the building is also clearly held under an operating lease. For these purposes, the inception of the lease is the time that the lease was first entered into by the Group, or taken over from the previous lessee.

### (ii) Operating lease charges

Where the Group has the use of assets held under operating leases, payments made under the leases are charged to profit or loss in equal instalments over the accounting periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the leased asset. Lease incentives received are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments made. Contingent rentals are charged to profit or loss in the accounting period in which they are incurred.

The cost of acquiring land held under an operating lease is amortised on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease term.

#### 1 重大會計政策(續)

#### (q) 租賃資產(續)

(i) 租予本集團之資產分類

本集團以租約持有之資 產,而其擁有權中的絕大 部分風險及利益均轉移至 本集團,乃分類為根據融 資租賃持有之資產。並無 向本集團轉移擁有權絕大 部分風險及利益之租約乃 分類為經營租賃,惟根 據經營租賃持作自用之 土地,而在租賃初始時其 公允值無法與座落其上面 之建築物之公允值分開計 量,則會按根據融資租賃 持有之物業列賬,惟倘該 樓宇亦明顯根據經營租賃 持有則除外。就此而言, 該租賃之初始時間為本集 團最初訂立有關租約或自 前承租人轉租之時間。

#### (ii) 經營租賃支出

以經營租賃持有土地的收 購成本以直線法於租賃期 內攤銷。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (h) Impairment of assets

#### (i) Impairment of receivables

Current and non-current receivables that are stated at cost or amortised cost are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. Objective evidence of impairment includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about one or more of the following loss events:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- it becoming probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and
- significant changes in the technological, market, economic or legal environment that have an adverse effect on the debtor.

If any such evidence exists, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate (i.e. the effective interest rate computed at initial recognition of these assets), where the effect of discounting is material. This assessment is made collectively where these financial assets share similar risk characteristics. such as similar past due status, and have not been individually assessed as impaired. Future cash flows for financial assets which are assessed for impairment collectively are based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to the collective group.

#### 重大會計政策(續)

#### (h) 資產減值

#### (i) 應收款項減值

按成本或攤銷成本列賬之 流動及非流動應收款項會 於各結算日審閱,以釐定 是否有客觀減值憑證。客 觀減值憑證包括本集團得 悉有關下列一項或多項虧 損事項的可觀察數據:

- 債務人遭遇重大財務 困難;
- 違約,譬如拖欠或無 法如期償還利息或本 余;
- 債務人可能會宣告破 產或進行其他財務重 組;及
- 科技、市場、經濟或 法律環境出現重大變 化而對債務人造成不 利影響。

倘存在任何該等憑證,如 貼現影響重大,減值虧損 是以資產的賬面金額與以 其初始實際利率(即在初始 確認有關資產時計算的實 際利率)折現的預計未來現 金流量現值之間的差額計 量。如按攤銷成本列賬的 金融資產具備類似的風險 特徵,例如類似的逾期情 況及並未單獨被評估為減 值,則有關評估會一同進 行。金融資產的減值評估 按未來現金流並根據與具 有類似信貸風險特徵的資 產的過往虧損的情況評估。

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (h) Impairment of assets (continued)

(i) Impairment of receivables (continued)

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, the impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss. A reversal of an impairment loss shall not result in the asset's carrying amount exceeding that which would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years.

Impairment losses are written off against the corresponding assets directly, except for impairment losses recognised in respect of trade debtors and bills receivable included within trade and other receivables, whose recovery is considered doubtful but not remote. In this case, the impairment losses for doubtful debts are recorded using an allowance account. When the Group is satisfied that recovery is remote, the amount considered irrecoverable is written off against trade debtors and bills receivable directly and any amounts held in the allowance account relating to that debt are reversed. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously charged to the allowance account are reversed against the allowance account. Other changes in the allowance account and subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off directly are recognised in profit or loss.

### (ii) Impairment of other assets

Internal and external sources of information are reviewed at each balance sheet date to identify indications that the following assets may be impaired or an impairment loss previously recognised no longer exists or may have decreased:

- property, plant and equipment;
- interests in land held for own use under operating leases;
- intangible assets;

#### 重大會計政策(續)

#### (h) 資產減值(續)

(i) 應收款項減值(續)

倘於其後期間減值虧損金 額減少,而該減少可客觀 地與減值虧損獲確認後發 生之事件有關,則減值虧 損會诱過損益賬回撥。回 撥之減值虧損不應導致資 產賬面值超逾過往年度並 無確認減值虧損之金額。

減值虧損應從相關資產中 直接撇銷,但就包含在應 收貿易及其他款項中、可 收回性被視為可疑並非微 乎其微的應收貿易款項及 應收票據確認的減值虧損 除外,呆賬減值虧損以撥 備賬記錄。倘本集團相信 收回性極低,該視為不可 收回的金額會從應收貿易 款項及應收票據中直接撇 銷,而在撥備賬中有關該 債項的任何金額會被回 撥。若之前計入撥備賬的 款項在其後收回,則相關 款項自撥備賬回撥。撥備 賬的其他變動及之前直接 撇銷而其後收回的款項, 均在損益賬確認。

### (ii) 其他資產減值

內部和外來之信息來源會 在每個結算日審閱,以確 定下列資產有否出現減值 跡象,或以往確認之減值 虧損是否不復存在或可能 已經減少:

- 物業、廠房及設備;
- 根據經營租約持作自 用之土地權益;
- 無形資產;

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (h) Impairment of assets (continued)

- (ii) Impairment of other assets (continued)
  - non-current prepayments; and
  - investments in subsidiaries in the Company's balance sheet

If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

Calculation of recoverable amount The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using the pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. Where an asset does not generate cash inflows largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows independently (i.e. a cash-generating unit).

Recognition of impairment losses An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss if the carrying amount of an asset, or the cashgenerating unit to which it belongs, exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amount of the assets in the unit (or group of units) on a pro rata basis, except that the carrying value of an asset will not be reduced below its individual fair value less costs of disposal (if measurable) or value in use (if determinable).

#### 重大會計政策(續)

#### (h) 資產減值(續)

- (ii) 其他資產減值(續)
  - 非流動預付款項;及
  - 本公司資產負債表中 於附屬公司的投資。

如有仟何減值跡象存在, 則估計資產的可收回價值。

計算可收回價值 資產之可收回價值為 其公允值減去處置費 用之淨額與使用價值 兩者中之較高者。在 評估使用價值時,預 期未來現金流量會按 可以反映當時市場對 貨幣時間值及資產特 定風險之評估之稅前 貼現率,貼現至其現 值。如果資產所產生 之現金流入基本上不 能獨立於其他資產所 產生之現金流入,則 會以可獨立產生現金 流入之最小一組資產 (即現金產生單位)來 釐定可收回價值。

#### 確認減值虧損

減值虧損於一項資產 或其所屬現金產生單 位之賬面值超逾其可 收回價值時於損益表 內確認。就現金產生 單位確認之減值虧 損,會按比例分攤以 減低現金產生單位(或 一組單位)內之資產之 賬面值,惟將不會減 低資產賬面值至低於 其個別公允值減出售 成本,或其使用價值 (若可確定)。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (h) Impairment of assets (continued)

- (ii) Impairment of other assets (continued)
  - Reversal of impairment losses An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. A reversal of an impairment loss is limited to the asset's carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised in prior years. Reversals of impairment losses are credited to the profit or loss in the year in which the reversals are recognised.

#### Consumable parts

Consumable parts held for repair and maintenance purposes by the Group are stated at cost less any provision for obsolescence.

#### Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts (see note 1(h)), except where the receivables are interest-free loans made to related parties without any fixed repayment terms or the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases, the receivables are stated at cost less allowance for impairment of doubtful debts.

#### (k) Convertible bonds

Convertible bonds that can be converted to equity share capital at the option of the holder, where the number of shares that would be issued on conversion and the value of the consideration that would be received at that time do not vary, are accounted for as compound financial instruments which contain both a liability component and an equity component.

#### 重大會計政策(續)

## (h) 資產減值(續)

- (ii) 其他資產減值(續)
  - 減值虧損回撥

倘若用以釐定可收回 價值之估計發生有利 變化,便會將減值虧 損回撥。所回撥之減 值虧損限於該資產於 過往年度並無確認減 值虧損時之賬面值。 減值虧損回撥於確認 回撥之年度計入損益。

#### 消耗品

本集團持作維修之用之消耗品按 成本減廢棄撥備列賬。

#### 貿易及其他應收款項

貿易及其他應收款項初步按公允 值確認入賬,其後則使用實際利 率法按攤銷成本,扣除呆賬減值 撥備(見附註1(h))列賬,惟倘應 收款項屬於向關連人士所提供且 無任何固定還款期之免息貸款或 貼現並無重大影響則除外。於該 等情況下,應收款項乃按成本扣 除呆賬減值撥備列賬。

#### (k) 可轉換債券

當可轉換債券的持有人可以選擇 將該債券轉換成股本,而轉換的 股票數量和轉換對價隨後不會變 動,則可轉換債券按照包含負債 部分和權益部分的混合金融工具 進行會計處理。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (k) Convertible bonds (continued)

At initial recognition the liability component of the convertible bonds is measured as the present value of the future interest and principal payments, discounted at the market rate of interest applicable at the time of initial recognition to similar liabilities that do not have a conversion option. Any excess of proceeds over the amount initially recognised as the liability component is recognised as the equity component. Transaction costs that relate to the issue of a compound financial instrument are allocated to the liability and equity components in proportion to the allocation of proceeds.

The liability component is subsequently carried at amortised cost. The interest expense recognised in profit or loss on the liability component is calculated using the effective interest method. The equity component is recognised in the capital reserve until either the bond is converted or redeemed.

If the bond is converted, the capital reserve, together with the carrying amount of the liability component at the time of conversion, is transferred to share capital and share premium as consideration for the shares issued. If the bond is redeemed, the capital reserve is released directly to retained profits.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and on hand, demand deposits with banks and other financial institutions, and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition.

### (m) Interest-bearing borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between the amount initially recognised and redemption value being recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings, together with any interest and fees payable, using the effective interest method.

#### 重大會計政策(續)

#### (k) 可轉換債券(續)

可轉換債券的負債部分於初始確 認時以未來支付的利息和本金的 現值計量,折現的利率參考於初 始確認時沒有轉換選擇權的類似 債務的市場利率。所得款項超過 初始確認為負債部分的金額會被 確認為權益部分。發行複合金融 工具的相關交易費用按照負債部 分和權益部分佔所得款項的比例 分配。

負債部分其後按攤銷成本列賬。 就負債部分於損益確認的利息開 支使用實際利率法計算。權益部 分於股本儲備確認,直至債券轉 換或贖回為止。

債券轉換時,股本儲備連同負債 部分於轉換時的賬面值轉至股本 及股本溢價,作為所發行股份之 代價。倘贖回債券,股本儲備直 接解除至保留溢利。

#### (I) 現金及現金等值項目

現金及現金等值項目包括銀行存 款及現金、存放於銀行及其他財 務機構之活期存款,以及短期及 高流動性之投資。此等投資可以 隨時換算為已知之現金額,而價 值變動方面之風險不大,並在購 入後三個月內到期。

### (m) 計息借貸

計息借貸初始按公允值減應佔交 易成本確認。於最初確認後,計 息借貸是以攤銷成本列賬,而初 始確認金額與贖回價值之間之任 何差額連同任何應付利息及費用 按實際利率法在借貸期間於損益 內確認。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (n) Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits and contributions to defined contribution retirement plans Salaries, annual bonuses, paid annual leave, contributions to defined contribution retirement plans and the cost of non-monetary benefits are accrued in the year in which the associated services are rendered by employees. Where payment or settlement is deferred and the effect would be material, these amounts are stated at their present values.

#### **Share-based payments**

The fair value of share options granted to employees is recognised as an employee cost with a corresponding increase in a share-based compensation reserve within equity. The fair value is measured at grant date after taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. Where the employees have to meet vesting conditions before becoming unconditionally entitled to the options, the total estimated fair value of the share options is spread over the vesting period, taking into account the probability that the options will vest.

During the vesting period, the number of share options that is expected to vest is reviewed. Any resulting adjustment to the cumulative fair value recognised in prior years is charged/credited to the profit or loss for the year of the review, unless the original employee expenses qualify for recognition as an asset, with a corresponding adjustment to the share-based compensation reserve. On vesting date, the amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of options that vest (with a corresponding adjustment to the share-based compensation reserve) except where forfeiture is only due to not achieving vesting conditions that relate to the market price of the Company's shares. The equity amount is recognised in the sharebased compensation reserve until either the option is exercised (when it is transferred to the share premium account) or the option expires (when it is released directly to accumulated losses).

#### 重大會計政策(續)

#### (n) 僱員福利

(i) 短期僱員福利及向定額供 款退休計劃作出之供款 薪金、年度獎金、有薪年 假、定額供款退休計劃之 供款及非貨幣利益之成 本,均在僱員提供相關服 務之年度內累計。如延遲 支付或結算且會構成重大 影響,則上述數額須按現 值列賬。

#### (ii) 以股份為基礎之支出

授予員工之購股權之公允 值確認為員工成本, 並相 應於股本內增加股份薪酬 儲備。公允值於授予日期 經考慮有關購股權之授出 條款及條件後釐定。倘員 工須符合歸屬條件方能無 條件取得購股權,則購股 權之估計公允值總額將於 歸屬期間攤分,並考慮到 購股權將予歸屬持有人所 有之可能性。

於歸屬期間,預期歸屬之 購股權數目將獲審核。對 於過往年度確認之累計公 允值作出之任何調整,將 支取/計入審核年度之損 益賬,除非原來之員工開 支可獲確認為資產,則於 股份薪酬儲備中作出相應 調整。於歸屬日,已確認 為開支之金額將調整至反 映歸屬之購股權之實際數 目(並於股份薪酬儲備中作 出相應調整),惟因無法 達到與本公司股份市價相 關之歸屬條件而喪失者除 外。股本金額將於股份薪 酬儲備確認,直到購股權 獲行使(屆時轉撥至股份溢 價賬)或購股權期屆滿(屆 時直接撥入累計虧損)。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (o) Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or in equity, respectively.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

Apart from certain limited exceptions, all deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing taxable temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

#### 重大會計政策(續)

#### (o) 所得税

本年度所得税包括本期税項及遞 延税項資產及負債之變動。本期 税項及遞延税項資產及負債之變 動均在損益賬內確認,但與直接 確認為其他全面收益或權益項目 相關者,則分別確認為其他全面 收益項目或權益。

本期税項乃按本年度應課税收 入,根據已生效或在結算日實質 上已生效之税率計算而預期應付 之税項,並就過往年度應付税項 作出任何調整。

遞延税項資產及負債分別由可抵 扣及應課税暫時性差異產生。暫 時性差異是指資產及負債在就財 務呈報目的之賬面值與其稅基之 差異。遞延税項資產亦可以由未 利用税項虧損及未利用税項抵免 產生。

除了某些有限之例外情況外,所 有遞延税項負債及遞延税項資產 (只以未來可能有應課税溢利予 以抵銷之資產為限)均會確認。 支持確認由可抵扣暫時性差異所 產生遞延税項資產之未來應課税 溢利,包括因回撥現有應課税暫 時性差異而產生之數額;但有關 差異必須與同一税務機關及同一 應課税實體有關,並預期在可抵 扣暫時性差異預計回撥之同一期 間或遞延税項資產所產生之税項 虧損向後期或向前期結轉之期間 內回撥。在決定現有之應課税暫 時性差異是否足以支持確認由未 利用税項虧損及抵免所產生之遞 延税項資產時,亦會採用同一準 則,倘涉及同一税務機關及同一 應課税實體,而且預期可利用税 項虧損及抵免之同一個或多個期 間內回撥,則予以計算在內。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (o) Income tax (continued)

The limited exceptions to recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities are those temporary differences arising from the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit (provided they are not part of a business combination) and temporary differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that, in the case of taxable differences, the Group controls the timing of the reversal and it is probable that the differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future, or in the case of deductible differences, unless it is probable that they will reverse in the future.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on undistributed profits of investments in subsidiaries, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

#### 重大會計政策(續)

#### (o) 所得税(續)

遞延税項資產及負債確認之有限 例外情況包括不影響會計或應課 税溢利(如屬業務合併之一部分 則除外)之資產或負債之初次確 認,以及於附屬公司之投資之 暫時性差異(如屬應課税差異, 只限於本集團可以控制回撥之時 間,而且在可預見之將來不大可 能回撥之差異;或如屬可扣減之 差異,則只限於可在將來回撥之 差異)。

已確認之遞延税項數額是按照資 產及負債賬面值之預期變現或清 償方式,以於結算日已生效或實 際生效之税率計量。遞延税項資 產及負債均不須貼現。

遞延税項資產之賬面值,每個結 算日予以重計,並於不可能再有 足夠應課税溢利可利用有關税務 優惠予以削減。任何有關減少在 可能有足夠應課税溢利可供抵免 時回撥。

於附屬公司之未分配利潤所產生 的應課税暫時性差異會確認為遞 延税項負債,但本集團能夠控制 這些暫時性差異的回撥,及暫時 性差異在可見將來很可能不會回 撥的情況則例外。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (o) Income tax (continued)

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities, if the Company or the Group has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Company or the Group intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously: or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
  - the same taxable entity; or
  - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

## (p) Other payables

Other payables (including amounts due to related parties) are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently stated at amortised cost unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

#### 重大會計政策(續)

#### (o) 所得税(續)

本期税項結餘及遞延税項結餘及 其變動額會分開列示,並且不予 抵銷。倘本公司或本集團有法定 行使權以本期税項資產抵銷本期 税項負債,並且符合以下附帶條 件之情況下,本期税項資產與遞 延税項資產始會分別與本期税項 負債及遞延税項負債抵銷:

- 倘為本期税項資產及負 債,本公司或本集團計劃 按淨額基準結算,或同時 變現該資產及清償該負 債;或
- 倘為遞延税項資產及負 債,而此等資產及負債與 同一税務機關就以下其中 一項徵收之所得税有關:
  - 同一應課税實體;或
  - 不同之應課税實體。 此等實體計劃在日後 每個預計有大額遞延 税項負債需要清償或 大額遞延税項資產可 以收回之期間內,按 淨額基準變現本期税 項資產及清償本期税 項負債,或同時變現 該資產及清償該負債。

#### (p) 其他應付款項

其他應付款項(包括應付關聯方 款項)初步按公允值確認,其後 則按攤銷成本列賬,惟在貼現並 無重大影響之情況下,則按成本 列賬。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (g) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised for other liabilities of uncertain timing or amount when the Group or the Company has a legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Where the time value of money is material, provisions are stated at the present value of the expenditure expected to settle the obligation.

Where it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or nonoccurrence of one or more future events are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

### (r) Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Provided it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in profit or loss as follows:

- Rental income receivable under operating leases is recognised in profit or loss in equal instalments over the periods covered by the lease term, except where an alternative basis is more representative of the pattern of benefits to be derived from the use of the leased asset. Lease incentives granted are recognised in profit or loss as an integral part of the aggregate net lease payments receivable.
- Port income is recognised upon performance of the services.
- (iii) Interest income is recognised as it accrues using the effective interest method.

#### 重大會計政策(續)

#### (q) 撥備及或然負債

如果本集團或本公司須就已發生 之事件承擔法律或推定責任, 而會導致經濟利益外流以履行該 項責任及在可以作出可靠之估計 時,則就該時間或數額不定之其 他負債計提準備。如果貨幣時間 價值重大,則按履行責任預計所 需支出之現值計提準備。

如經濟利益流出之可能性較低, 或無法對有關數額作出可靠之估 計,則會將該責任披露為或然負 倩, 但經濟利益外流之可能性極 低則除外。如果有關責任須視平 某宗或多宗未來事件是否發生才 能確定是否存在,則會披露為或 然負債,除非經濟利益外流之可 能性極低。

#### (r) 收入確認

收入是以已收或應收代價的公允 值計算,只有在經濟利益可能會 流入本集團,以及能夠可靠地計 算收入和成本(如適用)時,根據 下列方法在損益內確認:

- 經營租賃之應收租金收入 在租賃期所涵蓋之期間 內,以等額分期在損益內 確認;但如有其他基準能 更清楚地反映使用租賃資 產所產生之利益模式則除 外。租賃優惠措施在損益 內確認為應收租賃淨付款 總額之組成部分。
- (ii) 港口收入於提供服務時確 認。
- (iii) 利息收入按採用實際利率 法累算所得確認。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (r) Revenue recognition (continued)

(iv) Government grants are recognised in the balance sheet initially when there is reasonable assurance that they will be received and that the Group will comply with the conditions attaching to them. Grants that compensate the Group for expenses incurred are recognised as income in profit or loss on a systematic basis in the same periods in which the expenses are incurred. Grants that compensate the Group for the cost of an asset are deducted from the carrying amount of the asset and consequently are effectively recognised in profit or loss over the useful life of the asset by way of reduced depreciation expense.

#### (s) Translation of foreign currencies

The functional currencies of the Company and its subsidiaries in the PRC are Hong Kong dollars and Renminbi Yuan ("RMB") respectively. The Group adopted Hong Kong dollars as its presentation currency.

Foreign currency transactions during the year are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the foreign exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was measured.

#### 重大會計政策(續)

#### (r) 收入確認(續)

(iv) 倘可合理確定能夠收取政 府補助金,而本集團將符 合政府補助金所附帶的條 件,則政府補助金將初步 在資產負債表中確認。補 償本集團所產生開支的補 助金於產生開支的同一期 間有系統地於損益中確認 為收益。補償本集團資產 成本的補助金乃於該資產 之賬面值扣減,從而實際 上通過減少折舊費用按資 產的使用年限在損益賬確 認。

#### (s) 外幣換算

本公司及其於中國之附屬公司之 功能貨幣分別為港元及人民幣 (「人民幣」)。本集團採納港元為 呈列貨幣。

年內之外幣交易按交易日的匯率 換算。以外幣計值之貨幣資產及 負債均按結算日之匯率換算。匯 兑盈虧均於損益賬內確認。

以歷史成本計量之外幣非貨幣資 產及負債按交易日之匯率換算。 以公允值計量之外幣非貨幣資產 及負債,則以釐定其公允值當日 之匯率換算。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### **Translation of foreign currencies** (continued)

The results of operations with functional currency other than Hong Kong dollars are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the exchange rates approximating the exchange rates ruling at the dates of the transactions. Balance sheet items are translated into Hong Kong dollars at the closing exchange rates at the balance sheet date. The resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the translation reserve.

On disposal of an operation with functional currency other than Hong Kong dollars, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that operation is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the profit or loss on disposal is recognised.

#### (t) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset which necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of that asset. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The capitalisation of borrowing costs as part of the cost of a qualifying asset commences when expenditure for the asset is being incurred, borrowing costs are being incurred and activities that are necessary to prepare the asset for its intended use. Capitalisation of borrowing costs is suspended or ceases when substantially all the activities necessary to prepare the qualifying asset for its intended use are complete.

#### 重大會計政策(續)

#### (s) 外幣換算(續)

功能貨幣為港元以外之貨幣之業 務業績按與交易日的匯率相若 之匯率換算為港元。資產負債表 項目則按結算日之匯率換算為港 元。所產生之匯兑差額計入其他 全面收益及於匯兑儲備權益中分 開累計。

在出售一項業務而其功能貨幣並 非港元時,當確認出售的利潤或 虧損後,有關該業務的累計匯兑 差異金額會從權益重新分類到損 益內。

#### (t) 借貸成本

直接與為收購、建造或生產需頗 長時間方可達致擬定用途或銷售 目的之資產有關的借貸成本均資 本化為資產的部分成本。其他借 貸成本於產生之期間支銷。

屬於合資格資產成本一部分的借 貸成本在資產產生開支、借貸成 本產生和使資產投入擬定用途期 間開始資本化。在使合資格資產 投入擬定用途所必須的絕大部分 工作完成時,借貸成本便會暫停 或停止資本化。

#### 財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued) 1

#### (u) Related parties

- (a) A person, or a close member of that person's family, is related to the Group if that person:
  - has control or joint control over the Group;
  - (ii) has significant influence over the Group; or
  - (iii) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent.
- An entity is related to the Group if any of the following conditions applies:
  - The entity and the Group are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others).
  - One entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member).
  - (iii) Both entities are joint ventures of the same third party.
  - (iv) One entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity.
  - The entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Group or an entity related to the Group.
  - (vi) The entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (a).
  - (vii) A person identified in (a)(i) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).
  - (viii) The entity, or any member of a group of which it is a part, provides key management personnel services to the group or to the group's parent.

#### 重大會計政策(續)

#### (u) 關連人士

- (a) 倘屬以下人士,即該人士 或該人士之近親與本集團 有關連:
  - (i) 控制或共同控制本集 專;
  - 對本集團有重大影 響;或
  - 為本集團或本集團母 公司的主要管理層成
- 倘符合下列任何條件,即 此實體與本集團有關連:
  - 該實體與本集團屬同 一集團之成員公司(即 各母公司、附屬公司 及同系附屬公司彼此 間有關連)。
  - 一家實體為另一實體 的聯營公司或合營企 業(或另一實體為成員 公司之集團旗下成員 公司之聯營公司或合 營企業)。
  - (iii) 兩家實體均為同一第 三方的合營企業。
  - (iv) 一家實體為第三方實 體的合營企業,而另 一實體為該第三方實 體的聯營公司。
  - 此實體為本集團或與 本集團有關連之實體 就僱員利益設立的離 職福利計劃。
  - (vi) 此實體受(a)所識別人 士控制或受共同控制。
  - (vii) 於(a)(i)所識別人士對 此實體有重大影響力 或屬該實體(或該實體 的母公司)主要管理層 成員。
  - (viii) 此實體或任何組成集 團一部分的成員公司 向該集團或其母公司 提供主要管理人員服 務。

財務報表附註

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

#### (u) Related parties (continued)

Close members of the family of a person are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that person in their dealings with the entity.

#### (v) Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

#### **ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES**

The critical accounting judgements in applying the Group's accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty are as follows:

#### (a) Going concern

As disclosed in note 1(b), the directors have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis as they are of the opinion that the Group has adequate sources of liquidity to fund the Group's working capital and to meet its debt obligations as they become due based on the cash flow forecast prepared by the directors. Any adverse result on the actual future cash flow would affect the Group's ability to continue as a going concern.

#### 重大會計政策(續)

#### (u) 關連人士(續)

有關人士之近親家族成員為預期 於買賣實體時將影響該人十或受 該人士影響之該等家族成員。

#### (v) 分部報告

經營分部及財務報表內申報各分 部之金額,乃取自向本集團最高 行政管理層定期提供用作向本集 團各項業務及地點分配資源並評 估其表現之財務資料。

個別重大經營分部不會為財務申 報目的而合計,除非有關分部 具有類似經濟特性,並提供類似 的產品及服務性質、生產工序性 質、客戶類型或類別、分銷產品 或提供服務方法,以及監管環境 性質。個別非重大的經營分部倘 符合上述大多數準則可予合計。

#### 會計判斷及估計

應用本集團會計政策之關鍵會計判斷 及估計不確定因素之主要來源如下:

#### (a) 持續經營

如附註1(b)披露,董事已按持續 經營基準編製財務報表,因為彼 等認為根據彼等所編製的現金流 量預測,本集團擁有充足的流動 資金來源,可以為本集團營運資 金撥資,並於債務責任到期時履 行。實際未來現金流出現任何不 利業績均會對本集團持續經營的 能力造成影響。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES** (continued)

#### (b) Impairments

The Group reviews the carrying amounts of assets at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment. When indication of impairment is identified, management prepares discounted future cash flow to assess the differences between the carrying amount and value in use and provides for impairment loss. Any change in the assumptions adopted in the cash flow forecasts would increase or decrease in the provision of impairment loss and affect the Group's financial position.

Provision for impairment of trade and other receivables is assessed and provided based on the management's regular review of ageing analysis and evaluation of collectibility. A considerable level of judgement is exercised by the directors when assessing the credit worthiness and past collection history of each individual customer. Any increase or decrease in the provision would affect the Group's profit or loss in future years.

## (c) Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The Group reviews the estimated useful lives of the assets regularly in order to determine the amount of depreciation expense to be recorded during the reporting period. The depreciation expense for future periods is adjusted if there are significant changes from previous estimation.

## (d) Lease classification

Leases are classified as operating leases if the duration of the arrangement are for less than a major part of the facilities' useful lives and the present value of the minimum payments under the arrangement does not amount to at least substantially all of the fair value of the facilities. The conclusion on classification of leases may be affected if there are significant changes in assumptions adopted in the estimates of the facilities' useful lives and the present value of the minimum payments. The Group uses all readily available information in estimating the useful lives and present value of minimum payments.

#### 會計判斷及估計(續) 2

#### (b) 減值

本集團於每個結算日審閱資產的 賬面值,以確定有否客觀減值證 據。當發現有減值跡象,管理層 便會編製貼現未來現金流量以評 估賬面值及使用價值的差額及計 提減值虧損。於現金流預測中採 用的假設的任何變更會令減值虧 損撥備增加或減少及影響本集團 的財務狀況。

貿易及其他應收款項之減值撥備 乃根據管理層定期審閱賬齡分析 及評估可收回程度來作出評估及 計提撥備。董事於評估各個別客 戶之信譽及過往收賬紀錄時,須 作出相當程度之判斷。撥備之任 何增減將影響本集團未來年度之 損益。

# (c) 折舊

物業、廠房及設備以直線法按資 產的估計可使用年期折舊。本集 團會定期檢討報告期間資產的估 計可使用年期,以釐定任何報告 期間的折舊開支金額。未來的折 舊開支會因應過往估計數字的重 大變化而調整。

#### (d) 租賃分類

倘租賃分類所涉之期間並不佔設 施之大部分可使用年期,而根據 安排支付之最低款項之現值並非 佔設施之絕大部分公允值,則租 賃會分類為經營租賃。倘估計設 施可使用年期及最低付款之現值 時所採納之假設出現重大變動, 租賃之分類或會受到影響。本集 團於估計可使用年期及最低付款 之現值時,會使用所有可取得資 料。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND ESTIMATES** (continued)

#### (e) Provision for taxation

Judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are transactions during the ordinary course of business for which calculations of the ultimate tax provision is uncertain. The final outcomes are subject to uncertainties and resulting liabilities may exceed provisions or tax losses may not be carried forward.

Recognition of deferred tax assets, which principally related to tax loses, depends on the management's expectation of taxable profit that will be available against which the tax losses can be utilised. Any difference of the actual outcome and estimated profit would affect the utilisation of deferred tax assets.

#### **REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING**

#### (a) Revenue

The principal activities of the Group are provision of terminal, storage, warehousing and transhipment services for oil and petrochemical products.

Revenue represents port income and storage, warehousing and transshipment income. The amount of each significant category recognised in revenue during the year is as follows:

#### 會計判斷及估計(續)

#### (e) 税項撥備

釐定所得税撥備時需要作出判 斷。於日常業務過程中會出現其 最終釐定税項並不確定之交易。 最終結果受到不確定因素影響, 故所產生之負債或會高於撥備之 金額或税項虧損不會結轉。

遞延税項資產(主要與税項虧損 有關)之確認取決於管理層就可 動用税項虧損進行抵銷之對可得 應課税溢利之預測。實際結果與 估計溢利之間有任何差異均會影 響遞延税項資產的使用。

#### 收入及分部報告

#### (a) 收入

本集團之主要業務為提供石油和 石化產品碼頭、貯存、倉庫及轉 輸服務。

收入指港口收入及貯存、倉庫和 轉輸收入。年內於收入內確認之 各重大類別金額如下:

		<b>2015</b> 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Storage, warehousing and transshipment income Port income	貯存、倉庫及轉輸收入 港口收入	218,166 5,037	206,686 4,820
		223,203	211,506

In 2015, the Group has no customer (2014: one customer) with whom transactions have exceeded 10% of the Group's revenues. In 2014, revenue from provision of storage and transshipment services to this customer, including revenues from entities which are known to the Group to be under common control with this customer, amounted to approximately \$24 million. Details of concentrations of credit risk arising from the Group's major customers are set out in note 22(a).

於二零一五年,本集團並無客戶 (二零一四年:有一名客戶)與本 集團進行之交易超過本集團收入 之10%。於二零一四年,向該名 客戶提供貯存及轉輸服務所得之 收入,包括本集團已知受該名客 戶共同控制之實體所得之收入為 約2,400萬元。因本集團主要客 戶產生信貸風險集中之詳情,載 於附註22(a)。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING** (continued)

#### (b) Segment reporting

The Group manages its businesses by entities, which are organised by geography. In a manner consistent with the way in which information is reported internally to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and performance assessment, the Group has identified the following two reportable segments. No operating segments have been aggregated to form the following reportable segments.

- Xiao Hu Island Terminal ("XHIT"): this segment represents the Group's provision of terminal, storage, warehousing and transshipment activities carried out in Panyu, the PRC.
- Dongzhou International Terminal ("DZIT"): this segment represents the Group's provision of terminal, storage and transshipment activities carried out in Dongguan, the PRC.
- (i) Segment results, assets and liabilities For the purposes of assessing segment performance and allocating resources between segments, the Group's senior executive management monitors the results, assets and liabilities attributable to each reportable segment on the following bases:

Segment assets include all tangible, intangible assets and current assets with the exception of investments in subsidiaries and other corporate assets. Segment liabilities include other payables and accruals attributable to the individual segments and bank borrowings managed directly by the segments.

Revenue and expenses are allocated to the reportable segments with reference to revenue generated by those segments and the expenses incurred by those segments or which otherwise arise from the depreciation or amortisation of assets attributable to those segments.

#### 收入及分部報告(續)

#### (b) 分部報告

本集團透過按地區劃分之實體管 理其業務。根據與向本集團最 高層行政管理人員內部匯報資料 以分配資源及評價表現一致之方 式,本集團識別到以下兩個可報 告分部。本集團並無合併任何經 營分部,以組成下列之可報告分 部。

- 小虎島碼頭(「小虎石化 庫」):此分部為本集團於 中國番禺經營之提供碼 頭、貯存、倉庫及轉輸之 業務。
- 東洲國際碼頭(「東洲石化 庫」):此分部為本集團於 中國東莞經營之提供碼 頭、貯存及轉輸之業務。
- (i) 分部業績、資產及負債 就評價分部表現及分配分 部資源而言,本集團最高 層行政管理人員按以下基 準監察各可報告分部應佔 之業績、資產及負債:

分部資產包括所有有形資 產、無形資產及流動資 產,但不包括於附屬公司 之投資及其他公司資產。 分部負債包括各分部應佔 之其他應付款項及計提費 用,以及各分部直接管理 之銀行貸款。

收入及支出經參照可報告 分部所產生之收入及該等 分部所產生之支出或該等 分部應佔資產所產生之折 舊或攤銷金額而分配至可 報告分部。

#### 3 REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

#### (b) Segment reporting (continued)

(i) Segment results, assets and liabilities (continued)
The measure used for reporting segment profit/
(loss) is "profit/(loss) before taxation", i.e. "adjusted earnings/(losses) before taxes". To arrive at "profit/
(loss) before taxation", the Group's earnings/
(losses) are further adjusted for items not specifically attributed to individual segments, such as head office or corporate administration costs.

In addition to receiving segment information concerning profit/(loss) before taxation, management is provided with segment information concerning revenue, interest income and finance costs.

Information regarding the Group's reportable segments provided to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance for the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014 is set out below.

#### 3 收入及分部報告(續)

#### (b) 分部報告(續)

(i) 分部業績、資產及負債(續) 匯報分部溢利/(虧損)所 採用之方法為「除税前溢 利/(虧損)」,即「未計税 項前之經調整盈利/(虧 損)」。為達致「除税前溢 利/(虧損)」,本集團之歸 利/(虧損)就並無特定歸 屬個別分部之項目(如總部 或公司行政成本)作出調 整。

> 除獲得有關除税前溢利/ (虧損)之分部資料外,管 理層亦獲提供有關收入、 利息收入及財務成本之分 部資料。

> 截至二零一五年及二零 一四年十二月三十一日止 年度,有關提供予本集团 最高層行政管理人員以分 配資源及評估分部資料或 本集團可報告分部資料載 列於下文。

		XHIT 小虎石化庫		<b>DZIT</b> 東洲石化庫		Total 總計	
		<b>2015</b> 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元	2015 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元	2015 二零一五年 <b>\$</b> ′000 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Reportable segment revenue	可報告分部收入	110,318	104,094	112,885	107,412	223,203	211,506
Reportable segment profit/(loss) before taxation	可報告分部除税前 溢利/(虧損)	11,518	2,980	(79,743)	(86,734)	(68,225)	(83,754)
Interest income Finance costs	利息收入 財務成本	306 11,057	146 13,592	77 59,599	91 65,550	383 70,656	237 79,142
Reportable segment assets	可報告分部資產	1,340,190	1,475,931	1,083,813	1,245,754	2,424,003	2,721,685
Reportable segment liabilities	可報告分部負債	1,209,914	1,355,950	983,785	1,057,807	2,193,699	2,413,757

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### 3 **REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING** (continued)

# **(b)** Segment reporting (continued)

(ii) Reconciliations of reportable segment revenues, profit or loss, assets and liabilities

# 收入及分部報告(續)

# (b) 分部報告(續)

(ii) 可報告分部收入、損益、 資產及負債之對賬

		2015 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 <b>\$</b> '000 千元
Revenue	收入		
Reportable segment revenue	可報告分部收入	223,203	211,506
Consolidated revenue	綜合收入	223,203	211,506
Loss	虧損		
Reportable segment loss	可報告分部除税前虧損		
before taxation Unallocated other	未分配其他	(68,225)	(83,754)
(expenses)/income	(支出)/收益	(193)	75
Unallocated head office and	未分配總部及公司支出	` ,	
corporate expenses		(29,113)	(31,812)
Consolidated loss before taxation	綜合除税前虧損	(97,531)	(115,491)
Assets	資產		
Reportable segment assets	可報告分部資產	2,424,003	2,721,685
Elimination of inter-segment receivables	沖銷分部間之應收款項	(966,691)	(1,031,709)
receivables			
Unallocated head office and	未分配總部及公司資產	1,457,312	1,689,976
corporate assets	<b>小为的心部人</b> 名可莫定	38,411	20,355
Consolidated total assets	綜合總資產	1,495,723	1,710,331
Liabilities	負債		
Reportable segment liabilities Elimination of inter-segment	可報告分部負債 沖銷分部間之應付款項	2,193,699	2,413,757
payables		(966,691)	(1,031,709)
		1,227,008	1,382,048
Unallocated head office and	未分配總部及公司負債		, , ,
corporate liabilities		182,936	125,504
Consolidated total liabilities	綜合總負債	1,409,944	1,507,552

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **REVENUE AND SEGMENT REPORTING** (continued) 3

## (b) Segment reporting (continued)

#### (iii) Geographic information

The following table sets out information about the geographical location of (i) the Group's revenue from external customers and (ii) the Group's property, plant and equipment, interests in land held for own use under operating leases, intangible assets, noncurrent prepayments ("specified non-current assets"). The geographical location of customers is based on the location at which the services were provided. The geographical location of the specified non-current assets is based on the physical location of the asset.

#### 收入及分部報告(續)

## (b) 分部報告(續)

# (iii) 地區資料

下表載列有關地區位置(i)本 集團從外部客戶所得之收 入及(ii)本集團之物業、廠 房及設備、根據經營租約 持作自用之土地權益、無 形資產、非流動預付款項 (「指定非流動資產」)所在 地區之資料。客戶所在地 區以提供服務之地點為依 據。指定非流動資產所在 地區以資產之實際所在地 點為依據。

Revenues from			
external customers			
外部客戶所得之收入			

# Specified non-current assets 指定非流動資產

		<b>2015</b> 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元	<b>2015</b> 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Hong Kong PRC (excluding	香港 中國(不包括香港)	-	-	3,141	3,606
Hong Kong)		223,203	211,506	1,342,023	1,555,775
		223,203	211,506	1,345,164	1,559,381

#### **OTHER INCOME**

## 其他收益

		<b>2015</b> 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Interest income	利息收入	393	368
Government grants	政府補助	253	1,177
Loss on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及設備的虧損		
plant and equipment		(31)	(104)
Net foreign exchange gain/(loss)	匯兑收益/(虧損)淨額	3,123	(21)
Others	其他	2,655	2,007
		6,393	3,427

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

## **LOSS BEFORE TAXATION**

Loss before taxation is arrived at after charging:

# 除税前虧損

除税前虧損乃經扣除下列各項後達 致:

			2015 二零一五年 \$′000 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
(a)	Finance costs (a) Interest on bank loans	<b>財務成本</b> 銀行貸款利息	70,656	79,165
(b)	Staff costs* (b) Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans Salaries, wages and other benefits	<b>員工成本*</b> 向定額供款退休計劃 作出之供款 薪酬、工資及其他福利	3,013 59,012 62,025	2,455 57,577 60,032
(c)	Other items (c)  Amortisation  - land lease premium  - intangible assets  Depreciation  Auditor's remuneration  - audit services  - review services  Operating lease charges on properties*	其他項目攤銷一土地租金一無形資產折舊核數師薪酬一審計服務一審閱服務物業的經營租賃費用*	7,022 203 118,417 1,358 380 4,201	7,114 204 119,695 1,358 380 4,396

Staff costs include \$1,800,000 (2014: \$1,800,000) relating to operating lease charges on properties, which amount is also included in the respective total amount disclosed separately above.

員工成本包括物業的經營租賃 費用 1,800,000 元 ( 二零一四年: 1,800,000元),該款項亦計入於上述 個別披露的各自總額中。

## **INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT**

# 綜合損益表中之所得税

- (a) Income tax in the consolidated income statement represents:
- (a) 綜合損益表中之所得税指:

		2015 二零一五年 \$′000 千元	2014 二零一四年 <b>\$</b> '000 千元
<u>.</u>	期税項-中國企業 所得税		
	內撥備 往年度撥備不足	-	463
years		43	
		43	463
	延税項-暫時性差異之		
of temporary differences (note 17(b))	產生及回撥(附註17(b))	2,699	(588)
		2,742	(125)

#### Notes:

- No Hong Kong Profits Tax was provided for the year ended 31 December 2015 as the Group sustained a loss for Hong Kong Profits Tax purposes for the year (2014: Nil).
- The applicable tax rate of the PRC subsidiaries for the year ended 31 December 2015 was 25% (2014: 25%).

#### 附註:

- 截至二零一五年十二月三十一 日止年度,就香港利得税而言,由於本集團於年內產生虧 損,因此並無就香港利得稅計 提撥備(二零一四年:無)。
- 截至二零一五年十二月三十一 日止年度,中國附屬公司之適用稅率為25%(二零一四年: 25%)。
- (b) Reconciliation between tax expense/(credit) and accounting loss at applicable tax rates:

## (b) 按適用税率計算之税項開支/ (抵免)與會計虧損之對賬如下:

		2015 二零一五年 \$′000 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損	(97,531)	(115,491)
Notional tax on loss before tax, calculated at the rates applicable in the tax jurisdictions concerned Tax effect of non-deductible expenses Tax effect of non-taxable income Tax effect of unused tax losses not recognised Under-provision in prior years Others	按適用於有關税務司法管轄權區之税率及除稅前虧損計算之名義稅項不可抵扣支出之稅務影響非課稅收入之稅務影響未確認之未利用稅項虧損之稅務影響。 之稅務影響 過往年度撥備不足其他	(22,037) 2,443 (2) 22,262 43 33	(26,039) 1,753 (21) 24,288 – (106)
Actual tax expense/(credit)	實際税項開支/(抵免)	2,742	(125)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### 7 **DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS**

Directors' emoluments disclosed pursuant to section 383(1) of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance and Part 2 of the Companies (Disclosure of Information about Benefits of Directors) Regulation are as follows:

# 董事酬金

根據香港公司條例第383(1)條及公司 (披露董事利益資料)規例第2部披露 之董事酬金如下:

2015 二零一五年

		Directors' fee 董事袍金 \$'000 千元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪酬、津貼及 實物收益 \$'000 千元	scheme contributions 退休計劃	Total 合共 \$′000 千元
Executive directors	執行董事				
David An	戴偉	-	4,860	60	4,920
Fung Chi Kwan, Nicholas	馮志鈞	-	975	18	993
Liu Zhijun	劉志軍	-	975	60	1,035
Zhang Lei	張雷	-	1,209	18	1,227
Independent non-executi	ve 獨立非執行董事				
Li Wai Keung	李偉強	120	-	-	120
Chan Chun Wai, Tony	陳振偉	120	-	-	120
Cheung Siu Yuen, Rose	章小婉	120	-	_	120
		360	8,019	156	8,535

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

# **DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION** (continued)

#### 2014

# 董事酬金(續) 二零一四年

		Directors' fee 董事袍金 \$'000 千元	Salaries, allowances and benefits in kind 薪酬、津貼及 實物收益 \$'000 千元	Retirement scheme contributions 退休計劃 供款 \$'000 千元	Total 合共 \$'000 千元
Executive directors	執行董事				
David An	戴偉	_	4,912	60	4,972
Fung Chi Kwan, Nicholas	馮志鈞	_	975	17	992
Liu Zhijun	劉志軍	-	975	60	1,035
Zhang Lei	張雷	-	1,209	17	1,226
Independent non-executi	ve 獨立非執行董事				
Li Wai Keung	李偉強	120	_	_	120
Chan Chun Wai, Tony	陳振偉	120	-	_	120
Cheung Siu Yuen, Rose	章小婉	120	_	_	120
		360	8,071	154	8,585

During the years ended 31 December 2015 and 2014, no amount was paid or payable by the Company to the directors or any of the five highest paid individuals set out in note 8 below as an inducement to join or upon joining the Group or as compensation for loss of office. There was no arrangement under which a director waived or agreed to waive any remuneration during the years.

截至二零一五年及二零一四年十二月 三十一日止年度期間,本公司概無已 付或應付董事或下文附註8所述五名 最高薪酬人士中任何人士酬金,以吸 引彼等加盟本集團或加入後的獎金或 作為離職補償。年內,概無訂立安排 以致董事放棄或同意放棄任何酬金。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **INDIVIDUALS WITH HIGHEST EMOLUMENTS**

Of the five individuals with the highest emoluments in the Group, four (2014: four) are directors of the Company whose emoluments are disclosed in note 7. The emolument in respect of the remaining individual is as follow:

## 最高薪酬人士

於本集團五名最高薪酬人士中,其中 四名(二零一四年:四名)人士為本公 司董事,其酬金於附註7披露。餘下 一名人士的酬金如下:

		<b>2015</b> 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$′000 千元
Salaries and other benefits  Contributions to defined contribution retirement plans	薪酬及其他福利 定額供款退休計劃之供款	819	768 33
тешеттент рынз		837	801

The emolument of the remaining individual with the highest emoluments is within the following band:

該名最高薪酬人士之酬金介乎以下範 韋:

#### **Number of individuals**

人動

			*^
		<b>2015</b> 二零一五年	2014 二零一四年
Nil – \$1,000,000	零-1,000,000元	1	1

#### **LOSS PER SHARE**

#### Basic and diluted loss per share

The calculation of basic and diluted loss per share is based on the loss attributable to ordinary equity shareholders of the Company of \$94,469,000 (2014: \$108,814,000) and the weighted average of 3,732,638,000 ordinary shares (2014: 3,732,638,000 ordinary shares) in issue during the year.

The diluted loss per share is the same as the basic loss per share as there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares in existence during the year ended 31 December 2015 and 2014.

#### 9 每股虧損

### 每股基本及攤薄虧損

每股基本及攤薄虧損乃根據年內本公 司之普通股股東應佔虧損94,469,000 元(二零一四年:108,814,000 元)及已發行普通股加權平均數 3,732,638,000股普通股(二零一四 年:3,732,638,000股普通股)計算。

由於截至二零一五年及二零一四年 十二月三十一日止年度內並無任何具 攤薄作用之潛在普通股,故每股攤薄 虧損與每股基本虧損相同。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

# 10 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

# (a) Reconciliation of carrying amount

# 10 物業、廠房及設備 (a) 賬面值對賬

		Buildings	Dock and storage facilities 碼頭及	Office equipment	Motor vehicles	Leasehold improvements	Sub-total	Interests in land held for own use under operating leases 根據 經營租 持作自用之	Total
		樓宇 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	貯存設施 <b>\$'000</b> 千元	辦公室設備 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	汽車 <b>\$'000</b> 千元	租賃物業裝修 <b>\$</b> ′000 千元	小計 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	土地權益 \$'000 千元 (note 附註 (b))	總計 <b>\$</b> ′000 千元
Cost: At 1 January 2015 Exchange adjustments Additions Disposals	成本: 於二零一五年一月一日 匯兑調整 添置 出售	55,081 (3,215) - -	1,949,737 (114,081) 6,386 (1,976)	7,208 (386) 314 (52)	20,501 (1,109) 352 (177)	1,892 - - -	2,034,419 (118,791) 7,052 (2,205)	325,160 (18,979) - -	2,359,579 (137,770) 7,052 (2,205)
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日	51,866	1,840,066	7,084	19,567	1,892	1,920,475	306,181	2,226,656
Accumulated depreciation and amortisation:	累計折舊及 攤銷:								
At 1 January 2015 Exchange adjustments Charge for the year Written back on disposals	於二零一五年一月一日 匯兑調整 年度折舊 於出售時發回	13,809 (881) 1,785 –	728,624 (47,227) 114,495 (1,968)	4,857 (276) 601 (46)	17,027 (943) 1,220 (159)	335 - 316 -	764,652 (49,327) 118,417 (2,173)	52,167 (3,338) 7,022 –	816,819 (52,665) 125,439 (2,173)
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日	14,713	793,924	5,136	17,145	651	831,569	55,851	887,420
<b>Net book value:</b> At 31 December 2015	<b>賬面淨值:</b> 於二零一五年 十二月三十一日	37,153	1,046,142	1,948	2,422	1,241	1,088,906	250,330	1,339,236

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

# 10 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

(a) Reconciliation of carrying amount (continued)

## 10 物業、廠房及設備(續)

(a) 賬面值對賬(續)

		Buildings	Dock and storage facilities	Office equipment	Motor vehicles	Leasehold improvements	Sub-total	Interests in land held for own use under operating leases 根據	Total
		樓宇 <b>\$</b> '000 千元	碼頭及 貯存設施 <b>\$</b> ′000 千元	辦公室設備 <b>\$</b> '000 千元	汽車 <b>\$</b> '000 千元	租賃物業裝修 <b>\$</b> '000 千元	小計 <b>\$</b> '000 千元	持作自用之 土地權益 <b>\$</b> '000 千元 (note 附註 (b))	總計 <b>\$'000</b> 千元
Cost: At 1 January 2014 Exchange adjustments Additions Disposals	成本: 於二零一四年一月一日 匯兑調整 添置 出售	55,270 (189) - -	1,946,284 (6,619) 10,178 (106)	7,157 (22) 81 (8)	21,230 (70) 321 (980)	1,892 - - -	2,031,833 (6,900) 10,580 (1,094)	326,276 (1,116) - -	2,358,109 (8,016 10,580 (1,094
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日	55,081	1,949,737	7,208	20,501	1,892	2,034,419	325,160	2,359,579
Accumulated depreciation and amortisation:	累計折舊及 攤銷:								
At 1 January 2014 Exchange adjustments Charge for the year Written back on disposals	於二零一四年一月一日 匯兑調整 年度折舊 於出售時撥回	12,032 (33) 1,810	615,681 (1,619) 114,658 (96)	4,217 (10) 657 (7)	15,699 (44) 2,254 (882)	19 - 316 -	647,648 (1,706) 119,695 (985)	45,177 (124) 7,114	692,825 (1,830 126,809 (985
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日	13,809	728,624	4,857	17,027	335	764,652	52,167	816,819
Net book value: At 31 December 2014	<b>賬面淨值:</b> 於二零一四年 十二月三十一日	41,272	1,221,113	2,351	3,474	1,557	1,269,767	272,993	1,542,760

- **(b)** The Group was granted the rights to use the land by the PRC authorities with lease terms of 50 years. The net book value as at 31 December 2015 includes an amount of \$6,727,000 (2014: \$7,145,000) which is disclosed as interest in land held for own use under operating leases under current assets.
- (b) 本集團獲中國政府機關授予土地 使用權,租賃期為50年。於二零 一五年十二月三十一日之賬面淨 值內包括金額6,727,000元(二零 一四年:7,145,000元),已於流 動資產中之根據經營租賃持作自 用之土地權益中披露。

# 10 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

# 10 物業、廠房及設備(續)

# (c) The analysis of net book value of properties is as follow:

# (c) 物業賬面淨值之分析如下:

		2015 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
In PRC: Medium-term leases	<b>位於中國:</b> 中期租約	287,483	314,265
Representing: Buildings Interest in land held for own use	包含: 樓宇 根據經營租賃持作自用之	37,153	41,272
under operating leases	土地權益	250,330	272,993
		287,483	314,265

## 11 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

# 11 無形資產

# Club membership 會籍

		2015 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Cost:	成本:		
At 1 January	於一月一日	3,828	3,829
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(33)	(1)
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	3,795	3,828
Accumulated amortisation:	累計攤銷:		
At 1 January	於一月一日	1,620	1,416
Exchange adjustments	匯兑調整	(16)	_
Charge for the year	年度折舊	203	204
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	1,807	1,620
Net book value:	賬面淨值:		
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	1,988	2,208

The amortisation charge for the year is included in "administrative expenses" in the consolidated income statement.

本年度之攤銷費用計入綜合損益表 「行政費用」中。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

## 12 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES

The following list contains only the particulars of subsidiaries which principally affected the results, assets or liabilities of the Group. The class of shares held is ordinary shares unless otherwise indicated.

## 12 於附屬公司之投資

以下列表只包含影響本集團的業績、 資產或負債的主要附屬公司的詳情。 除非另有説明,否則所持之股份類別 為普通股。

	Place of	Place of incorporation/	Particulars of issued and	Attribu equity i 應佔	nterest	
Name of subsidiary	operation	establishment 註冊成立/	paid up capital 已發行及已繳足	Directly	Indirectly	Principal activities
附屬公司名稱	經營地點	成立之地點	股本詳情	直接	間接	主要業務
Guangdong Petro-Chemicals Company Limited 粵海石油化工有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Hong Kong 香港	20,000,000 shares 20,000,000股	-	100%	Provision of administrative services 提供行政服務
Oriental Point International Limited 東康國際有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Hong Kong 香港	1,000,000 shares 1,000,000股	-	100%	Inactive 暫無業務
Timeslink Development Limited 時亮發展有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Hong Kong 香港	10,000 shares 1,000,000股	100%	-	Provision of administrative services 提供行政服務
Union Petro-Chemicals (BVI) Company Limited 廣東聯盈石油化工有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	100 shares of US\$1 each 100股每股面值1美元	100%	-	Investment holding 投資控股
Guangdong (Panyu) Petrochemical Storage & Transportation Ltd. ("GD (Panyu)") 粤海 (番禺) 石油化工儲運開發 有限公司 (「粤海 (番禺)」)	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	RMB220,000,000 人民幣220,000,000元	-	92%	Provision of terminal, storage, warehousing at transshipment services 提供碼頭、貯存、倉庫及 轉輸服務
廣州中穗石油化工發展有限公司 (「中穗石化」) Guangzhou Zhongshui Petrochemical Development Limited	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	RMB4,820,800 人民幣4,820,800元	-	92%	Investment holding 投資控股
東莞市東洲國際石化倉儲有限公司 (「東洲國際」) Dongguan Dongzhou International Petrochemical Storage Limited	PRC 中國	PRC 中國	RMB374,110,000 人民幣374,110,000元	-	92%	Provision of terminal, storage and transshipment services 提供碼頭、貯存及轉輸服

Note: GD (Panyu) is a sino-foreign equity joint venture company and 中穗石化 and 東洲國際 are limited liability companies. The official names of 中穗石化 and 東洲國際 are in Chinese and the English translation are for reference only.

附註: 粤海(番禺)是一家中外合資公 司,中穗石化及及東洲國際各為 有限責任公司。中穗石化及東洲 國際之正式名稱為中文, 英文翻 譯僅供參考。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

# 12 INTERESTS IN SUBSIDIARIES (continued)

The following table lists out the information relating to GD (Panyu), the only subsidiary of the Group which has material non-controlling interest ("NCI"). The summarised financial information presented below represents the amounts before any inter-company elimination.

# 12 於附屬公司之權益(續)

下表載列本集團唯一存在重大非控股 權益(「非控股權益」)的附屬公司一粵 海(番禺)的資料。下文所呈列之財務 資料概要指公司間對銷前之金額。

		2015 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
NCI percentage	非控股權益比例	8%	8%
Non-current assets	非流動資產	1,358,841	1,557,624
Current assets	流動資產	134,965	181,695
Current liabilities	流動負債	(99,249)	(114,192)
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債	(1,137,503)	(1,278,324)
Net assets	資產淨值	257,054	346,803
Carrying amount of NCI	非控股權益賬面值	20,564	27,744
Revenue	收益	222,014	210,332
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(72,552)	(81,895)
Total comprehensive income	全面收益總額	(69,505)	(82,242)
Loss allocated to NCI	分配予非控股權益之虧損	(5,804)	(6,552)
Cash flows from operating activities	營業活動所得現金	139,825	124,714
Cash flows from investing activities	投資活動所得現金	(10,340)	(5,030)
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動所得現金	(139,558)	(110,744)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### 13 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

#### 13 貿易及其他應收款項

		2015 二零一五年 \$′000 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Trade debtors Less: Allowance for doubtful debts	貿易應收賬款 減:呆壞賬撥備	63,537	172,778
(note 13(b))	(附註13(b))	(6,227)	(121,704)
		57,310	51,074
Prepayments and other receivables	預付款項及其他應收款項	4,290	11,606
		61,600	62,680

The amount of the prepayments and other receivables expected to be recovered or recognised as expense after more than one year is \$Nil (2014: \$920,000). Apart from these, the prepayments and other receivables are expected to be recovered or recognised as expense within one year.

## (a) Ageing analysis

As at balance sheet date, the ageing analysis of trade debtors (which are included in trade and other receivables), based on the invoice date and net of allowance for doubtful debts, is as follows:

預期於一年後收回或確認為費用之預 付款項及其他應收款項為零元(二零 一四年:920,000元)。除此之外,預 付款項及其他應收款項預期將於一年 內收回或確認為費用。

#### (a) 賬齡分析

於結算日,根據發票日期及已扣 除呆壞賬撥備之貿易應收款項 (計入貿易及其他應收款項)之賬 齡分析如下:

		<b>2015</b> 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Within 1 month	一個月內	21,536	23,240
Over 1 month but within 2 months	一個月以上但兩個月內	1,684	2,636
Over 2 months but within 3 months	兩個月以上但三個月內	1,206	2,300
Over 3 months	三個月以上	32,884	22,898
		57,310	51,074

Subject to negotiation, credit is generally only available to major customers with well-established trading records. The Group allows an average credit period of 30 days to its trade customers. Further details on the Group's credit policy are set out in note 22(a).

視乎洽談結果而定, 赊賬期一般 僅授予有良好交易記錄之主要客 戶。本集團給予貿易客戶平均30 天之賒賬期。有關本集團信貸政 策之進一步詳情載於附註22(a)。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **13 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES** (continued)

#### (b) Impairment of trade debtors

Impairment losses in respect of trade debtors are recorded using an allowance account unless the Group is satisfied that recovery of the amount is remote, in which case the impairment loss is written off against trade debtors directly (see note 1(h)(i)).

A PRC subsidiary of the Company and SINOPEC Guangdong Oil Products Company (the "Lessee") entered into an oil storage tanks lease agreement (the "Lease Agreement") in 2004. During the year ended 31 December 2011, a request was made by the Lessee for its unilateral termination of the Lease Agreement since 1 July 2011 because of changes in the Lessee's business operating conditions.

In this connection, the Group ceased to recognise revenue from the Lease Agreement from 1 July 2011. Further, there was accrued rental income receivable arising from initial rent free period of the Lease Agreement (included within trade receivables) of RMB90,795,000 (equivalent to \$115,091,000). Full impairment loss was recognised on the accrued rental income receivable during the year ended 31 December 2011. The Group did not claim tax deduction regarding such impairment loss and recognise the income tax paid of RMB15,065,000 (equivalent to \$19,674,000) for the year ended 31 December 2011 as tax recoverable as the dispute with the Lessee was not resolved

On 11 June 2012, the Group applied for an arbitration to the Guangzhou Arbitration Commission (the "Arbitration Commission") in accordance with the specific terms and conditions of the Lease Agreement in respect of the unilateral termination of the Lease Agreement by the Lessee.

#### 13 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

#### (b) 貿易應收賬款之減值

貿易應收賬款之減值虧損以撥備 賬記錄,惟倘本集團相信有關款 項之收回性極低,則直接在貿易 應收賬款中撇銷(見附註1(h)(i))。

本公司的一家中國附屬公司與中石化廣東石油分公司(以下簡稱「承租人」)於二零零四年簽署了石油儲罐租賃協議(「租賃協議」)。截至二零一一年十二月三十一日止年度,承租人因其經營情況變化而單方面要求於二零一一年七月一日起終止租賃協議。

就此,本集團由二零一一年七月 一日起停止就租賃協議確認收 入。然而,仍有因租賃協議之 初期免租期而產生的累計應收 租金收入(包含在貿易應收賬款 內)人民幣90,795,000元(相當 於115,091,000元)。該累計的 應收租金收入於截至二零一一年 十二月三十一日止年度全數確認 為減值虧損。由於與承租人的糾 紛並未解決,本集團並無就該減 值虧損於當年申索税項減免, 以及就截至二零一一年十二月 三十一日止年度確認已付所得 税人民幣15,065,000元(相當於 19,674,000元)作為可收回税項。

於二零一二年六月十一日,本集團根據租賃協議之特定條款及條件向廣州市仲裁委員會(「仲裁委員會」)就承租人單方面要求終止租賃協議申請仲裁。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### 13 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (continued)

#### **(b)** Impairment of trade debtors (continued)

On 5 March 2014, the Group received an arbitration ruling (the "Arbitration Ruling") from the Arbitration Commission. The Arbitration Commission ordered that a one-off payment of the net amount of the rulings (being the gross amount payable by the Lessee to the Group off-setting the gross amount payable by the Group to the Lessee pursuant to the Arbitration Ruling) of RMB589,000,000 (equivalent to \$749,000,000) be paid by the Lessee to the Group within ten days from the date of the Arbitration Ruling being served, and the Arbitration Ruling shall has legal effect from the date when the Arbitration Ruling was made.

The Group filed an application to the Intermediate People's Court of Guangzhou City, Guangdong Province (the "Court") for enforcement of the Arbitration Ruling by the Lessee on 19 March 2014 and received a notice of acceptance of lawsuit dated 24 March 2014 from the Court.

On 17 April 2014, the Group received a notice of responses to legal proceedings (the "Notice") from the Court. According to the Notice, the Court accepted the application made by the Lessee for revoking the arbitration ruling made by the Arbitration Commission dated 5 March 2014.

On 5 May 2015, the Group entered into a settlement agreement (the "Settlement Agreement") with the Lessee to settle the dispute in respect of the Lease Agreement. The Lease Agreement and the supplemental agreement were terminated pursuant to the Settlement Agreement. The Group agreed to withdraw its application to enforce the Arbitration Ruling made by the Arbitration Commission and waive the monetary amount, including default payment that the Lessee was ordered to pay to the Group under the Arbitration Ruling. The Lessee agreed to withdraw its application to revoke the Arbitration Ruling and, waive the rental of oil storage tanks that the Group was ordered to refund to the Lessee under the Arbitration Ruling. Each of the Group and the Lessee agreed to be responsible for its own arbitration fees, legal and other expenses incurred. The Group and the Lessee agreed that they will continue to cooperate in the storage business, and the Lessee agreed to assist the Group to identify new customer(s) to lease the oil storage tanks contemplated under the Lease Agreement.

#### 13 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

#### (b) 貿易應收賬款之減值(續)

於二零一四年三月五日,本集團 接獲仲裁委員會發出之仲裁裁決 書(「仲裁裁決書」)。仲裁委員會 頒令,承租人須自仲裁裁決書送 達之日起十日內,一次性向本集 團繳付判決淨金額(即承租人應 付本集團之總金額扣除本集團根 據仲裁判決應付予承租人之總金 額)人民幣589,000,000元(相當 於749,000,000元),以及仲裁判 決應由作出仲裁判決日期起具有 法律效力。

本集團於二零一四年三月十九日 向廣東省廣州市中級人民法院 (「法院」)申請強制承租人履行仲 裁裁決書內的裁決,並收到法院 於二零一四年三月二十四日發出 之執行案件立案通知書。

於二零一四年四月十七日,本集 團接獲法院發出之應訴誦知書 (「通知書」)。根據通知書,法院 已受理承租人申請撤銷仲裁委員 會於二零一四年三月五日作出的 仲裁裁決。

於二零一五年五月五日,本集團 與承租人訂立和解協議(「和解 協議」),以解決油罐租賃協議之 糾紛。租賃協議及補充協議已根 據和解協議終止。本集團同意撤 回就仲裁委員會所作仲裁裁決而 提出之強制執行申請,並豁免承 租人根據仲裁裁決被勒令向本集 團應支付之款項金額(包括違約 金)。承租人同意撤回提出之撤 銷仲裁裁決立案,並豁免根據仲 裁判決本集團被頒令須退還承租 人的石油儲罐租金。本集團及承 租人同意承擔各自交納之仲裁費 用、律師費用及其他開支。本集 團及承租人同意彼等將繼續共同 經營貯存業務,以及承租人同意 協助本集團物色新客戶租賃油罐 租賃協議項下擬定之石油儲罐。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

### **13 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES** (continued)

#### **(b)** Impairment of trade debtors (continued)

During the year ended 31 December 2015, allowance for doubtful debts in relation to the Lease Agreement was written off against the trade debtor directly pursuant to the settlement with the Lessee. The Group would also report to the tax bureau a tax loss resulting from such impairment loss. Accordingly, the current tax recoverable previously recognised was transferred to deferred tax assets (see note 17(b)).

The movement in the allowance for doubtful debts during the year is as follows:

#### 13 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

#### (b) 貿易應收賬款之減值(續)

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日 止年度內,根據與承租人訂立的 和解協議,租賃協議涉及的呆壞 賬撥備已直接於貿易應收款項中 註銷。本集團亦會向稅務局呈報 該減值虧損產生之税項虧損。據 此,先前已確認之即期可收回税 項已轉撥至遞延所得稅資產(見 附註17(b))。

年內呆壞賬撥備之變動如下:

		2015 二零一五年 \$′000 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
At 1 January Exchange adjustments Uncollectible amounts written off	於一月一日 匯兑調整 撇銷無法收回款項	121,704 (2,352) (113,125)	122,122 (418) –
At 31 December	於十二月三十一日	6,227	121,704

#### **(b)** Impairment of trade debtors (continued)

At 31 December 2015, trade debtors of \$6,227,000 (2014: \$121,704,000) were individually determined to be impaired, of which \$6,227,000 (2014: \$6,613,000) related to customers that were in financial difficulties and management assessed that the receivables were not expected to be recovered. In addition, specific allowance for doubtful debts of \$115,091,000 was recognised as at 31 December 2014 in respect of accrued rental income receivable in relation to the Lease Agreement, which the Lessee requested to terminate since 1 July 2011.

#### (b) 貿易應收賬款之減值(續)

於二零一五年十二月三十一 日,個別斷定已減值之貿易 應收賬款為6,227,000元(二零 一四年:121,704,000元),其 中6,227,000元(二零一四年: 6,613,000元)涉及處於財政困難 的客戶,而管理層評定有關應收 款項預期無法收回。另外,於二 零一四年十二月三十一日就租賃 協議產生的預提應收租金收入確 認特定呆壞賬撥備115,091,000 元,該承租人要求於二零一一年 七月一日起終止有關租賃協議。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **13 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES** (continued)

#### (c) Trade debtors that are not impaired

The ageing analysis of trade debtors that are neither individually nor collectively considered to be impaired are as follows:

#### 13 貿易及其他應收款項(續)

#### (c) 未減值之應收貿易款項

並無個別或共同視作減值之貿易 應收賬款及應收票據之賬齡分析 如下:

		<b>2015</b> 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Neither past due nor impaired	並無逾期或減值	21,536	23,240
Less than 1 month past due 1 to 2 months past due Over 2 months past due	逾期少於1個月 逾期1至2個月 逾期超過2個月	1,684 1,206 32,884	2,636 2,300 22,898
		35,774	27,834
		57,310	51,074

Receivables that were neither past due nor impaired relate to a wide range of customers for whom there was no recent history of default.

Receivables that were past due but not impaired relate to a number of independent customers that have good track record with the Group. Based on past experience, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been a significant change in credit quality and these balances are considered fully recoverable. The Group does not hold any collateral over these balances.

並無逾期亦無減值之應收賬款乃與並 無近期違約記錄之不同類型客戶有 關。

已逾期但並無減值之應收賬款乃與本 集團多名擁有良好記錄之獨立客戶有 關。根據過往經驗,管理層相信毋須 就該等結餘作出減值撥備,原因為信 貸質素並無重大變動,而該等結餘仍 被視為可悉數收回。本集團並無就此 等結餘持有任何抵押品。

## 14 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

#### (a) Cash and cash equivalents comprise:

#### 14 現金及現金等值項目

#### (a) 現金及現金等值項目包括:

		<b>2015</b> 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Time deposits Other cash and cash equivalents	定期存款 其他現金及現金等值項目	- 52,703	8,085 37,947
		52,703	46,032

# 14 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (continued)

# (b) Reconciliation of loss before taxation to cash generated from operations:

# 14 現金及現金等值項目(續)

# (b) 除税前虧損與經營業務所得現金 之對賬:

		Note 附註	2015 二零一五年 \$′000 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Loss before taxation	除税前虧損		(97,531)	(115,491)
Adjustments for: Interest income	就以下各項作出調整: 利息收入	4	(393)	(368)
Finance costs  Depreciation  Amortisation of land lease	財務成本 折舊 土地租賃費攤銷	5(a) 5(c) 5(c)	70,656 118,417	79,165 119,695
premium Amortisation of intangible	無形資產攤銷	5(c)	7,022	7,114
assets  Loss on disposal of property,  plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及 設備之虧損	4	203	204
Exchange differences	正		(1,643)	32
Changes in working capital:  Decrease in consumable part  Decrease/(increase) in trade	營運資金之變動: s 消耗品減少 貿易及其他應收款項		1,417	358
and other receivables Increase in other payables	減少/(增加) 其他應付款項及計提		4,604	(18,182)
and accruals  Cash generated from operations	費用增加經營業務所得現金		130	75,813

#### 15 OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

#### 15 其他應付款項及計提費用

		<b>2015</b> 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Other payables and accruals Deferred revenue	其他應付款項及計提費用 遞延收入	47,387 2,927 50,314	51,372 7,810 59,182

At 31 December 2015 and 2014, all of the other payables and accruals are expected to be settled or recognised as income within one year.

於二零一五年及二零一四年十二月 三十一日,所有其他應付款項及計提 費用預期於一年內清還或確認為收 入。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

## 16 BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS

(a) The analysis of the carrying amount of bank loans and other borrowings is as follows:

#### 16 銀行貸款及其他借貸

(a) 銀行貸款及其他借貸賬面值的分 析如下:

		2015 二零一五年 \$′000 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Current liabilities	流動負債	F0 600	62,200
Short-term bank loans Convertible bonds	短期銀行貸款 可換股債券	59,680 49,531	63,380 –
		109,211	63,380
Non-current liabilities Long-term bank loans	<b>非流動負債</b> 長期銀行貸款	1.016.947	1,143,366
Long-lenn bank loans	区州		<u> </u>
		1,126,158	1,206,746

- (b) At 31 December 2015, the bank loans and other borrowings were repayable as follows:
- (b) 於二零一五年十二月三十一日, 銀行貸款及其他借貸須於下列期 間償還:

		2015 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Bank loans (secured) Within 1 year or on demand	<b>銀行貸款(有抵押)</b> 於一年內或應要求時	59,680	63,380
After 1 year but within 2 years After 2 years but within 5 years After 5 years	一年後但兩年內 兩年後但五年內 五年後	62,067 312,723 642,157	63,380 266,194 813,792
		1,016,947	1,143,366
		1,076,627	1,206,746
Convertible bonds (unsecured) Within 1 year or on demand	<b>可換股債券(無抵押)</b> 於一年內或應要求時	49,531	_

- (c) At 31 December 2015, the Group had banking facilities totalling \$1,076,627,000 (2014: \$1,206,746,000) which were secured by certain of the Group's property, plant and equipment with net book value of \$849,572,000 (2014: \$1,023,885,000) and interests in land held for own use under operating leases with net book value of \$236,008,000 (2014: \$256,758,000). The banking facilities were utilised to the extent of \$1,076,627,000 as at 31 December 2015 (2014: \$1,206,746,000).
- (c) 於二零一五年十二月三十一日, 本集團之銀行融資額度合共 1,076,627,000元(二零一四年: 1,206,746,000元),乃以本集團 賬面淨值為849,572,000元(二 零一四年:1,023,885,000元)之 物業、廠房及設備及賬面淨值為 236,008,000元(二零一四年: 256,758,000元)之根據經營租 賃持有作自用土地之權益作抵 押。於二零一五年十二月三十一 日,已動用之銀行融資額度為 1,076,627,000元(二零一四年: 1,206,746,000元)。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **16 BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS** (continued)

(d) On 7 December 2015, the Group entered into a subscription agreement with a third party to issue two series, Series A and Series B, of unsecured convertible bonds with principal amount up to \$50,000,000 each and one year maturity ("Convertible Bonds"). The Convertible Bonds are interest-bearing at 8% per annum and the interest are payable quarterly in arrears. The Convertible Bonds can be converted to shares of the Company at \$0.3802 per share ("Conversion Price"), subject to antidilutive and dividend protection adjustments. The holder of the Convertible Bonds ("bond holder") has the right to convert all or any part of the principal amount of the Convertible Bonds into shares of the Company at any time from the date on which the closing price of the shares of the Company traded in Hong Kong Stock Exchange reaches 140% of the Conversion Price up to the maturity date.

#### **Series A Convertible Bonds**

On 16 December 2015, the Group issued Series A of the Convertible Bonds ("Series A Convertible Bonds") with a maturity date of 16 December 2016 ("Series A Maturity Date"). The Group may early redeem the Series A Convertible Bonds from 16 June 2016 to 16 December 2016 at principal amount plus any accrued but unpaid interest thereon the redemption date. Any Series A Convertible Bonds not previously redeemed, converted or purchased and cancelled will be redeemed at principal amount on Series A Maturity Date.

The Series A Convertible Bonds are subject to the fulfilment of covenants relating to the level of consolidated net asset value that the Group is required to maintain. If the Group were to breach the financial covenants, the Series A Convertible Bonds would become payable on demand.

#### 16 銀行貸款及其他借貸(續)

(d) 於二零一五年十二月七日,本集 團與一名第三方訂立認購協議, 以發行兩個系列(系列甲及系列 乙)之無抵押可換股債券,本金 額上限各為50,000,000元,並於 一年後到期(「可換股債券」)。可 換股債券按8%年利率計息,並 須於每季末支付利息。可換股債 券可按每股0.3802元轉換為本公 司股份,惟可因反攤薄及股息保 障予以調整(「轉換價」)。可換股 債券持有人(「債券持有人」)有權 於本公司股份於香港聯交所買賣 之收市價達轉換價140%當日起 至到期日 1 任何時間,將全部或 任何部分可換股債券本金額轉換 為本公司股份。

#### 系列甲可換股債券

系列甲可換股債券須達成本集團 需維持的綜合資產淨值水平的 契諾。倘本集團違反財務契諾, 系列甲可換股債券將須應要求償 環。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

## 16 BANK LOANS AND OTHER BORROWINGS (continued)

#### (d) (continued)

Series A Convertible Bonds (continued)

The Group could not fulfil the financial covenants relating to the Group's consolidated net assets value as at 31 December 2015, and therefore the bond holder has the right at any time by notice to the Group to require the Convertible Bonds to be immediately repaid prior to Series A Maturity Date. Subsequent to the balance sheet date, the Group have obtained consent from the bond holder to revise the financial covenants to reduce the level of consolidated net asset value that the Group is required to maintain. The Group is in the process of formalising the revision of the financial covenants through entering into a supplementary agreement with the bond holder. With the revised covenants, the Group expects to repay the convertible bonds by Series A Maturity Date.

#### **Series B Convertible Bonds**

The Group will issue Series B of the Convertible Bonds ("Series B Convertible Bonds") to the bond holder upon fulfilment of certain conditions.

## 17 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(a) Current tax recoverable in the consolidated balance sheet represents:

#### 16 銀行貸款及其他借貸(續)

## (d) (續)

系列甲可換股債券(續)

由於本集團於二零一五年十二月 三十一日未能達成本集團綜合資 產淨值水平的財務契諾,債券持 有人有權於系列甲到期日前隨時 發出通知予本集團,要求立刻償 還可換股債券。於結算日,本集 團已取得債券持有人同意,修訂 財務契諾,以降低本集團需維持 的綜合資產淨值水平。本集團現 正透過與債券持有人訂立補充協 議,審定財務契諾之修訂。財務 契諾經修訂後,本集團預期於系 列甲到期日前償還可換股債券。

#### 系列乙可換股債券

本集團將於達成若干條件後,向 債券持有人發行系列乙可換股債 券(「系列乙可換股債券」)。

# 17 綜合資產負債表中之所得税

(a) 綜合資產負債表中之本期應退稅 項指:

	<b>2015</b> 二零一五年 <b>\$'000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 <b>\$</b> ′000 千元
PRC Enterprise Income Tax recoverable 可收回中國企業所得税	545	18,630

# 17 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

# (b) Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised:

The components of deferred tax (assets)/liabilities recognised in the consolidated statement of financial position and the movements during the year are as follows:

# 17 綜合資產負債表中之所得税(續)

# (b) 已確認遞延税項資產及負債:

年內於綜合財務狀況表中確認之 遞延税項(資產)/負債及其變動 情況如下:

		Future benefits of tax losses 税項虧損 之未來利益 \$'000 千元	Depreciation allowances in excess of the related depreciation 超出相關 折舊的 折舊撥備 \$'000	Total 總額 \$′000 千元
Deferred tax arising from:	遞延税項來自:			
At 1 January 2014 Exchange adjustments Credited to profit or loss (note 6(a))	於二零一四年一月一日 匯兑調整 計入損益表 (附註6(a))	-	6,276 (25) (588)	6,276 (25) (588)
At 31 December 2014	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日		5,663	5,663
At 1 January 2015 Exchange adjustments Transfer from current tax	於二零一五年一月一日 匯兑調整 從即期可收回税項	- 650	5,663 (306)	5,663 344
recoverable (note 13(b)) Charged/(credited) to profit or loss (note 6(a))	轉撥(附註13(b)) 扣除/(計入)損益表 (附註6(a))	(18,769) 3,280	<b>-</b> (581)	(18,769) 2,699
At 31 December 2015	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日	(14,839)	4,776	(10,063)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

# 17 INCOME TAX IN THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

#### (c) Deferred tax assets not recognised:

In accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 1(o), the Group has not recognised deferred tax assets in respect of the cumulative tax losses of approximately \$661 million (2014: \$572 million) as it is not probable that future taxable profits against which the losses can be utilised will be available in the relevant tax jurisdiction and entity. The tax losses of the Group's PRC subsidiaries will expire in 5 years after the relevant tax losses were incurred while tax losses for the Group's subsidiaries in Hong Kong do not expire under the current tax legislation.

#### (d) Deferred tax liabilities not recognised:

In PRC, dividends paid by a foreign-invested enterprise to its foreign investors are subject to withholding tax at a rate of 10% unless reduced by treaty. Under the grandfathering treatments, undistributed profits of a foreign-invested enterprise as at 31 December 2007 are exempted from withholding tax.

At 31 December 2015, temporary differences relating to the undistributed profits of subsidiaries amounted to \$156,044,000 (2014: \$159,072,000). Deferred tax liabilities of \$7,802,000 (2014: \$7,954,000) have not been recognised in respect of the tax that would be payable on the distribution of these retained profits as the Company controls the dividend policy of these subsidiaries and it has been determined that it is probable that the profits will not be distributed in the foreseeable future.

### 綜合資產負債表中之所得税(續)

#### (c) 未確認之遞延税項資產:

根據附註1(o)所載之會計政策, 由於有關實體未來不大可能於有 關稅務司法權區有應課稅溢利 以抵銷有關虧損,本集團未有就 累計税項虧損約6.61億元(二零 一四年:5.72億元)確認遞延税 項資產。本集團的中國附屬公司 的税務虧損將在有關税務虧損發 生後5年內無效;而根據現行税 務條例,本集團在香港的附屬公 司的税務虧損並無限期。

#### (d) 未確認之遞延税項負債:

除雙邊協議可減少徵稅外,外資 企業支付其海外投資者之股息須 繳納10%預扣税。在免受新税法 限制下,外資企業於二零零七年 十二月三十一日之未分配溢利獲 豁免繳納預扣税。

於二零一五年十二月三十一 日,與附屬公司之未分配利潤 相關之税項暫時性差異合共為 156,044,000元(二零一四年: 159,072,000 元 ),本公司未 有就於分派此等未分配利潤而 應付之税項確認遞延税項負 債7,802,000元(二零一四年: 7,954,000元),原因是本公司控 制該等附屬公司之股息政策,並 確認很可能不會於可見將來分派 利潤。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### **18 AMOUNTS DUE TO RELATED PARTIES**

The amounts due to related parties are unsecured, interest-free and with no fixed terms of repayment.

The related parties have confirmed that they have no intention to request repayment within twelve months from the balance sheet date and accordingly, the balances are shown as non-current.

# 19 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The employees of the Group's PRC subsidiaries are members of a state-managed retirement benefit scheme operated by the PRC government. The Group is required to contribute a certain percentage of the salaries, bonuses and certain allowances of its staff to the retirement scheme. The only obligation of the Group with respect to the retirement benefit scheme is to make the required contribution under the scheme. The Group has no other material obligation for the payment of pension benefits associated with this scheme beyond the annual contributions described above.

The Group also operates a Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("the MPF scheme") under the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance for employees employed under the jurisdiction of the Hong Kong Employment Ordinance. The MPF scheme is a defined contribution retirement plan administered by independent trustees. Under the MPF scheme, the employer and its employees are each required to make contributions to the plan at 5% of the employees' relevant income, subject to a cap of monthly relevant income of \$30,000 (\$25,000 prior to June 2014). Contributions to the plan vest immediately.

#### 18 應付關聯方款項

應付關聯方之款項為無抵押、免息及 無固定還款期。

關聯方已確認彼等無意要求於結算日 起計十二個月內還款,因此,該等結 餘列示為非流動。

#### 19 僱員退休福利

本集團在中國之附屬公司之僱員為中國政府所操作之國家管理退休福利計劃之成員。本集團須按其員工之薪酬、花紅及若干津貼之某個百分比向該退休計劃供款。就該退休福利計劃而言,本集團之唯一責任為根據該計劃作出所需之供款。除上述每年供款外,本集團在該計劃的退休金福利方面並無其他重大付款責任。

本集團亦為按香港僱傭條例聘用之僱員,根據香港強制性公積金計劃條例設有強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計劃」)。強積金計劃乃一項由獨立受托人管理之界定供款退休計劃。根據強積金計劃,僱主及僱員須各自按僱員有關收入之5%向計劃作出供款,惟以每月相關收入30,000元(二零一四年六月前為25,000元)為限。向計劃作出之供款即時歸屬予僱員。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### 20 EOUITY SETTLED SHARE-BASED TRANSACTIONS

Pursuant to ordinary resolutions passed on 28 December 2012, the Company adopted a share option scheme ("the scheme") for the purpose of enabling the Company to recruit and retain high-calibre employees and attract resources that are available to the Group and to provide the Company with a means of giving incentive to, rewarding, remunerating, compensating and/or providing benefits to such persons who contribute or may bring benefit to the Group. The scheme remains in force for a period of 10 years from adoption and expires on 27 December 2022.

Under the scheme, the board of directors of the Company may at their discretion grant options to any eligible participant including any employee, director, consultant, agent, business affiliate, business partner, joint venture partner, strategic partner of the Company or any subsidiaries of the Company, or any supplier or provider of goods or services to the Company or any subsidiaries of the Company as may be determined by the directors from time to time to subscribe for the shares of the Company.

No share option was granted to or exercised by any of the Directors and senior management during the year ended 31 December 2015 (2014: Nil) and no share option was outstanding under the 2012 scheme as at 31 December 2015 (2014: Nil).

#### 20 以權益結算之股份交易

根據於二零一二年十二月二十八日通 過之普通決議案,本公司採納一項購 股權計劃(「該計劃」),藉此令本公司 得以聘請及續聘具才幹之僱員、吸納 對本集團有價值之資源,及為本公司 提供渠道向該等對本集團有貢獻或可 帶來利益之人士作出激勵、獎賞、報 酬、補償及/或提供福利。該計劃由 採納當日起計十年期間一直有效,並 於二零二二年十二月二十七日屆滿。

根據該計劃,本公司之董事會可酌情 向任何合資格參與者(包括本公司或 本公司仟何附屬公司之僱員、董事、 顧問、代理人、業務附屬成員、業務 夥伴、合營企業夥伴、策略夥伴或任 何向本公司或本公司任何附屬公司提 供任何貨品或服務之供應者(經董事 不時釐定))授出購股權,以認購本公 司之股份。

截至二零一五年十二月三十一日止年 度,並無任何董事及高級管理人員獲 授出或行使有關該計劃之購股權(二 零一四年:無)及於二零一五年十二 月三十一日根據二零一二年計劃並 無尚未行使之購股權(二零一四年: 無)。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

## 21 CAPITAL AND RESERVES

# (a) Movements in components of equity

The reconciliation between the opening and closing balances of each component of the Group's consolidated equity is set out in the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Details of the changes in the Company's individual components of equity between the beginning and the end of the year are set out below.

The Company

#### 21 資本及儲備

# (a) 權益組成部分之變動

本集團綜合權益各組成部分期初 與期末結餘的對賬載於綜合權益 變動表。本公司各個權益組成部 分於本年度期初至期末的變動詳 情載列如下。

本公司

		Share capital 股本 \$'000 千元	Share premium 股份溢價 \$'000 千元	Capital reserves 資本儲備 \$'000 千元	Accumulated losses 累計虧損 \$'000 千元	<b>Total</b> 總計 \$′000 千元
Balance at 1 January 2014	於二零一四年 一月一日之結餘	373,264	710,477	-	(537,828)	545,913
Changes in equity for 2014: Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	二零一四年權益變動: 年內虧損及全面收益 總額	-	-	-	(4,103)	(4,103)
Balance at 31 December 2014 and 1 January 2015	於二零一四年 十二月三十一日 及二零一五年 一月一日之結餘	373,264	710,477	-	(541,931)	541,810
Changes in equity for 2015: Loss and total comprehensive income for the year Issurance of convertible bonds	二零一五年權益變動: 年內虧損及全面收益 總額 發行可換股債券	- -	- -	- 469	(4,452) -	(4,452) 469
Balance at 31 December 2015	於二零一五年 十二月三十一日 之結餘	373,264	710,477	469	(546,383)	537,827

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### 21 CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)

## (b) Share capital

#### 21 資本及儲備(續)

(b) 股本

Number of ordinary	
shares	Amount
普通股數目	金額
000)	\$'000
千元	千元

Ordinary shares of \$0.10 each: 每股面值0.10元之普通股:

Authorised: 法定:

At 31 December 2014 and 2015 於二零一四年及二零一五年

十二月三十一日

10,000,000 1,000,000

Issued and fully paid: 已發行及繳足:

At 31 December 2014 and 2015 於二零一四年及二零一五年

十二月三十一日

3,732,638 373,264

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets.

## (c) Nature and purpose of reserves

(i) Share premium

The application of the share premium account is governed by the Companies Law (Revised) of the Cayman Islands.

(ii) Special reserve

The special reserve arose from the reverse acquisition in December 2004.

(iii) Translation reserve

The translation reserve comprises all foreign exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of operations outside Hong Kong. The reserve is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policy set out in note 1(s).

普通股持有人有權收取不時宣布 派發的股息,並有權於本公司會 議上按每股一票投票表決。所有 普通股在本公司剩餘資產方面具 同等地位。

## (c) 儲備性質及用途

(i) 股份溢價

股份溢價賬的應用受開曼群島公司法(經修訂)監管。

(ii) 特別儲備 特別儲備因二零零四年 十二月的反收購而產生。

(iii) 交易儲備

交易儲備包括換算香港以外的業務的財務報表產生的所有外匯差額。儲備乃根據附註1(s)所載會計政策處理。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### 21 CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)

#### (c) Nature and purpose of reserves (continued)

#### (iv) Statutory reserve

Pursuant to the relevant laws and regulations for foreign investment enterprises, a portion of the profits of the Group's subsidiaries operating in the PRC is required to transfer to the statutory reserve. The amounts of profits transferred to the statutory reserve are determined by the board of directors of the subsidiaries according to the articles of association. The reserve is restricted as to use and is not available for distribution

## (v) Capital reserve

The capital reserve represents the amount allocated to the unexercised equity component of convertible bonds issued by the company recognised in accordance with the accounting policy adopted for convertible bonds in note 1(k).

#### (d) Distributability of reserves

The Company's reserves available for distribution to its shareholders comprise share premium and accumulated losses which in aggregate amounted to approximately \$164 million as at 31 December 2015 (2014: \$169 million). Under the Companies Law (Revised) of the Cayman Islands, the share premium of the Company is available for paying distributions or dividends to shareholders subject to the provisions of its memorandum and articles of association and provided that immediately following the payment of distribution or dividends, the Company is able to pay its debts as they fall due in the ordinary course of business. In accordance with the Company's articles of association, distributions shall be payable out of the profits or other reserves, including the share premium account, of the Company.

#### 21 資本及儲備(續)

#### (c) 儲備性質及用途(續)

#### (iv) 法定儲備

根據有關外商投資企業的相關法律法規,本集國營運的附屬公司等機至法定關的於部分溢利須轉撥至法定儲備。轉撥至法定儲備的實力。轉撥至法定儲備的實力。會根據章程細則釐定不得用。條分派。

#### (v) 資本儲備

資本儲備指分配至本公司 已發行可換股債券之未行 使權益部分之金額根據附 註1(k)所載就可換股債券採 納之會計政策確認。

#### (d) 可供分派儲備

本公司可供派予股東之儲備包括 股份溢價及累計虧損,於二零 一五年十二月三十一日合共的 1.64億元(二零一四年:1.69億 元)。根據開曼群島公司法(經修 訂),本公司之股份溢價可東,惟 該分派及派發股息須符合公,在緊隨分派及派發股息須符合。 織章程大綱及細則之規定,本公司 在緊隨分派及派發股息後,本 司仍能於日常業務過程中價量 期債務。根據本公司之組織 其他儲備,包括本公司之股份溢 價賬中提取。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

#### 21 CAPITAL AND RESERVES (continued)

#### (e) Capital management

The Group's primary objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. Further details regarding the Group's ability to continue as a going concern are disclosed in note 1(b).

The Group monitors its capital structure on the basis of a net debt-to-capital ratio. For this purpose the Group defines net debt as total debt (which includes interestbearing loans and borrowings), less cash and cash equivalents. Capital comprises all components of equity, plus net debt.

During 2015, the Group's strategy, which was unchanged from 2014, was to maintain the net debt-to-capital ratio at an appropriate level. In order to maintain or adjust the ratio, the Group will consider and may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares, return capital to shareholders, raise new debt financing or sell assets to reduce debt.

The net debt-to-capital ratio (as defined above) was 0.93 and 0.85 as at 31 December 2015 and 2014 respectively.

Except for the convertible bonds which require the fulfilment of financial covenants as disclosed in note 16(d), neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries are subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

#### 22 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES

Exposure to credit, liquidity, interest rate and currency risks arises in the normal course of the Group's business. The Group's exposure to these risks and the financial risk management policies and practices used by the Group to manage these risks are described below.

#### 21 資本及儲備(續)

#### (e) 股本管理

本集團之基本目標為管理股本以 保障本集團之持續營運之能力, 以使其能向股東提供回報及向其 他相關人士提供利益,並保持最 佳之資本架構以降低資本成本。 關於本集團持續經營能力之更多 詳情,於附註1(b)披露。

本集團會以淨負債對資本比率為 基準監察其資本架構。就此,本 集團按總負債(包括計息貸款及 借貸)減現金及現金等值項目計 算淨負債。資本包括所有權益部 分及淨負債。

於二零一五年,本集團之策略如 同二零一四年一樣,是維持其淨 負債與經調整股本的比率於適當 水平。為了維持或調整該比率, 本集團將考慮及可能調整派付予 股東之股息金額、發行新股、退 回股本予股東、籌集新債項融資 或出售資產以減少債項。

於二零一五年及二零一四年十二 月三十一日,淨負債對股本的 比率(定義見上文)分別為0.93及 0.85 °

除附註16(d)所披露須達成財務 契諾之可換股債券外,本公司及 其任何附屬公司概不受制於外界 所施加之資本規定。

#### 22 財務風險管理及公允值

信貸、資金流動性、利率及貨幣風險 會於本集團的一般業務進程中產生。 這些風險會受本集團的財務管理政策 及常規(見下文)所管理。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

# 22 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

#### (a) Credit risk

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents. Management has a credit policy in place and the exposures to these credit risks are monitored on an ongoing basis.

In respect of trade and other receivables, individual credit evaluations are performed on all customers requiring credit over a certain amount. These evaluations focus on the customer's past history of making payments when due and current ability to pay, and take into account information specific to the customer as well as pertaining to the economic environment in which the customer operates. Trade receivables are due within 30 days from the date of billing. Debtors with balances that are more than 1 month past due are requested to settle all outstanding balances before any further credit is granted. Normally, the Group does not obtain collateral from customers.

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer rather than the industry and country in which customers operate and therefore significant concentration of credit risk primarily arise when the Group has significant exposure to individual customers. At the balance sheet date, the Group has a certain concentration of credit risk as 67% (2014: 54%) of the total trade and other receivables was due from the Group's five largest customers.

Further quantitative disclosures in respect of the Group's exposure to credit risk arising from trade and other receivables are set out in note 13.

In respect of cash and cash equivalents, the Group limits its exposure to credit risk by placing deposits with financial institutions that meet the established credit rating or other criteria. Given these high credit ratings, management does not expect any counterparty to fail to meet its obligations.

As at 31 December 2015, the Group has a certain concentration of credit risk as 27% (2014: 49%) of total cash and cash equivalents were deposited with a financial institution in the PRC.

#### 22 財務風險管理及公允值(續)

#### (a) 信貸風險

本集團的信貸風險主要來自貿易 及其他應收款項以及現金及現金 等值項目。管理層已實施信貸政 策並會持續監察所面臨之信貸風 險。

就貿易及其他應收款項而言,對於所有要求超過若干信貸金額。 家戶均會進行個別信任到期還等 等評估針對客戶過往到期還就能力,並 記錄及現時的還就能力,並經營 家戶的個別資料及與客戶的實境相關 實力與實力,並經營易 在經濟環境相關單當日起計 和到期。債務人如有逾期一個有關 以上之結餘,則須至數清價集 一般不會向客戶收取抵押品。

本集團所面臨之信貸風險,主要受各客戶之個別特色所影響。客戶經營所在之行業及國家之隱含風險亦影響信貸風險,惟影響相對較少。於結算日,本集團的五大客戶佔貿易及其他應收款項為67%(二零一四年:54%),故承受一定程度的信貸集中風險。

其他有關本集團面對由貿易及其 他應收款項產生信貸風險之量化 披露列於附註13。

就現金及現金等值項目,本集團 透過將存款存放於符合既定信貸 評級或其他條件之金融機構,限 制其所承受之信貸風險。鑒於信 貸評級高,故管理層預期不會有 任何交易對手無法盡其責任。

於二零一五年十二月三十一日, 本集團之現金及現金等值項目總 額27%(二零一四年:49%)存放 於一家位於中國的金融機構,故 承受一定程度的信貸集中風險。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

## 22 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

#### (b) Liquidity risk

Individual operating entities within the Group are responsible for their own cash management, including the short term investment of cash surpluses and the raising of loans to cover expected cash demands, subject to approval by the Company's board when the borrowings exceed certain predetermined levels of authority. The Group's policy is to regularly monitor current and expected liquidity requirements to ensure that it maintains sufficient reserves of cash and adequate committed lines of funding from major financial institutions to meet its liquidity requirements in the short and longer term. Note 1(b) explains management's plans for managing liquidity needs of the Group to enable it to continue to meet its obligations as they fall due.

The following table details the remaining contractual maturities at the balance sheet date of the Group's non-derivative financial liabilities, which are based on contractual undiscounted cash flows (including interest payments computed using contractual rates or, if floating, based on rates current at the balance sheet date) and the earliest date the Group can be required to pay:

# 22 財務風險管理及公允值(續)

#### (b) 資金流動性風險

本集團旗下之個別營運實體負有 自行管理現金之責任,包括將現 金盈餘作短期投資及籌措貸款以 應付預期現金需求,惟倘借貸超 過預先釐定之若干授權水平時, 須取得公司董事會之批准。本 公司之政策為定期監察現時及預 期之流動性需求,以確保其維持 足夠現金儲備及來自主要金融機 構足夠的承諾信貸融資,以達到 其短期及長期流動性需求。附註 1(b)闡述管理本集團流動資金需 求之管理層計劃,讓其得以繼續 償付到期責任。

下表列出本集團之非衍生金融負 債於結算日之餘下合約期限詳 情。這是基於合約未折現現金流 (包括根據約定之利率,或如是 浮動利率時其於結算日,計算之 利息支出)及本集團最早需要還 款之日期計算:

				20 二零-						201 二零一			
			Contractual undiscounted cash outflow 合約未貼現現金流出					undiscounted ca 約未貼現現金流出					
			More than	More than			Carrying		More than	More than			
		Within	1 year	2 years			amount						Carrying
		1 year or	but within	but within	More than		at				More than		
		on demand	2 years	5 years	5 years	Total	31 December	on demand					31 December
							兌						
		一年內或	超過一年	超過兩年			十二月三十一日						
		於通知時	但兩年內	但五年內	超過五年	合共	賬面值	於通知時					賬面值
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000						
		<del>1</del> 元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	千元	₹ī	千元
Bank loans	銀行貸款	114,281	111,120	437,967	698,666	1,362,034	1,076,627	137,917	133,012	451,396	938,330	1,660,655	1,206,746
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	54,000	-	-	-	54,000	49,531	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other payables and accruals	其他應付款項及計提費用	47,387	-	-	-	47,387	47,387	51,372	-	-	-	51,372	51,372
Amounts due to related parties	應付關聯方款項	-	228,696	-	-	228,696	228,696	-	235,961	-	-	235,961	235,961
		215,668	339,816	437,967	698,666	1,692,117	1,402,241	189,289	368,973	451,396	938,330	1,947,988	1,494,079

Note: Further details regarding maturity term of the bank loans and convertible bonds and the going concern of the Group are set out in note 1(b).

附註:有關銀行貸款及可換股債券之 到期限期及本集團持續經營之 更多詳情,載於附註1(b)。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

# 22 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

## (b) Liquidity risk (continued)

Further details regarding maturity term and re-financing option of the bank loans and convertible bonds are set out in note 1(b).

#### (c) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk arises primarily from bank borrowings. The Group's bank borrowings at 31 December 2015 were issued at variable rates and fixed rates and therefore expose the Group to cash flow interest rate risk. The Group's interest rate profile as monitored by management is set out in (i) below.

### (i) Interest rate profile

#### 22 財務風險管理及公允值(續)

## (b) 資金流動性風險(續)

關於銀行貸款及可換股債券的到期日及再融資選擇權的更多詳情載於附註1(b)。

## (c) 利率風險

本集團之利率風險主要來自銀行借貸。本集團於二零一五年十二月三十一日之銀行借貸按浮動利率及固定利率計息,因而令本集團面對現金流利率風險。本集團之利率概況由管理層監控並載列於下文第(i)項。

### (i) 利率概况

			2015 二零一五年		<b>4</b> 四年
		Effective interest rate 實際利率	Amount 金額 \$'000 千元	Effective interest rate 實際利率	Amount 金額 \$'000 千元
Net fixed rate (borrowings)/deposits:	定息(借貸)/存款 淨額:				
Time deposits	定期存款	_	_	0.60%	8,085
Convertible bonds	可換股債券	9.3%	(49,531)	-	-
			(49,531)		8,085
Net variable rate (borrowings)/deposits:	浮息(借貸)/存款 淨額:				
Cash at bank	銀行現金	0.01% - 0.30%	52,703	0.01% - 0.35%	37,947
Bank loans	銀行貸款	5.15% - 5.90%	(1,076,627)	6.16% - 6.55%	(1,206,746)
			(1,023,924)		(1,168,799)
Total net borrowings	借貸淨額總值		(1,073,455)		(1,160,714)

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

## 22 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

#### (c) Interest rate risk (continued)

#### (ii) Sensitivity analysis

At 31 December 2015, it is estimated that a general increase/decrease of 100 basis points in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, would increase/decrease the Group's loss for the year and accumulated losses by approximately \$9,826,000 (2014: \$11,688,000).

The sensitivity analysis above has been determined assuming that the change in interest rates had occurred at the balance sheet date and had been applied to the exposure to interest rate risk for all non-derivative financial instruments in existence at that date. The 100 basis points increase or decrease represents management's assessment of a reasonably possible change in interest rates over the period until the next annual balance sheet date. The analysis is performed on the same basis as 2014.

#### (d) Currency risk

#### Foreign currency transactions

The Group is exposed to currency risk primarily through billings of storage and transshipment income that are denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the operations to which they relate. The currency giving rise to this risk are primarily United States dollars ("USD").

As the Hong Kong dollars ("HKD") is pegged to the USD, the Group considers the risk of movements in exchange rates between the HKD and the USD to be insignificant. As such, no sensitivity analysis is presented.

# 22 財務風險管理及公允值(續)

#### (c) 利率風險(續)

#### (ii) 敏感度分析

於二零一五年十二月 三十一日,在所有其他可 變化因素維持不變的情 況下,估計當利率中上 升/下降一百點子,將分 別增加/減少本集團之 年內虧損及累計虧損約 9,826,000元(二零一四年: 11,688,000元)。

以上的敏感度分析假設利 率變動已於結算日發生而 釐定,並已應用於就於該 日所面對來自非衍生金融 工具之利率風險。一百點 子增加或減少指管理層對 直至下一個年度結算日期 間之利率可能合理變動之 評估。該分析是按二零 一四年相同之基準進行。

#### (d) 貨幣風險

#### (i) 外幣交易

本集團主要由於碼頭、貯 存及倉庫收入之賬款貨幣 與該等經營業務之功能貨 幣有所差異而須承擔貨幣 風險。構成是項風險之貨 幣主要為美元(「美元」)。

由於港元(「港元」)與美元 掛鈎,本集團認為港元與 美元匯率變動之風險並不 重大。因此, 並無呈列敏 感度分析。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

# 22 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

#### (d) Currency risk (continued)

#### (ii) Recognised assets and liabilities

In respect of trade receivables and deposits held in currencies other than the functional currency of the operations to which they relate, the Group ensures that the net exposure is kept to an acceptable level, by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates where necessary to address short-term imbalances.

All the Group's borrowings are denominated in the functional currency of the entity taking out the loan. Given this, management does not expect that there will be any significant currency risk associated with the Group's borrowings.

#### (iii) Exposure to currency risk

The following table details the Group's exposure at the balance sheet date to currency risk arising from recognised assets or liabilities denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the entity to which they relate. For presentation purposes, the amounts of the exposures are expressed in HKD, translated using the spot rate at the balance sheet date.

#### 22 財務風險管理及公允值(續)

#### (d) 貨幣風險(續)

#### (ii) 已確認資產及負債

至於以有關業務之功能貨幣以外之貨幣持有之其他貿易應收賬款及存款,本集團會在出現短期的入政時時,以現貨匯率買入政賣出外匯,確保淨影響維持在一個可接受的水平。

本集團之所有借貸均以借取貸款之實體之功能貨幣計值。因此,管理層並不預期本集團之借貸會帶來任何重大之貨幣風險。

#### (iii) 須面對的貨幣風險

下表列出本集團於結算日 面對因以有關實體功能貨 幣以外之貨幣列值之已確 認資產或負債而產生之貨 幣風險詳情。為作呈列之 用,風險額按結算日之匯 率轉換為港元列示。

		2015 二零一五年 United States Dollars 美元 \$′000 千元	2014 二零一四年 United States Dollars 美元 \$'000 千元
Trade and other receivables  Cash and cash equivalents	貿易及其他應收款項 現金及現金等值項目	6,827 2,565	2,534 3,654
Overall exposure to currency risk	整體貨幣風險	9,392	6,188

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

## 22 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND FAIR VALUES (continued)

#### (e) Fair values

All financial instruments are carried at amounts not materially different from their fair values as at 31 December 2015 and 2014, except for the amounts due to related parties which are unsecured, interest-free and with no fixed terms of repayment. Given these terms, it is not meaningful to disclose their fair values.

#### 23 OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

#### (a) The Group as lessee

At the balance sheet date, the Group had commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases in respect of certain properties, which fall due as follows:

#### 22 財務風險管理及公允值(續)

#### (e) 公允值

所有金融工具之入賬金額與其於 二零一五年及二零一四年十二 月三十一日之公允值並無重大不 同,無抵押、免息及無固定還款 期之應付關聯方款項除外。由於 該等條款,披露其各自公允值並 無意義。

#### 23 經營租賃安排

#### (a) 本集團作為承租人

於結算日,本集團根據不可撤銷 之若干物業經營和賃須支付之未 來最低租金承擔之到期日如下:

		2015 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Within one year After one year but within five years After five years	一年內 一年後但五年內 五年後	2,689 765 325 3,779	4,381 3,110 541 8,032

Leases are negotiated for an average term of 1 to 10 years with fixed rentals. None of the leases includes contingent rentals.

## (b) The Group as lessor

The Group leases out certain dock and storage facilities under operating leases.

Rental and storage income earned during the year was approximately \$218 million (2014: \$207 million). The leases are negotiated for a lease term of 1 to 15 years (2014: 1 to 15 years). None of the leases includes contingent rentals.

租約乃按照平均一至十年之年期 進行磋商,期內租金不變。所有 租約概無包括或然租金。

#### (b) 本集團作為出租人

本集團根據經營租賃出租若干碼 頭及貯存設施。

年內所賺取之租金及貯存收入約 為2.18億元(二零一四年:2.07 億元)。租賃乃按照一至十五年 (二零一四年:一至十五年)之年 期進行磋商。該等租賃概無包括 或然租金。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

### 23 OPERATING LEASE ARRANGEMENTS (continued)

#### **(b)** The Group as lessor (continued)

The Group's total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are receivables as follows:

#### 23 經營租賃安排(續)

#### (b) 本集團作為出租人(續)

本集團根據不可撤銷之經營租賃 應收之未來最低租金總額如下:

		<b>2015</b> 二零一五年 <b>\$′000</b> 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Within one year After one year but within five years After five years	一年內 一年後但五年內 五年後	58,459 34,735 41,349	47,592 44,361 48,897 140,850

#### **24 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS**

At 31 December 2015, the Group had capital expenditure contracted for but not provided in the financial statements in respect of terminal development and acquisition of port and storage facilities amounted to \$18 million (2014: \$20 million).

At 31 December 2015, the Group had capital expenditure not contracted for but approved by the board and not provided in the financial statements in respect of terminal development and acquisition of port and storage facilities amounted to approximately \$140 million (2014: \$149 million).

#### 25 MATERIAL RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements, the Group entered into the following material related party transactions:

#### Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel represents amounts paid to the Company's directors as disclosed in note 7.

None of the above related party transactions falls under the definition of connected transaction or continuing connected transaction as defined in Chapter 14A of the Listing Rules.

#### 24 資本承擔

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團就發展碼頭及購買港口和貯存設施而作出已訂約但未於財務報表撥備之資本開支合共為0.18億元(二零一四年:0.20億元)。

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,本集團就發展碼頭及購買港口和貯存設施而作出未訂約但經董事會批准且未於財務報表撥備之資本開支合共約為1.40億元(二零一四年:1.49億元)。

#### 25 關聯方之重大交易

除了本財務報表另處披露的交易及結 餘,本集團與關聯方有以下重大交 易:

#### 主要管理層人員酬金

主要管理層人員酬金乃支付本公司董事之金額(於附註7披露)。

上述關聯方交易不涉及上市規則第 14A章對關連交易或持續關連交易的 定義。

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars unless otherwise indicated)(以港元列示,另有註明者除外)

# 26 COMPANY-LEVEL BALANCE SHEET AT 31 DECEMBER 201526 於二零一五年十二月三十一日的公司層面資產負債表

		2015 二零一五年 \$′000 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元
Non-current asset Interests in subsidiaries	<b>非流動資產</b> 於附屬公司之權益	618,747	569,295
<b>Current assets</b> Prepayments and other receivables Cash and cash equivalents	流動資產 預付款項及其他應收款項 現金及現金等值項目	56 860	4,460 169
		916	4,629
<b>Current liabilities</b> Other payables and accruals Convertible bonds	<b>流動負債</b> 其他應付款項及計提費用 可換股債券	2,305 49,531	2,114
		51,836	2,114
Net current (liabilities)/assets	流動(負債)/資產淨額	(50,920)	2,515
Total assets less current liability Non-current liability	總資產減流動負債 非流動負債	567,827	571,810
Amount due to a related party	應付一名關聯方款項	30,000	30,000
NET ASSETS	資產淨值	537,827	541,810
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Reserves	<b>資本及儲備</b> 股本 儲備	373,264 164,563	373,264 168,546
TOTAL EQUITY	總權益	537,827	541,810

Approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 21 March 2016.

於二零一六年三月二十一日獲董事會 批准及授權刊發。

David An 戴偉先生 Chairman 主席 Fung Chi Kwan, Nicholas 馮志鈞先生 Executive Director 執行董事

#### 27 IMMEDIATE AND ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

At 31 December 2015, the directors consider the immediate parent and ultimate controlling party of the Group to be Vand Petro-Chemicals (BVI) Company Limited, which is incorporated in the British Virgin Islands. This entity does not produce financial statements available for public use.

## 28 POSSIBLE IMPACT OF AMENDMENTS, NEW STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS ISSUED BUT NOT YET EFFECTIVE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

Up to the date of approval of these financial statements, the HKICPA has issued a few amendments and new standards which are not yet effective for the year ended 31 December 2015 and which have not been adopted in these financial statements. These include the following which may be relevant to the Group.

#### 27 直接及最終控股方

於二零一五年十二月三十一日,董事認為本集團的直接母公司及最終控股方為Vand Petro-Chemicals (BVI) Company Limited,其於英屬處女群島註冊成立。此實體不會編製財務報表以向公眾披露。

## 28 已頒布但於截至二零一五年十二月 三十一日止年度尚未生效之修訂、新 訂準則及詮釋可能造成之影響

截至本財務報表日,香港會計師公會 已頒布若干項修訂及一項新訂準則, 但於截至二零一五年十二月三十一日 止年度尚未生效,亦未獲採納於本財 務報表。該等可能與本集團相關之修 訂、詮釋及新訂準則如下。

		Effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 於下列日期或之後 開始之會計期間生效
Annual improvements to HKFRSs 2012-2014 cycle	《香港財務報告準則》二零一二年至 二零一四年週期年度改進	1 January 2016 二零一六年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 1, <i>Disclosure</i> initiative	《香港會計準則》第1號,披露計劃	1 January 2016 二零一六年一月一日
Amendments to HKAS 16 and HKAS 38, Clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation	《香港會計準則》第16號及《香港會計準則》 第38號修訂本,澄清折舊及攤銷之可 接受方法	1 January 2016 二零一六年一月一日
HKFRS 15, Revenue from contracts with customers	《香港財務報告準則》第15號,源自客戶 合同的收入	1 January 2018 二零一八年一月一日
HKFRS 9, Financial instruments	《香港財務報告準則》第9號,金融工具	1 January 2018 二零一八年一月一日

The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these amendments is expected to be in the period of initial application, but is not yet in a position to state whether these amendments and new standard would have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.

本集團正在評估該等修訂於首次應用 期間預期造成之影響,但迄今為止尚 未確定該等修訂及新準則會否對綜合 財務報表造成重大影響。

# **FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY**

# 五年財務概要

(Expressed in Hong Kong dollars) (以港元列示)

## Year ended 31 December

截至十二月三十一日止年度

		2011 二零一一年 \$'000 千元	2012 二零一二年 \$'000 千元	2013 二零一三年 \$′000 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元	2015 二零一五年 \$′000 千元
RESULTS	業績					
Revenue	收入	144,884	204,019	220,421	211,506	223,203
Loss before taxation Income tax Loss attributable to equity shareholders of	除税前虧損 所得税 本公司股東 應佔虧損	(143,253) 182	(124,608) 573	(115,444) 584	(115,491) 125	(97,531) (2,742)
the Company		(133,930)	(116,713)	(108,061)	(108,814)	(94,469)
Loss attributable to non-controlling interests	非控股權益 應佔虧損	(9,141)	(7,322)	(6,799)	(6,552)	(5,804)
Loss for the year	年內虧損	(143,071)	(124,035)	(114,860)	(115,366)	(100,273)

# At 31 December

於十二月三十一日

		2011 二零一一年 \$′000 千元	2012 二零一二年 \$'000 千元	2013 二零一三年 \$'000 千元	2014 二零一四年 \$'000 千元	2015 二零一五年 \$′000 千元
ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	5 資產及負債					
Total assets Total liabilities	資產總額 負債總額	2,009,661 1,464,727	1,907,379 1,486,866	1,831,548 1,511,831	1,710,331 1,507,552	1,495,723 1,409,944
Non-controlling interests  Total equity attributable to  equity shareholders of	非控股權益 本公司股東應佔 總權益	47,449	40,096	34,441	27,744	20,564
the Company		497,485	380,417	285,276	175,035	65,215

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